

Towards Synergy of VLBI and GNSS Geodetic Techniques in Geologically Dynamic New Zealand

Institute for Radio Astronomy and Space Research
Auckland University of Technology

Sergei Gulyaev, Hiroshi Takiguchi,
Tim Natusch, Stuart Weston, Lewis Woodburn

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Introduction

WARK12M



- ✧ Launch of New Zealand's **first & only** research capable radio telescope

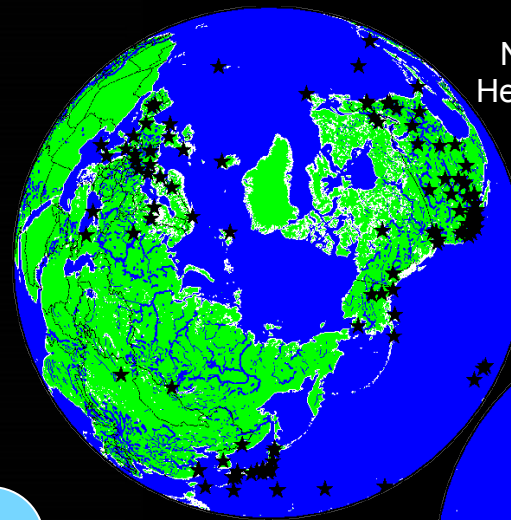
✧ 8 October, 2008



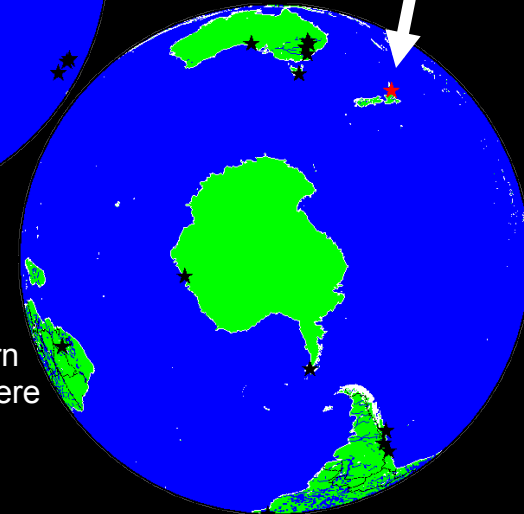
Antenna type	Dual-shaped Cassegrain
Manufacturer	Cobham/Patriot, USA
Main dish Diam.	12.1 m
Secondary refl. Diam.	1.8 m
Focal length	4.538 m
Surface accuracy	0.35 mm
Pointing accuracy	18"
Frequency range	1.4 - 43 GHz
Mount	alt-azimuth
Azimuth axis range	$90^\circ \pm 270^\circ$
Elevation axis range	6° to 88°
Azimuth axis max speed	$5^\circ / \text{s}$
Elevation axis max speed	$1^\circ / \text{s}$
Main dish F/D ratio	0.375

- ✧ Institute for Radio Astronomy and Space Research, AUT
- ✧ 60 km north from Auckland

- ✧ valuable station of the southern hemisphere
- ✧ DBBC, Mark5B+, Mark5C, Hydrogen Maser



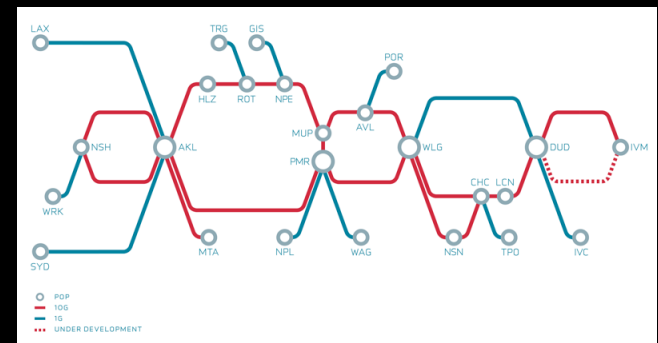
Northern Hemisphere



Southern Hemisphere

- ✧ Network: KAREN, Trans-Tasman, Southern Cross

connectivity
1Gbps

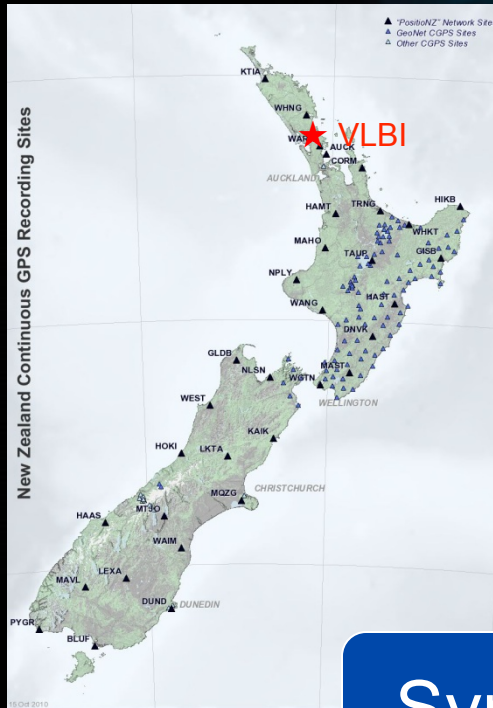


Introduction

Space Geodesy @NZ

✧ before launch of VLBI

✧ only GNSS



<http://www.gns.cri.nz>

- **PositionNZ** by LINZ (Land Information New Zealand)
 - 31 (2:Chatham Islands, 3: Antarctica)
 - Geodetic system, NZGD2000, surveying, mapping
- **GeoNet** by Earthquake Commission & GNS Science
 - to monitor earthquakes, volcanic unrest, land deformation, geothermal activity and tsumami
 - seismometer, accelerometer, tide gauge, sea level pressure
 - GPS : active volcanic activity area, over 100

Synergy of VLBI and GNSS

Synergy of VLBI and GNSS

- ✧ Geodetic situation of New Zealand is similar to Japan
 - ✧ locate the plate boundaries
 - ✧ a lot of earthquakes
 - ✧ active crustal deformation & volcanic activity
 - ✧ GPS network
 - ✧ Geodetic Datum
 - ✧ VLBI

plate boundary & earthquake

✧ New Zealand

✧ Japan

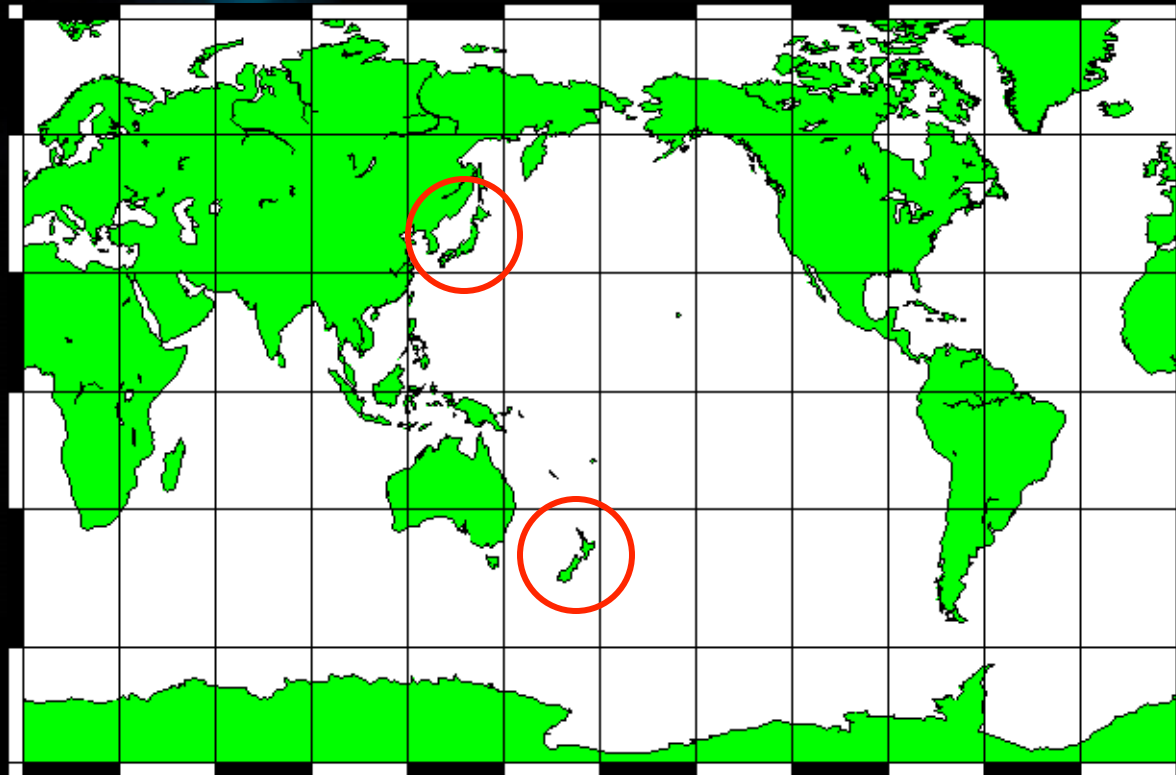
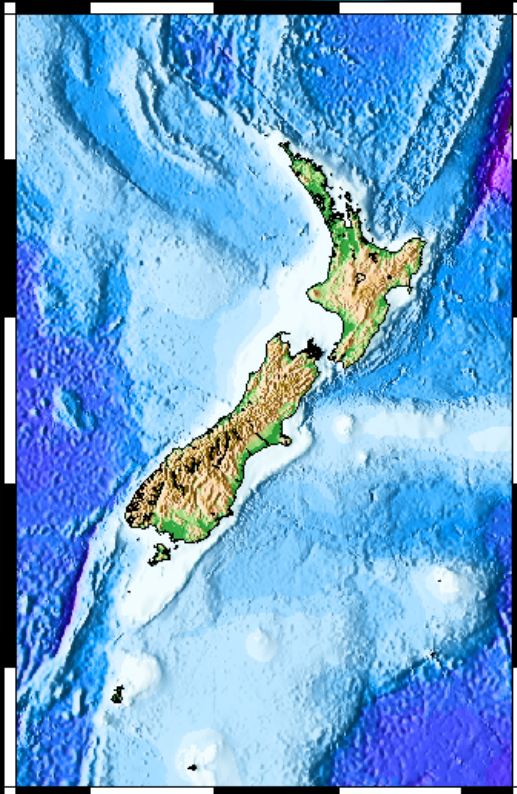


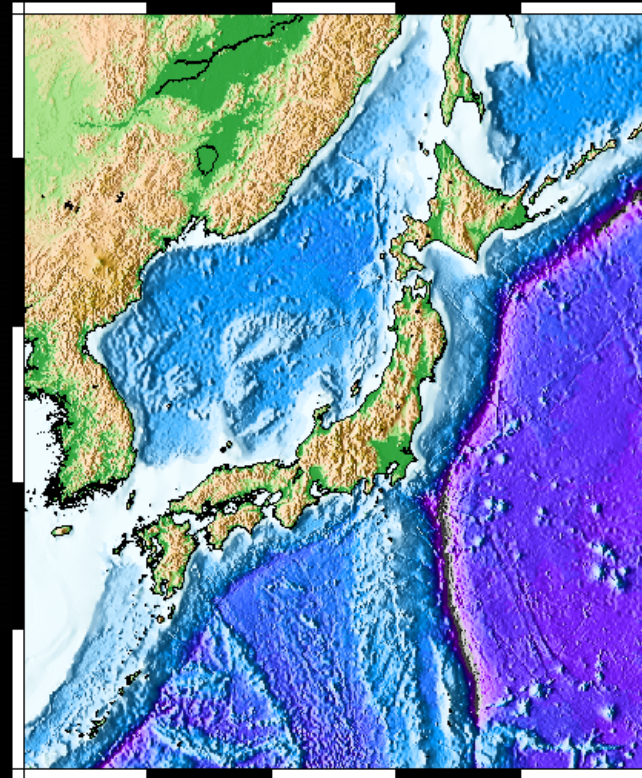
plate boundary & earthquake

✧ New Zealand



268,680 km²

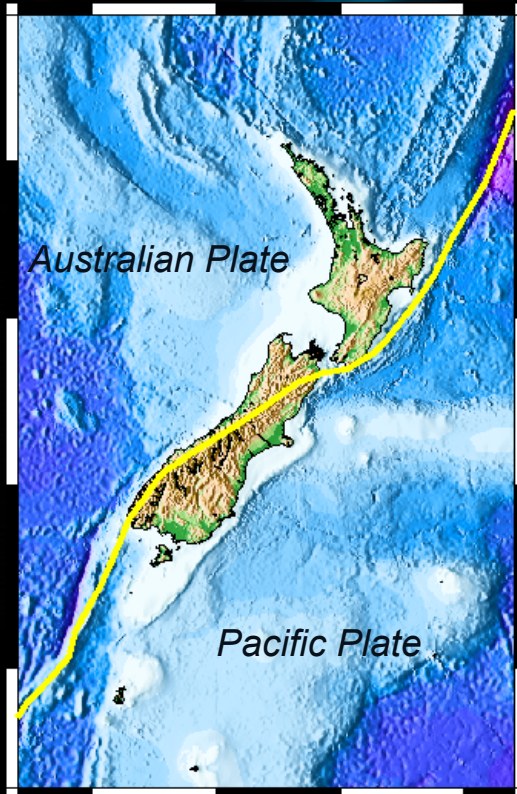
✧ Japan



377,914 km²

plate boundary & earthquake

✧ New Zealand



✧ Japan

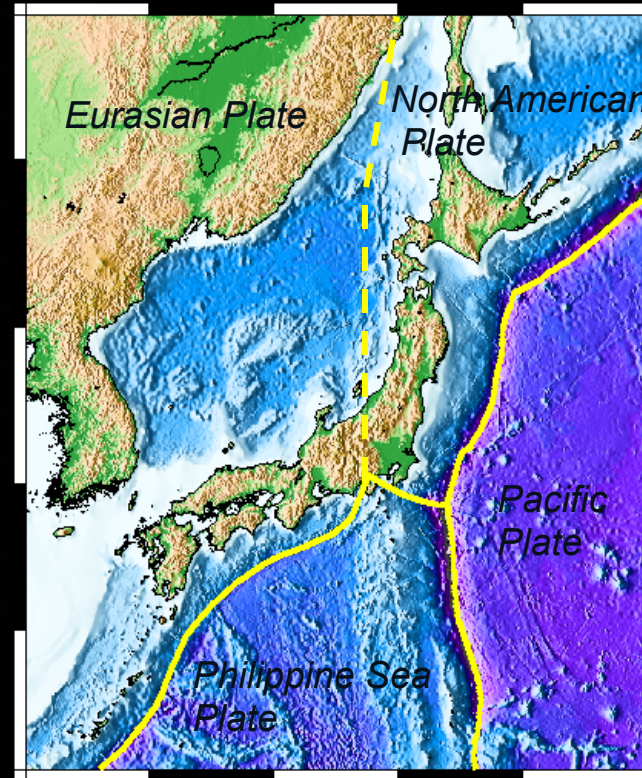
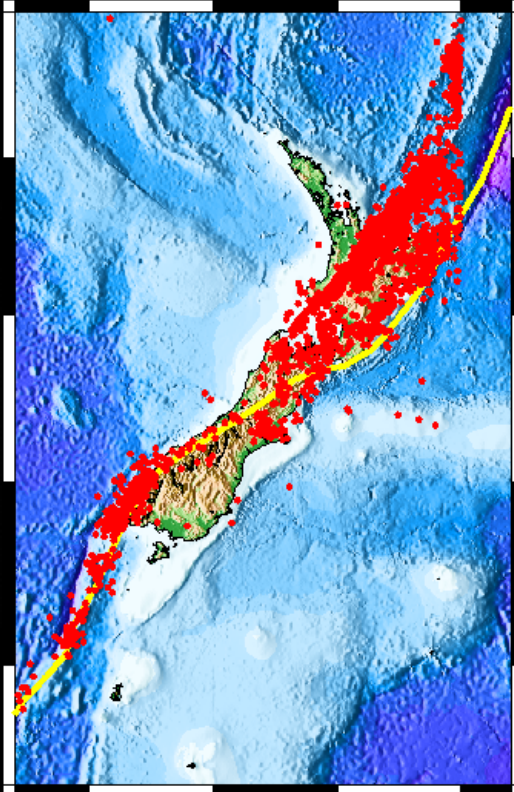
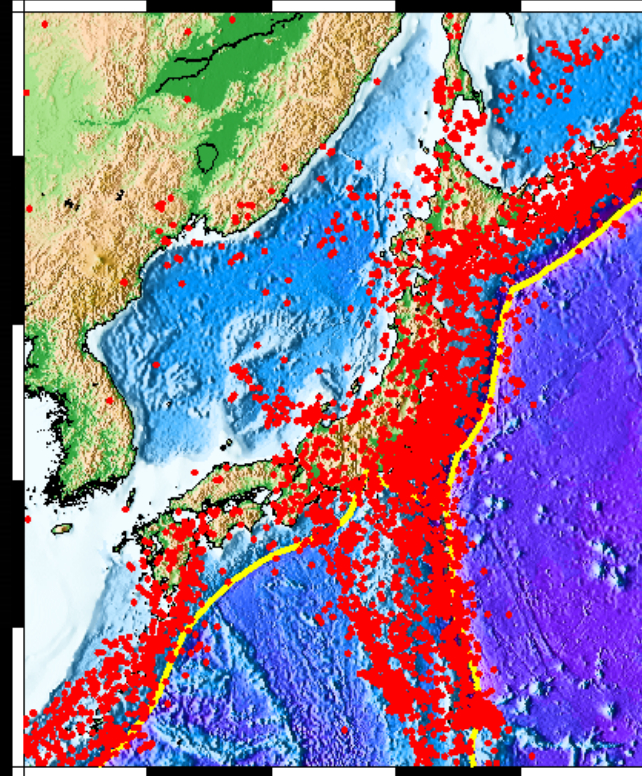


plate boundary & earthquake

✧ New Zealand



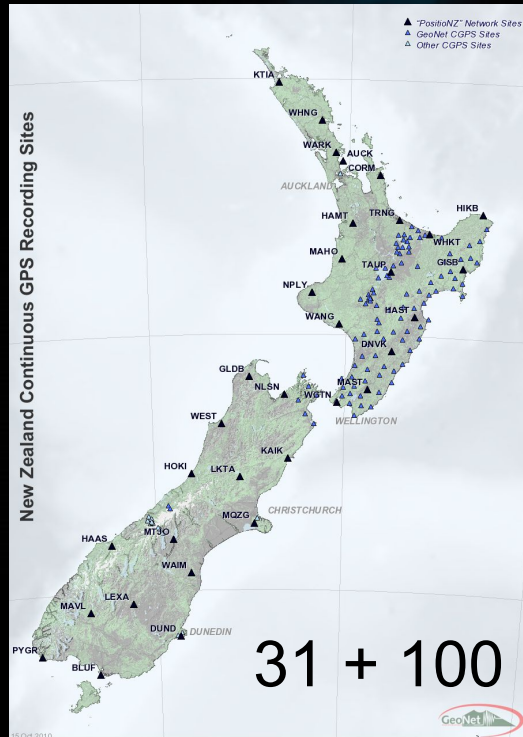
✧ Japan



GPS network

✧ New Zealand

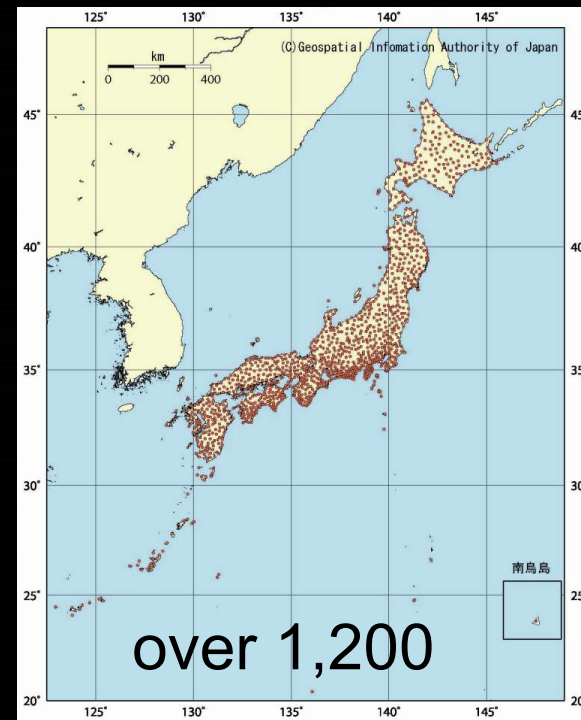
✧ PositionNZ, GeoNet



<http://www.gns.cri.nz>

✧ Japan

✧ GEONET (GPS Earth Observation Network System)



<http://www.gsi.go.jp>

Geospatial Information
Authority of Japan (GSI)

AUT
UNIVERSITY



Geodetic Datum

✧ New Zealand

✧ NZGD2000 (1998)

✧ ITRF96, 2000.0

✧ Semi-dynamic system

✧ Japan

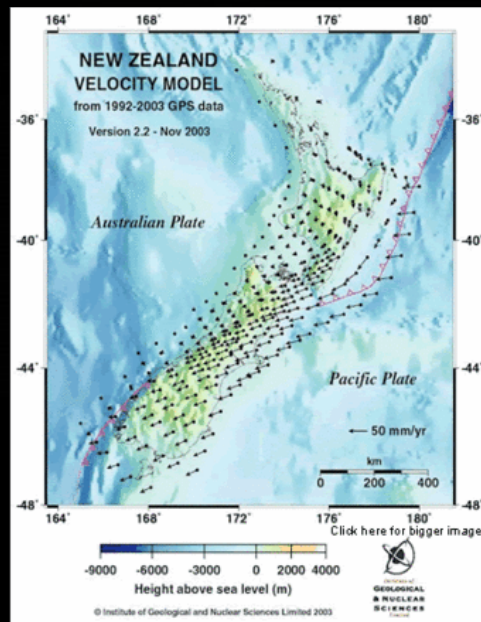
✧ JGD2000 (2002)

✧ ITRF94, 1997.0

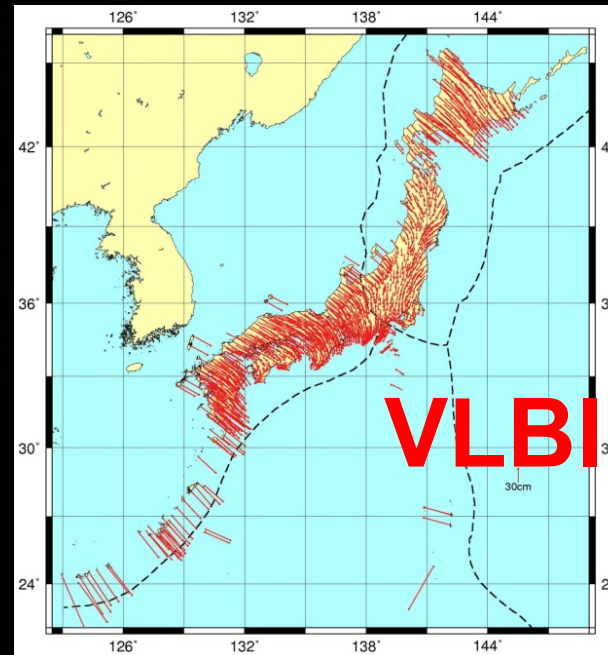
✧ Static system

+ Semi-dynamic correction
(referred New Zealand)

GPS



<http://www.linz.govt.nz>

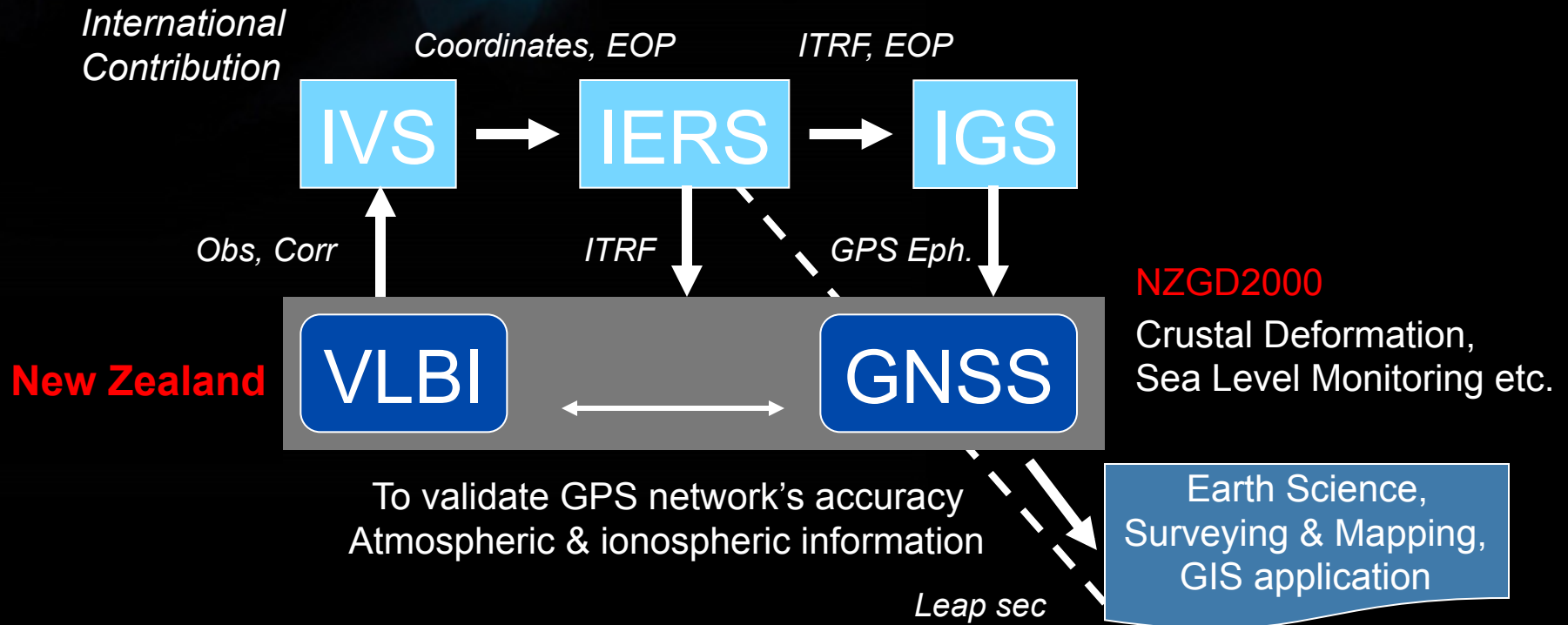


<http://www.gsi.go.jp>

Synergy of VLBI and GNSS

✧ model of Japan

✧ Synergetic relationship between VLBI and GPS in Japan



First synergistic result

✧ Determination of VLBI reference point



collaboration with
the New Zealand Crown Research Institute,
GNS Science and LINZ

✧ RTK GPS

✧ respect to PositionNZ: WARK



$X = -5115324.5 \quad +/\!- \quad 0.1 \quad \text{m}$
 $Y = 477843.3 \quad +/\!- \quad 0.1 \quad \text{m}$
 $Z = -3767193.0 \quad +/\!- \quad 0.1 \quad \text{m}$
March 2010

The first IVS results

✧ IVS R1472 session
S/X VLBI



- VLBI-GPS
 - less than 10cm @each component

$X = -5115324.41 \pm 0.02 \text{ m}$
 $Y = 477843.31 \pm 0.02 \text{ m}$
 $Z = -3767192.93 \pm 0.06 \text{ m}$
February 2011

O. Titov

Projects in progress

✧ IVS regular session

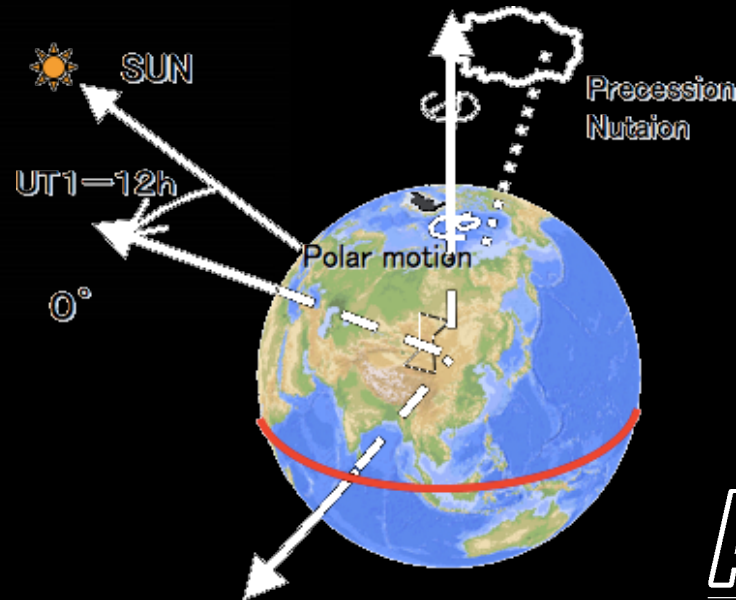
✧ AuScope

✧ anzska

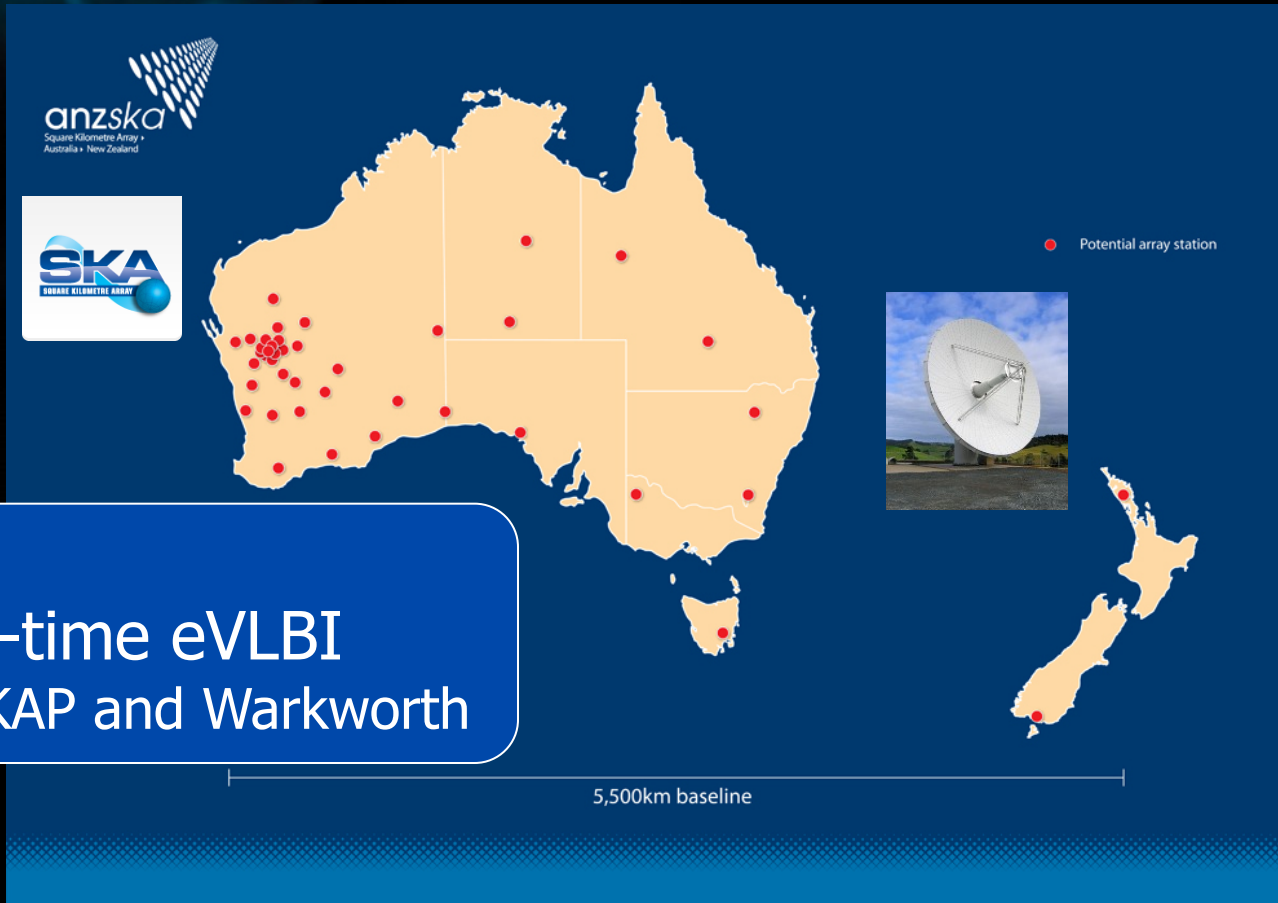
✧ joint project
with Australia

✧ Ultra-rapid EOP
measurement

✧ cooperate with
Japanese institute

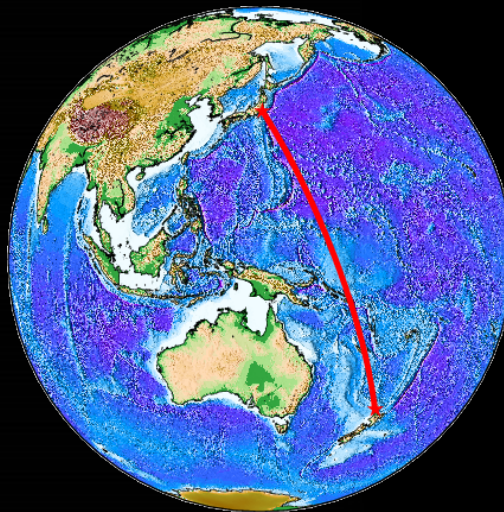


anzska



7 July, 2011
the first real-time eVLBI
involving ASKAP and Warkworth

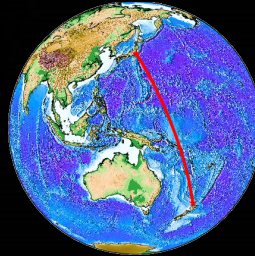
Ultra-rapid EOP measurement



we are coordinating the experiment together with GSI and NICT.

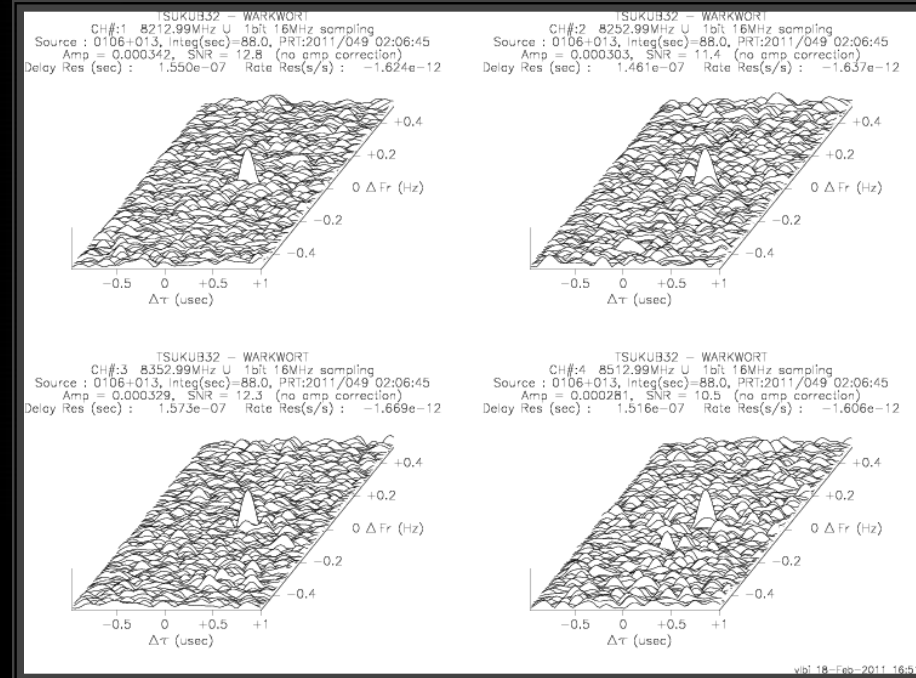
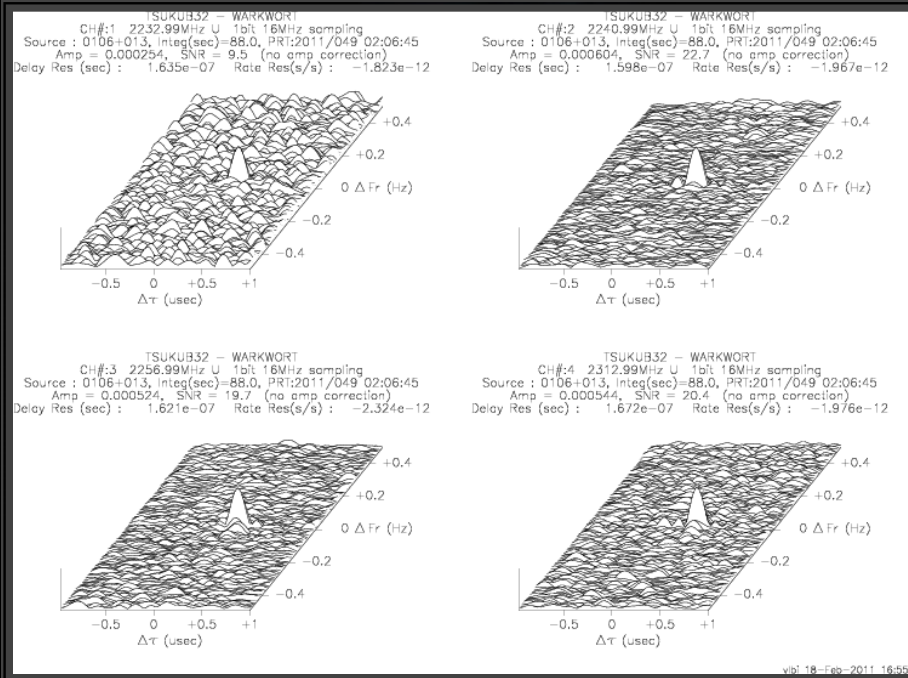


Warkworth 12m - Tsukuba 32m



S band

X band

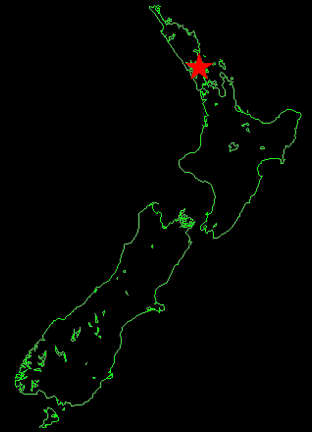


Future Plans

- ✧ Develop new capabilities
 - ✧ especially
 - ✧ Ultra-rapid EOP Measurement
 - ✧ IVS sessions
 - ✧ cont11
(campaign of two weeks continuous VLBI sessions)
- ✧ Periodical co-location observation
 - ✧ GPS and other geodetic techniques
- ✧ Conversion of the 30m antenna

30m antenna

- ✧ November 2010
Telecom NZ handed over 30m antenna to AUT
 - ✧ It was manufactured in 1984 by NEC
 - ✧ It located just 200m north of 12m radio telescope
 - ✧ convert to radio telescope



Thank you very much for your attention.

Thanks to Leonid Petrov, Neville Palmer, Dave Collett, Oleg Titov
and

