

PART VI - MEASUREMENTS AND NORMATIVE DATA FOR THE NEW ZEALAND DEFENCE FORCE (NZDF) KINANTHROPOMETRY SURVEY

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Introduction

Data are for 1,003 (791 male and 212 female) New Zealand military personnel who had 84 physique measures obtained manually using surface anthropometry and digitally using a 3D body scanner.

How to read the proformas

The physique proformas have been created from data from the 1,003 (791 male and 212 female) New Zealand military personnel who had 85 physique measures obtained manually using surface anthropometry and digitally using a 3D body scanner. The purpose of these proformas is to provide a clear and concise record of the measurement protocol used for each physique variable, and the data summary statistics. The data is the newest and most comprehensive anthropometric dataset of New Zealanders. To assist with the application of the data for research purposes (e.g. for ergonomics, health research or design activities etc) each body measurement proforma (comprising of two pages) was developed to be used as a quick reference guide. The first page of each proforma presents general information regarding the origin of each measurement, instructions on how to capture the landmarks and measurements and an illustration of the measurement.

The key for interpreting the information on the first page (see Figure 26 for an example):

1. Measurement name.
2. Whether the measure is a physical (manual anthropometric), automatic (computer calculated), or digital measurement (using computer software), and the units.
3. Measurement equipment used (e.g. Physical, Anthroscan automatic or CySize tool).
4. The source of the measurement definition.
5. The measurement definition.
6. Landmark(s) required. Note that automatic measures do not require landmarks.
7. Posture required refers to a) specific postures for the physical measurements and b) body scan postures 1 to 3.
8. The procedure describes the steps that the assessor, body scan operator or CySize operator must perform to extract the measurements.
9. Full citation of the protocols named in the 'Source' section.
10. Notes refer to special instructions that the assessor must consider. These instructions are those which do not fit under the previous headings.

The figure displays a structured form for the 'Buttock depth' measurement. It includes a numbered list of 10 key elements for interpretation, followed by the specific details for this measurement. The details include the measurement name, instrument (CySlice), source (UK Anthropometry Survey, NZDFAS), definition (maximum circumference of the body excluding appendages at hip height), landmark requirements (none), posture (standing with feet together, arms straight), procedure (using CySlice software to highlight the buttock area and select the X function for a coronal plane), reference (Pringle et al., 2011; Kolose et al., 2020), and notes (using the crosshair tool for alignment). Three illustrations are provided: a screenshot of the CySlice software interface, a 3D model of a human torso from the back with a green translucent area highlighting the buttocks, and a 3D model of a human torso from the side with a green translucent area highlighting the buttock depth measurement.

1 Buttock depth
Digital measurement (mm)²

3 Measuring instrument:
CySlice

4 Source:
UK Anthropometry Survey, NZDFAS

5 Definition:
The maximum circumference of the body (excluding the appendages) at or about the height of the hip. This measure must be taken below the height of the iliac crest in Anthroscan.

6 Landmark required:
None as the caliper function is used.

7 Posture required:
Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

8 Procedure:
In CySlice use the caliper tool. When viewed from the side, highlight the area of the buttocks that is above the height of the crotch and below the level of the iliacristale right landmark. Avoid any artefacts of webbing between the right hand and the thigh. Select the X function (to create a coronal plan) to record the depth. Measurements are reported in mm.

9 Reference
Pringle, R. H., Puxley, A. J., Puxley, K. P. M., Turner, G. M., & Tyrell, A. K. (2011). Anthropometry Survey of UK Military Personnel 2006-7 (Issue 3) (QINETIQ/07/01821/3.0): QinetiQ Ltd.
Kolose, S., Hume, P. A., Stewart, A., Tomkinson, G., Stewart, A. D., & Legg, S. J. (2020). Size and Shape of the New Zealand Defence Force 2012: A 3D scanning survey. Auckland: Auckland University of Technology.

10 Notes:
Use the Crosshair tool to align the participants posture. If the measurement is taken on a fold or crease in the briefs, consider remeasuring. If the anterior portion of the measure is taken on the male genitalia make minor adjustments to move the point away.

Figure 26. Example of the first page of proforma content.

Bust chest girth

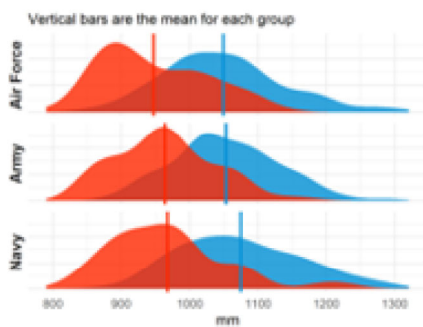
Automatic measurement (mm)

1

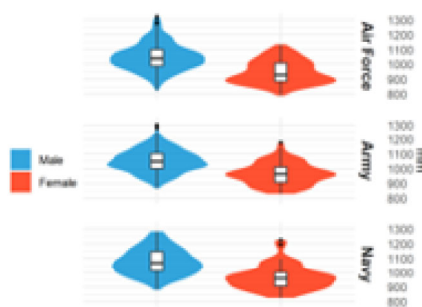
	Male					Female			
	All	Air Force	Army	Navy		All	Air Force	Army	Navy
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212	
1054	1049	1053	1075	Mean	947	984	987	959	
83	91	79	89	SD	79	73	86	78	
824	824	867	880	Min	790	829	827	790	
1321	1321	1300	1285	Max	1136	1174	1226	1226	
1281	1283	1248	1282	P99	1110	1147	1212	1171	
1244	1274	1217	1271	P98	1086	1121	1198	1132	
1219	1250	1203	1252	P97	1089	1082	1167	1099	
1196	1203	1180	1228	P95	1085	1071	1095	1085	
1185	1176	1157	1198	P90	1085	1087	1070	1087	
1145	1142	1138	1185	P85	1035	1049	1084	1045	
1123	1116	1120	1152	P80	1028	1025	1015	1025	
1105	1101	1104	1146	P75	1006	1011	1000	1008	
1094	1082	1094	1120	P70	993	991	991	992	
1080	1074	1081	1096	P65	983	981	986	982	
1070	1064	1069	1088	P60	962	974	972	973	
1061	1056	1061	1076	P55	940	970	969	963	
1048	1038	1048	1070	P50	928	963	958	954	
1037	1027	1037	1057	P45	920	954	955	941	
1026	1021	1027	1042	P40	908	947	935	930	
1019	1009	1020	1030	P35	898	937	924	922	
1009	996	1012	1017	P30	891	929	919	907	
998	988	1000	1012	P25	884	907	906	897	
987	980	989	994	P20	877	897	896	886	
966	959	966	977	P15	872	880	887	875	
949	942	954	963	P10	857	870	872	864	
925	920	928	948	P5	848	853	857	850	
914	894	917	942	P3	847	845	848	845	
902	883	910	936	P2	844	845	842	843	
883	865	887	925	P1	826	842	835	830	

2

Distribution plots for each service and gender



3



The second page of each proforma presents (see Figure 27):

- Summary statistics table (e.g., showing sample size, mean, standard deviation, minimum, maximum, and percentiles [1–99]).
- A density plot which shows the measurement distribution. The vertical bars represent the sample mean.
- A violin plot (with a built-in boxplot) is an alternative view of the measurement distribution.

Both the density and violin plots show data for gender (male, female) and service type (Army, Air Force or Navy).

Figure 27. Example of Page 2 of proforma content.

Abdominal extension depth sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize. Measurements should be in mm.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The horizontal distance between the Abdominal Point Anterior and a point on the back at the same level.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

In CySize use the caliper tool. View from the front. Create a rectangle at the same level as the Omphalion. Select the X function (to create a coronal plan) to record the depth. Measurements are reported in mm.

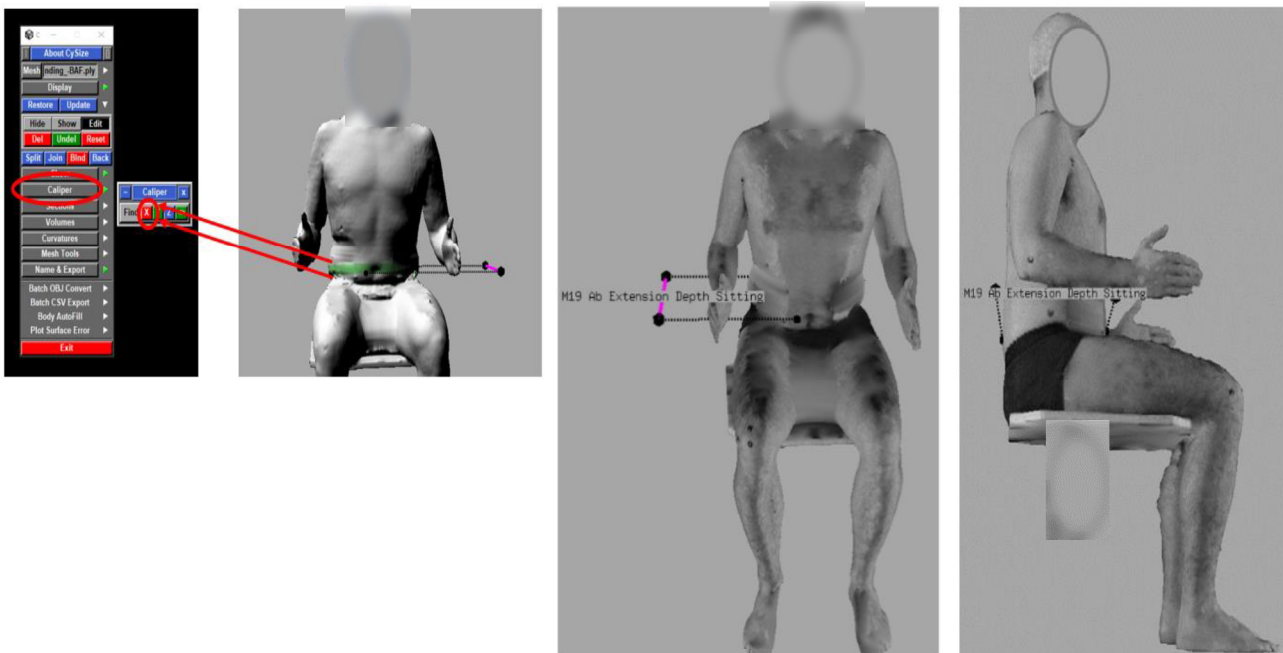
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S. (p46).

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

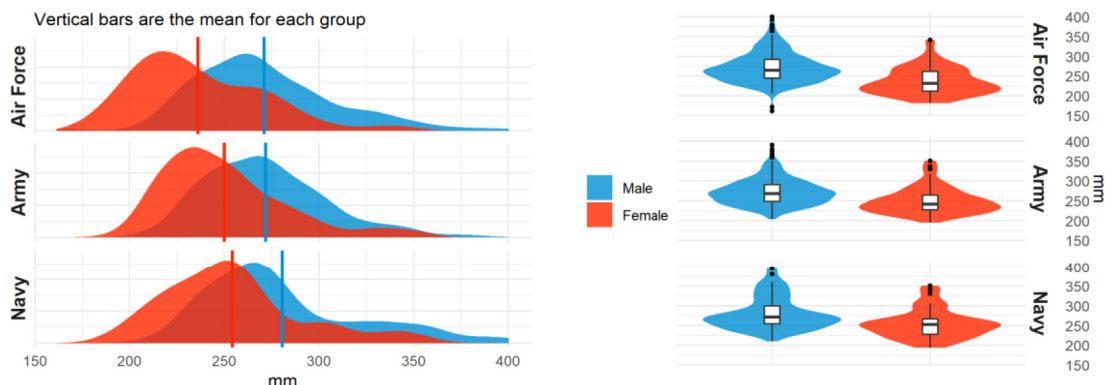
The Omphalion is often obscured due to shadowing caused by the hands. If the Omphalion is not visible, then skip this measure.



Abdominal extension depth sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
273	271	272	281	Mean	236	250	254	246
35	38	33	41	SD	34	33	37	35
161	161	203	210	Min	181	195	194	181
400	400	390	396	Max	342	351	352	352
379	379	366	396	P99	338	351	348	350
359	362	350	385	P98	324	338	343	341
350	353	344	368	P97	306	331	339	335
340	340	335	359	P95	293	320	329	312
322	326	313	347	P90	280	294	306	292
307	310	305	332	P85	271	280	293	279
299	298	297	317	P80	267	273	274	271
292	292	291	300	P75	261	265	266	264
285	286	285	285	P70	252	259	261	259
280	278	281	278	P65	241	255	259	254
275	273	276	276	P60	235	252	256	252
271	268	272	274	P55	234	248	253	246
267	265	268	271	P50	231	242	252	240
265	262	265	266	P45	224	238	249	235
261	259	262	264	P40	220	235	242	233
256	254	256	259	P35	218	233	239	230
251	251	251	258	P30	216	232	234	225
248	244	248	254	P25	211	227	228	220
243	239	244	245	P20	209	223	226	216
237	236	238	240	P15	202	218	219	213
232	229	233	237	P10	200	215	213	209
227	223	227	233	P5	193	210	208	201
222	218	223	231	P3	187	209	203	197
218	215	219	230	P2	186	208	200	194
210	207	213	227	P1	185	204	197	187

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Acromiale height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize. Measurements should be in mm.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a sitting surface and the Thigh Point Top landmark.

Landmark required:

Acromiale Right and Seat Pan Height landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb pointing forward.

Procedure:

The acromiale points may be misplaced or difficult to see. With "Colour" mode off, follow the bony ridge of the top shoulder. These points should be located at the end of this ridge (i.e. the 'drop off' point) on the most lateral aspect of the acromion. This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Acromiale landmark (the superior aspect of the most lateral part of the acromion border) minus the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Seat Pan Height (top edge or surface of the body scanner seat) landmark in Posture 3. This calculation is performed in Excel. Measurements are reported in mm.

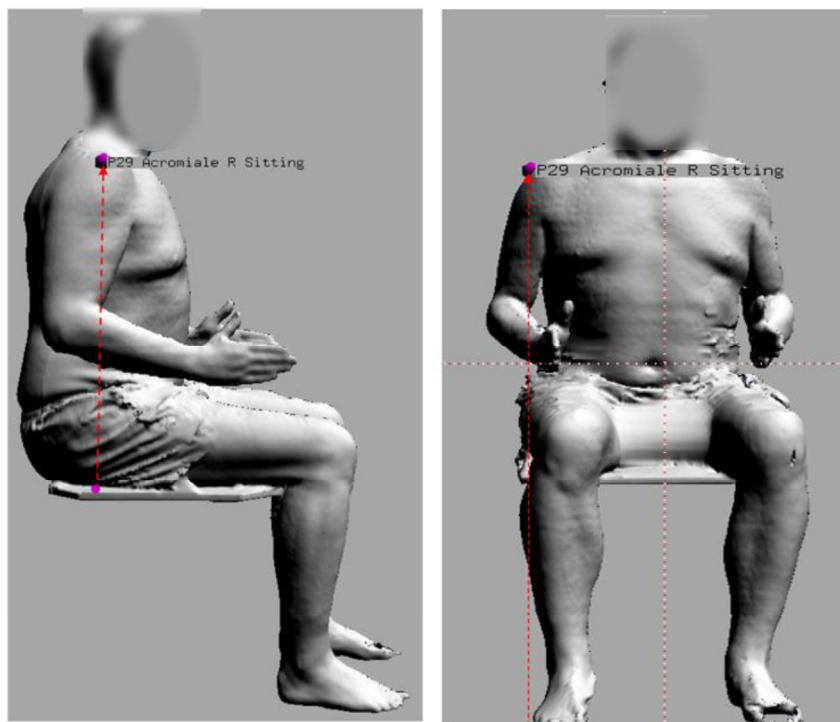
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

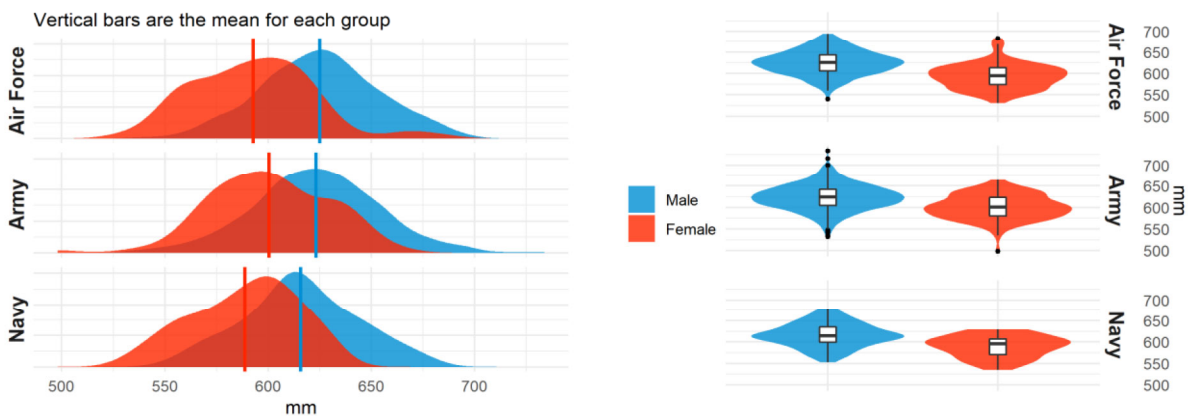
Ensure that the participant is sitting erect.



Acromiale height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
623	625	623	616	Mean	593	600	589	595
30	28	30	28	SD	29	29	25	29
532	540	532	552	Min	531	498	535	498
734	695	734	678	Max	683	664	630	683
694	687	695	674	P99	673	655	629	665
683	680	688	670	P98	667	650	628	653
678	678	681	668	P97	661	648	627	648
673	676	674	662	P95	633	645	627	640
659	662	659	650	P90	622	636	621	633
654	656	654	646	P85	616	634	617	625
647	649	648	639	P80	615	629	608	619
642	643	642	635	P75	613	623	606	614
637	639	638	628	P70	611	615	604	611
634	634	634	625	P65	603	611	602	606
630	632	631	619	P60	599	606	599	603
626	629	626	617	P55	597	603	596	600
622	625	624	614	P50	594	600	595	596
619	622	620	613	P45	589	596	585	593
615	617	616	610	P40	585	593	585	588
612	615	612	608	P35	582	589	581	585
608	610	608	605	P30	576	585	577	580
604	605	604	599	P25	573	580	570	576
599	601	600	592	P20	564	576	563	571
593	597	593	588	P15	559	574	559	564
584	589	584	579	P10	558	565	553	558
574	576	572	568	P5	553	562	548	552
567	574	564	567	P3	552	551	542	548
561	571	558	564	P2	545	547	539	540
552	560	550	561	P1	537	533	537	535

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Acromiale height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize. Measurements should be in mm.

Source:

AWAS.

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometry tape.

Definition:

The vertical distance from the standing surface to Acromiale R.

Landmark required:

T2 landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

See). This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Acromiale landmark in Posture 1 (see Appendix A in Kolose, et. al., 2020; or Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes

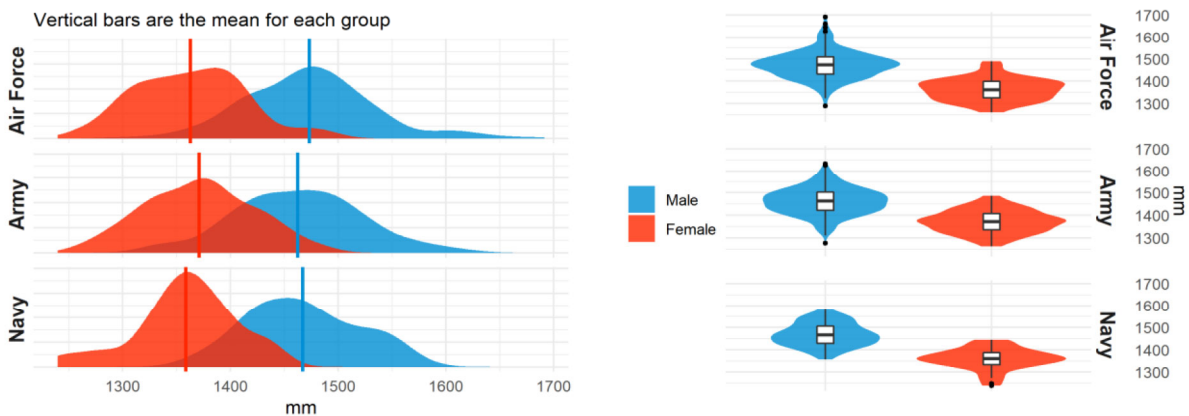
None.



Acromiale height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1466	1473	1463	1467	Mean	1363	1371	1359	1366
60	62	60	52	SD	50	50	47	50
1276	1289	1276	1356	Min	1261	1262	1240	1240
1691	1691	1634	1580	Max	1489	1486	1444	1489
1618	1642	1603	1568	P99	1484	1478	1441	1482
1599	1620	1592	1561	P98	1477	1474	1438	1473
1588	1612	1579	1558	P97	1469	1458	1436	1460
1565	1590	1564	1553	P95	1447	1452	1431	1445
1540	1543	1537	1542	P90	1418	1435	1422	1431
1525	1529	1523	1531	P85	1405	1426	1400	1418
1514	1515	1511	1516	P80	1402	1417	1396	1405
1504	1508	1502	1505	P75	1399	1408	1388	1399
1496	1498	1495	1498	P70	1392	1396	1381	1391
1488	1493	1486	1483	P65	1387	1385	1375	1384
1481	1485	1478	1474	P60	1377	1382	1367	1379
1472	1479	1469	1467	P55	1371	1378	1363	1373
1467	1472	1464	1466	P50	1362	1372	1360	1366
1459	1467	1454	1458	P45	1355	1370	1358	1359
1450	1460	1446	1450	P40	1351	1358	1353	1355
1442	1453	1437	1441	P35	1341	1349	1352	1347
1433	1445	1431	1436	P30	1330	1342	1341	1337
1425	1430	1422	1428	P25	1326	1334	1334	1330
1416	1422	1412	1424	P20	1312	1327	1329	1326
1406	1414	1402	1415	P15	1307	1320	1321	1314
1393	1402	1388	1402	P10	1301	1306	1298	1301
1371	1381	1365	1388	P5	1292	1290	1274	1287
1352	1363	1344	1380	P3	1280	1285	1255	1274
1341	1359	1335	1374	P2	1269	1276	1248	1262
1327	1330	1326	1367	P1	1262	1265	1244	1261

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Acromiale-radiale length - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ISAK, AWAS.

Definition:

The point-to-point distance between the digitally extracted Acromion Right and Radiale landmarks. Note that despite the appearance of a contour distance in the figure, CySize extracts this measurement as a point-to-point distance.

Landmark required:

Acromiale Right and Radiale Right landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

Identify and select the digital Acromiale Right, centre wrist and Radiale (point at the proximal and lateral border of the head of the radius) landmarks. Look for the stickered Radiale landmark and skip this landmark if it is absent as it will be extremely difficult to identify by sight. See AWAS Section 7.2.20 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

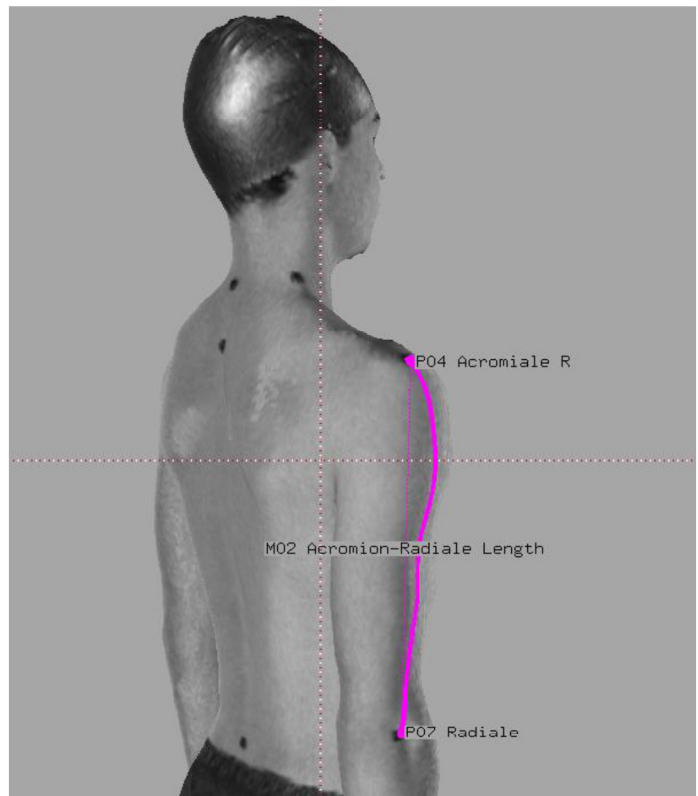
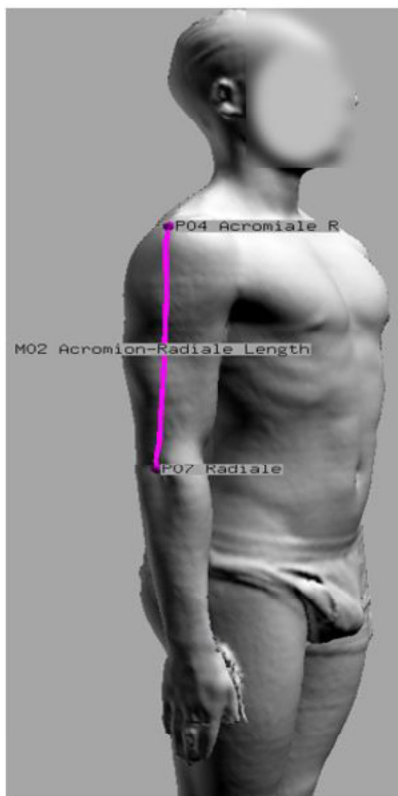
Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

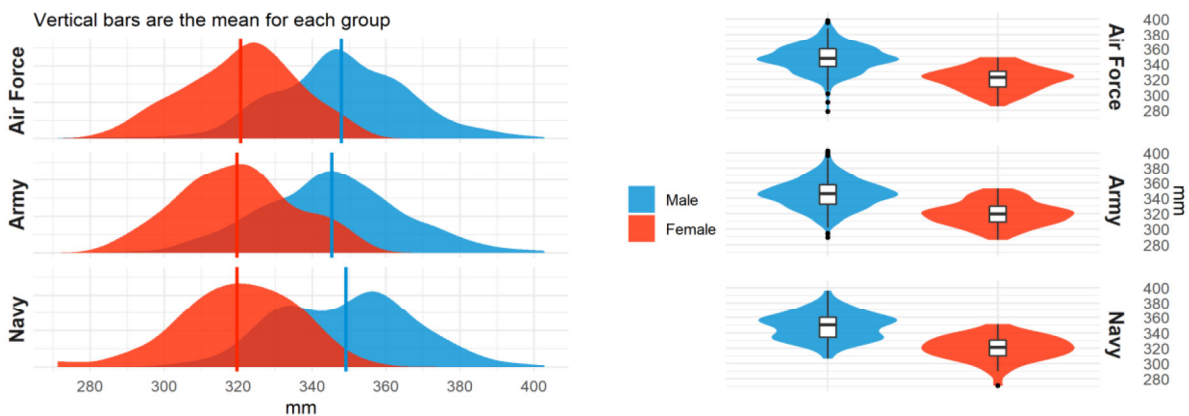
None.



Acromiale-radiale length summary statistics- Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
346	348	345	349	Mean	321	320	320	320
19	18	19	18	SD	15	15	16	15
278	278	289	306	Min	285	286	271	271
403	398	403	396	Max	349	352	351	352
392	388	392	386	P99	349	351	348	350
386	386	385	383	P98	348	349	345	349
383	383	383	381	P97	347	348	343	348
377	376	377	377	P95	345	347	342	345
371	370	371	372	P90	338	342	338	341
365	365	365	367	P85	336	338	335	337
362	363	360	363	P80	333	332	335	333
359	360	357	360	P75	331	330	331	330
356	358	354	359	P70	329	326	329	328
353	354	352	357	P65	327	325	327	326
350	351	349	356	P60	324	324	324	324
348	349	347	353	P55	323	322	323	323
346	348	346	350	P50	323	319	321	321
345	346	343	349	P45	321	318	318	318
342	345	341	344	P40	319	316	317	317
340	343	339	340	P35	315	313	314	314
337	341	336	336	P30	313	311	313	312
333	337	332	334	P25	310	309	310	309
330	333	329	332	P20	308	307	308	308
328	329	326	331	P15	305	304	306	305
323	325	321	328	P10	299	300	301	299
317	321	313	322	P5	297	296	291	296
311	316	310	320	P3	292	291	290	291
307	311	306	318	P2	292	290	287	290
305	302	305	311	P1	290	289	279	287

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Ankle girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Human Solutions

Definition:

Horizontal circumference measured at the height of the medial condyle of the tibia. The circumference is measured parallel to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

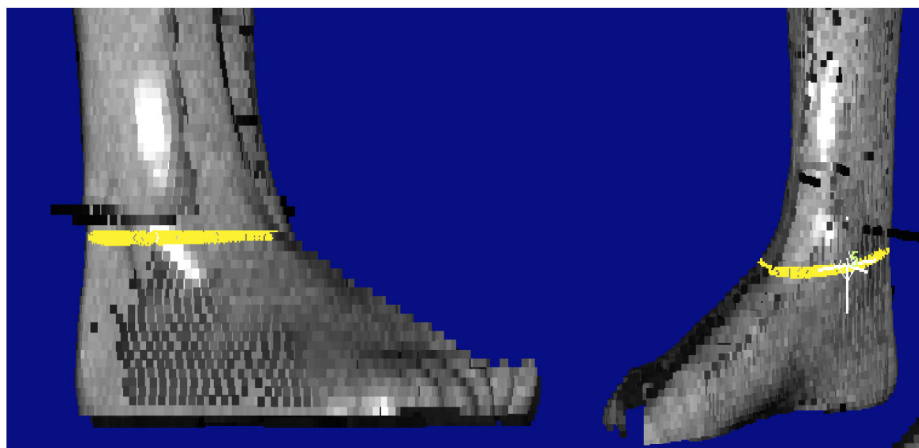
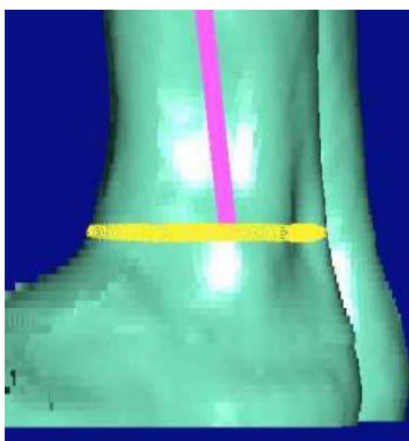
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

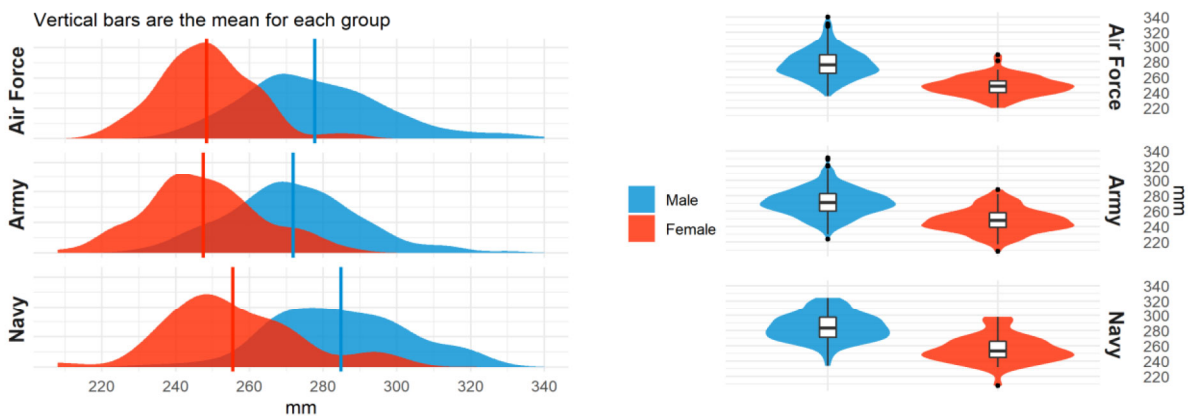
Check that the digital tape (yellow line below) is complete (no areas missing) and horizontal. Use software to correct the tape where appropriate.



Ankle girth summary statistics- Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
275	278	272	285	Mean	248	248	255	249
19	19	18	18	SD	13	16	18	16
224	235	224	234	Min	220	208	208	208
340	340	331	324	Max	289	288	298	298
325	331	317	321	P99	284	282	298	291
318	327	314	319	P98	277	279	297	289
315	319	309	318	P97	270	278	295	282
309	312	302	317	P95	266	275	291	276
299	302	294	311	P90	264	270	276	270
294	298	290	302	P85	262	263	272	265
290	292	286	300	P80	259	259	269	262
286	289	283	297	P75	255	258	266	258
283	287	280	294	P70	254	254	264	256
281	284	278	292	P65	252	251	260	254
278	281	276	289	P60	251	251	256	251
276	278	273	286	P55	249	249	254	250
273	276	271	283	P50	248	248	253	248
271	273	269	281	P45	247	243	250	247
269	271	267	279	P40	245	241	250	245
267	268	265	277	P35	243	240	247	242
265	266	263	275	P30	241	240	246	241
263	265	260	271	P25	240	239	244	240
260	263	258	269	P20	239	236	242	238
256	258	254	266	P15	236	233	239	235
251	255	249	265	P10	234	227	237	232
245	249	243	261	P5	228	223	233	226
242	246	241	254	P3	226	222	232	223
240	244	238	248	P2	226	221	228	221
235	242	234	245	P1	224	217	218	217

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Arm span - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

This measure can be done in any number of ways. A clear section of wall is required that is flat and at least 2.5 m wide. A wall chart or blank sheet of paper (approximately 0.5 m x 1 m) can be temporarily fixed to the wall. The paper must be positioned 1.5 m from the left edge of the wall (it is rare to have someone an arm span of 1 m). A large whiteboard is also ideal. In the absence of a wall chart, paper, or a whiteboard then a pencil and rubber (to remove markings) will suffice.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The perpendicular distance between the dactylia of the left and right arms with the arms outstretched horizontally, i.e. the distance from the tip of the middle finger (dactylion) of one hand to the other.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands erect against a wall with feet together, facing the clinician and with their arms raised to the horizontal (90 degree angle to the body). The heels, buttocks, and upper back, together with dorsal aspects of the arms should contact the wall. Participants stand with arms stretched out at. The left dactylion will be pressed against the edge of the wall. The right dactylion should be in front of the wall chart, paper or whiteboard. The participant inspires maximally and will stretch out their arms while maintaining contact with the wall edge.

Procedure:

The assessor stands in front of the participants right hand. The assessor will prompt the participant to stretch as far as possible while the scribe holds the participant's right wrist. The measure will be taken by scribing a dot on the wall at the tip of the right dactylion. The participant will step away. With the scribe's assistance, a builder's tape is used to measure the distance of the marking from the edge of the wall. Measure to the nearest 0.1 cm. The easiest way to conduct this measurement is to have a chart strip attached to the wall close to a corner where one finger is placed. A non-permanent marker pen is used to mark the distance to the other finger.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

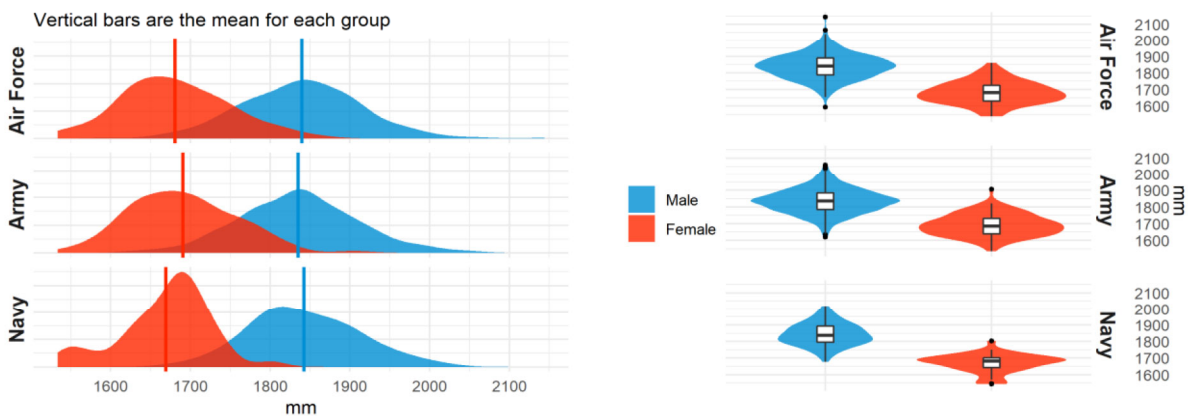
Before taking the reading, with the tape stretched out, ask the participant to check if the tape is horizontal. Some rooms may have obstructions on the wall (e.g. coat hanger, window, shelf etc) that may affect the ability to take accurate measures. Note that individuals with a marked kyphosis cannot be measured accurately.



Arm span summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1837	1840	1835	1843	Mean	1681	1690	1669	1683
75	78	75	69	SD	68	66	56	65
1593	1593	1620	1678	Min	1538	1534	1544	1534
2144	2144	2058	2020	Max	1860	1906	1802	1906
2021	2034	2019	1998	P99	1831	1824	1780	1821
1998	2001	1994	1984	P98	1816	1820	1758	1818
1986	1982	1986	1978	P97	1813	1817	1747	1813
1965	1965	1963	1955	P95	1802	1797	1739	1795
1931	1929	1928	1934	P90	1761	1776	1726	1771
1910	1910	1910	1908	P85	1752	1766	1717	1751
1898	1900	1892	1901	P80	1737	1750	1709	1735
1885	1888	1883	1893	P75	1724	1732	1702	1721
1875	1877	1870	1878	P70	1713	1718	1696	1712
1862	1866	1857	1864	P65	1710	1711	1694	1706
1852	1857	1852	1857	P60	1688	1706	1689	1695
1844	1847	1842	1847	P55	1683	1695	1685	1687
1837	1841	1836	1837	P50	1680	1685	1681	1682
1828	1832	1828	1827	P45	1670	1675	1677	1672
1820	1823	1818	1818	P40	1660	1671	1666	1666
1810	1813	1808	1809	P35	1648	1658	1663	1656
1799	1800	1795	1804	P30	1639	1650	1647	1647
1787	1788	1785	1797	P25	1630	1638	1642	1636
1776	1775	1775	1791	P20	1627	1631	1631	1630
1763	1759	1761	1775	P15	1619	1624	1618	1620
1742	1743	1738	1765	P10	1608	1616	1585	1610
1719	1720	1718	1741	P5	1576	1591	1548	1576
1702	1699	1700	1725	P3	1556	1577	1545	1558
1680	1683	1679	1716	P2	1547	1571	1545	1545
1663	1671	1660	1701	P1	1541	1566	1544	1543

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Axilla height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a standing surface and the Anterior-Scye-on-the-Torso landmark.

Landmark required:

Axilla right landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Axilla landmark (cavity beneath the junction of the arm and shoulder in the anterior aspect) in posture 1. Look for the stickered landmark. This landmark is generally missing, difficult to see or misplaced. As an aid, visualize a caliper branch coming up from the bottom of the armpit. Place the landmark point on the area of the arm where this branch would make contact. See Appendix A in Kolose, et. al. (2020). Measurements are reported in mm.

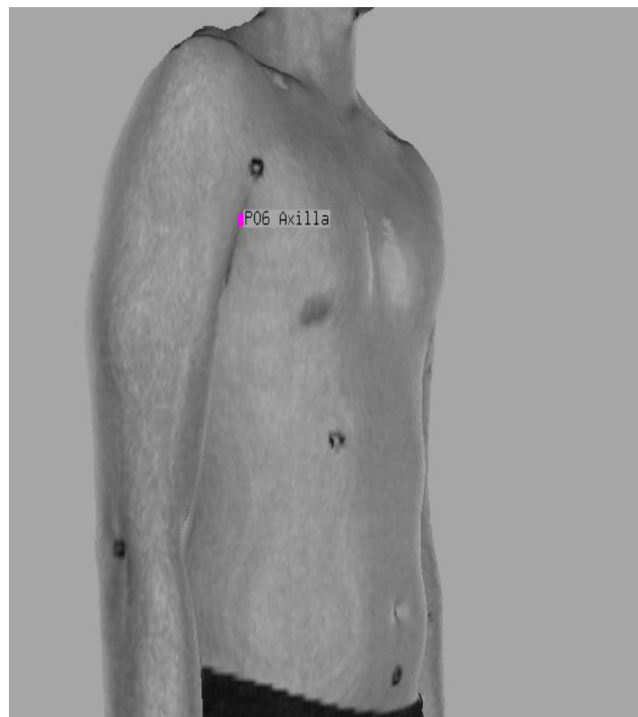
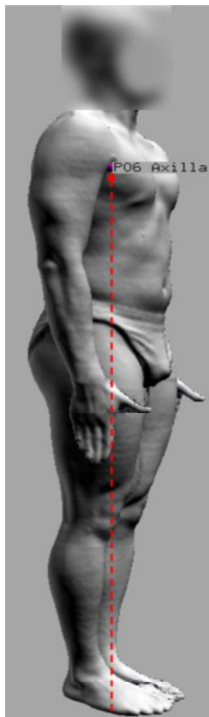
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S. (p46).

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

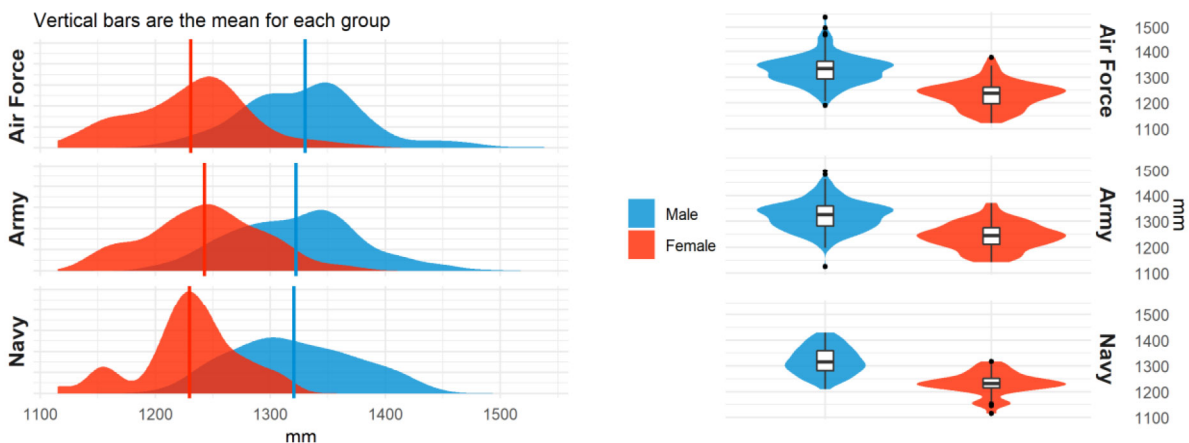
None.



Axilla height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1324	1330	1322	1320	Mean	1231	1243	1230	1236
55	55	56	53	SD	52	51	44	50
1126	1190	1126	1209	Min	1122	1143	1115	1115
1538	1538	1495	1430	Max	1376	1372	1317	1376
1464	1474	1454	1427	P99	1354	1360	1312	1358
1448	1468	1444	1419	P98	1342	1350	1307	1344
1438	1451	1434	1414	P97	1337	1330	1305	1328
1416	1436	1415	1410	P95	1314	1316	1300	1312
1392	1390	1392	1393	P90	1291	1309	1285	1301
1377	1377	1376	1384	P85	1276	1295	1270	1287
1364	1367	1364	1366	P80	1263	1287	1263	1274
1360	1361	1359	1359	P75	1261	1275	1252	1265
1354	1356	1351	1354	P70	1257	1267	1249	1258
1346	1350	1345	1338	P65	1253	1257	1244	1253
1340	1343	1339	1335	P60	1247	1252	1239	1249
1334	1340	1333	1324	P55	1243	1251	1234	1244
1327	1333	1326	1315	P50	1237	1245	1231	1239
1316	1325	1315	1309	P45	1230	1241	1229	1233
1309	1314	1308	1302	P40	1222	1232	1224	1227
1301	1306	1299	1295	P35	1214	1223	1222	1220
1294	1300	1291	1288	P30	1210	1216	1216	1214
1284	1294	1282	1282	P25	1196	1211	1215	1209
1276	1285	1274	1274	P20	1183	1205	1205	1198
1266	1276	1261	1258	P15	1173	1184	1198	1175
1254	1267	1252	1252	P10	1157	1171	1163	1164
1237	1244	1234	1241	P5	1150	1158	1152	1152
1229	1233	1227	1237	P3	1144	1151	1147	1147
1218	1224	1218	1235	P2	1132	1150	1141	1144
1205	1215	1201	1231	P1	1124	1145	1128	1126

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Biacromial breadth - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ISAK, AWAS

Definition:

The point-to-point distance between the digitally extracted Acromion, Right and Acromion, Left landmarks. Note that despite the appearance of a contour distance in the figure, CySize extracts this measurement as a point-to-point distance.

Landmark required:

Acromiale Right and Acromiale Left landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

Identify and select the digital Acromiale Right and Acromiale Left landmarks. AWAS Section 7.2.8 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

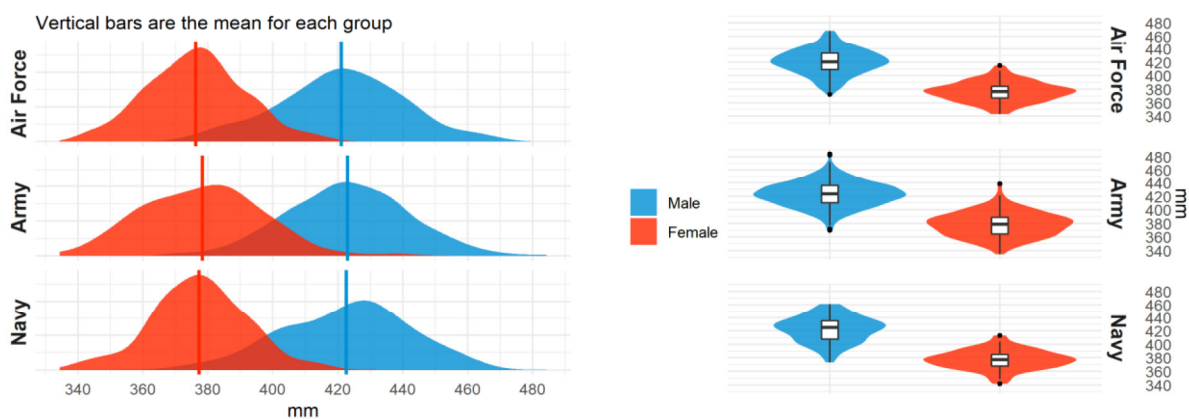
In the absence of a landmark, use knowledge of anatomical features to identify the correct location. For example, follow the ridge of the clavicle.



Biacromial breadth summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
422	421	423	423	Mean	376	378	377	377
19	19	19	19	SD	15	18	15	16
370	372	370	373	Min	343	334	342	334
484	468	484	461	Max	415	438	413	438
466	464	467	460	P99	410	422	409	415
460	460	460	458	P98	407	415	406	412
458	458	458	457	P97	406	410	403	407
454	451	454	453	P95	398	405	398	404
446	444	448	446	P90	396	402	394	397
441	441	442	443	P85	392	397	393	394
438	437	438	439	P80	389	393	389	391
435	434	436	435	P75	384	389	385	388
432	431	433	432	P70	383	388	384	385
430	429	430	430	P65	381	386	382	384
428	426	428	430	P60	380	384	380	381
425	424	425	428	P55	379	381	379	379
422	421	423	425	P50	376	378	377	377
420	420	421	421	P45	374	376	376	376
419	418	419	419	P40	373	374	374	374
416	415	416	418	P35	371	370	373	371
413	412	414	412	P30	369	368	370	368
410	409	410	408	P25	367	364	368	366
406	406	407	405	P20	364	362	366	363
403	401	404	402	P15	361	359	364	360
398	396	399	397	P10	358	356	362	357
390	387	393	390	P5	353	349	353	351
385	384	389	386	P3	350	347	350	348
383	382	384	381	P2	347	347	348	345
378	378	379	380	P1	344	344	345	343

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Bicep girth flexed - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometric tape.

Source:

ISAK.

Definition:

The circumference of the arm perpendicular to the long axis of the arm at the level of the peak of the contracted Biceps Brachii when the upper arm is raised anteriorly to the horizontal.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands with the right shoulder and elbow flexed at a 90 degree angle to the body. The assessor stands on the right side of the participant facing directly towards their outer bicep.

Procedure:

The measurement is taken at the widest point of the bicep when the muscle is at maximum tension. Ensure the tape applies light pressure or minimal skin indentation. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Notes:

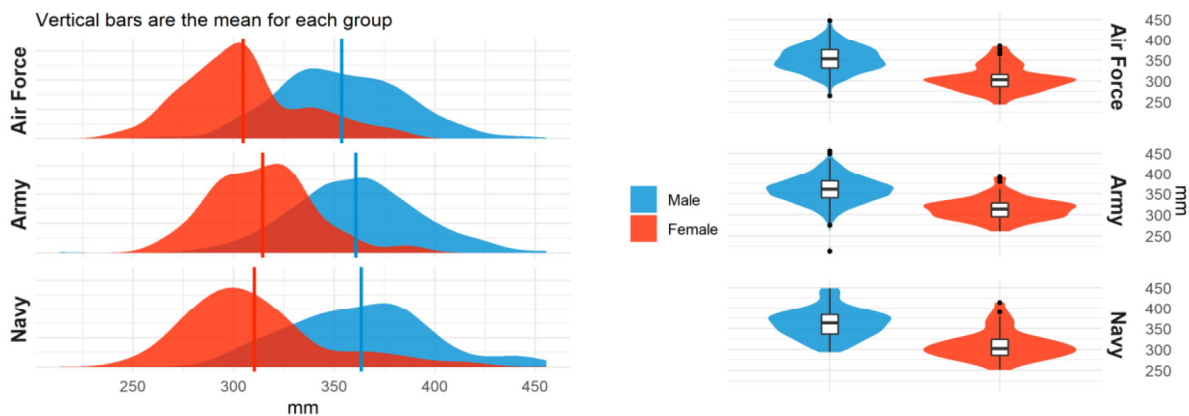
The measure can be taken either seated or standing depending on how tall the participant is relative to the assessor. Check the tape follows the curvature of the skin, with minimal 'gaps' between the tape and the skin.



Bicep girth flexed summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
359	354	361	364	Mean	305	315	310	310
32	31	32	35	SD	30	25	34	29
214	264	214	294	Min	242	260	251	242
456	447	456	449	Max	384	391	415	415
438	427	435	446	P99	379	387	404	389
429	415	426	445	P98	374	380	394	383
422	414	422	442	P97	369	364	387	379
415	406	416	431	P95	360	356	379	363
401	394	402	403	P90	345	343	362	352
390	386	392	393	P85	339	334	337	337
385	381	386	386	P80	332	332	327	332
381	375	382	384	P75	316	328	324	326
376	371	376	381	P70	312	326	318	324
370	367	371	378	P65	309	324	315	317
367	362	368	375	P60	306	322	311	314
364	356	365	367	P55	304	315	307	310
359	352	361	364	P50	302	314	302	307
355	348	356	360	P45	300	311	301	304
350	342	352	354	P40	295	309	297	301
346	340	348	349	P35	292	302	296	296
342	336	345	345	P30	287	300	293	294
337	330	341	336	P25	286	296	286	291
332	328	336	334	P20	280	293	285	286
327	324	329	326	P15	275	289	280	282
320	316	322	317	P10	269	286	275	275
306	304	309	308	P5	266	277	270	268
303	302	304	305	P3	259	271	265	265
298	301	298	304	P2	254	270	261	261
290	292	290	301	P1	249	267	256	252

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Bideloid breadth sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS

Definition:

The maximum horizontal distance between the lateral margins of the upper arms on the deltoid muscles.

Landmark required:

None. This is performed using the Caliper function of CySize.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot). Ensure that the arms (triceps when viewed posteriorly) are hanging vertically (as much as possible).

Procedure:

In CySize use the caliper tool. This can be viewed from the front or the back of the participant. Highlight a horizontal line that is lower than the Acromiale but higher than the Axilla landmarks. Select the Y function (to create a coronal plane) to calculate and record the breadth. Measurements are reported in mm.

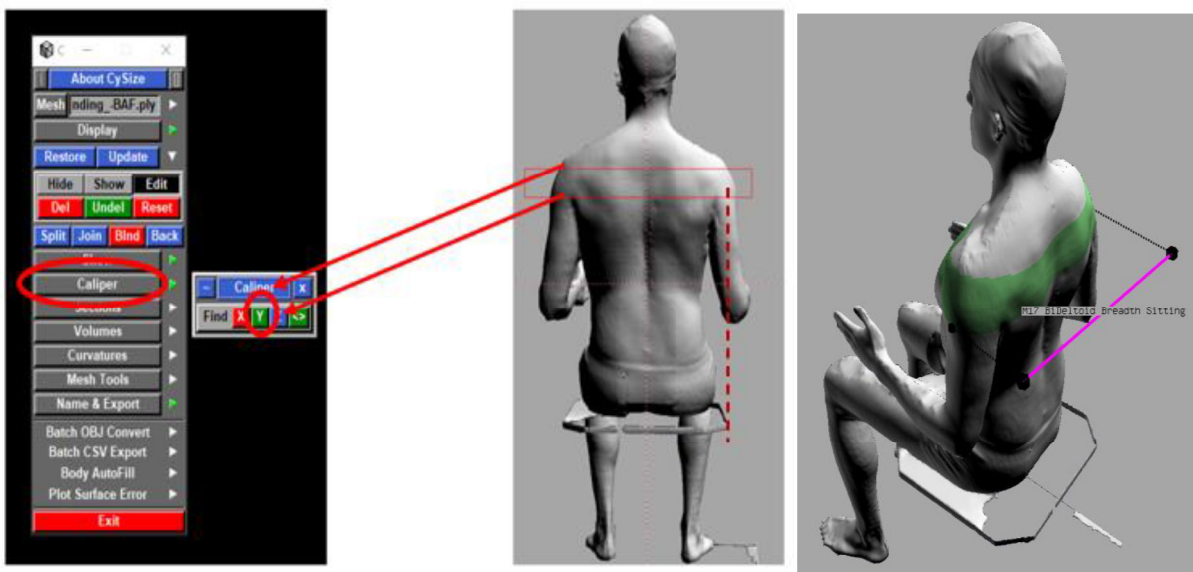
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

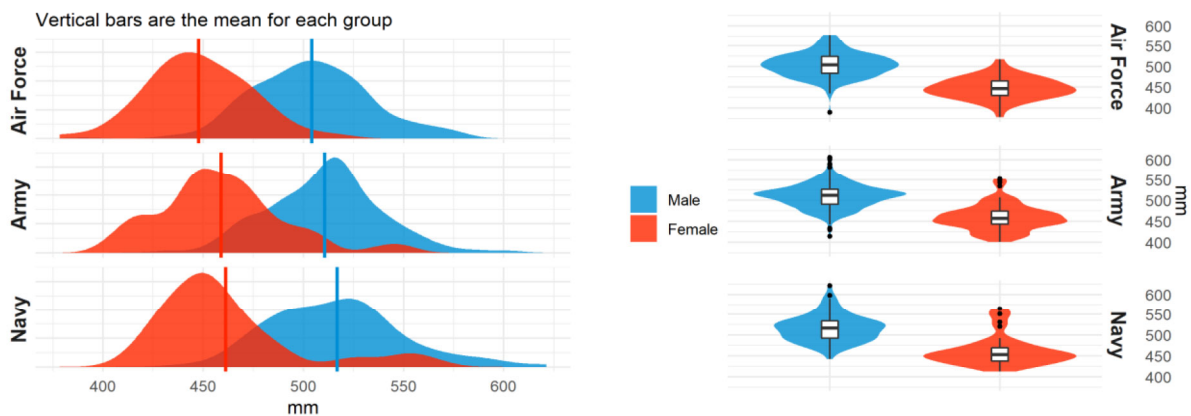
Use the Crosshair tool to align the participant. Another method is to view the participant from the side view, then highlight a square rectangle on the around the most lateral centre of the deltoid.



Bideltoid breadth sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
510	504	511	517	Mean	448	459	461	456
29	29	28	33	SD	26	31	36	31
390	390	414	442	Min	378	401	412	378
621	578	606	621	Max	518	552	564	564
588	575	587	600	P99	508	548	559	551
575	569	571	592	P98	500	544	554	547
567	562	565	590	P97	493	536	551	533
560	557	557	576	P95	488	507	549	507
547	543	546	560	P90	478	498	515	493
537	531	538	547	P85	474	489	485	482
531	527	532	538	P80	470	479	477	475
527	524	526	534	P75	465	475	470	471
523	518	523	530	P70	461	470	466	467
519	514	520	528	P65	458	467	461	464
516	511	517	527	P60	452	465	458	458
514	507	515	518	P55	449	460	455	455
511	504	512	516	P50	447	457	453	452
507	500	510	511	P45	443	453	450	449
503	496	505	509	P40	441	449	448	447
498	493	502	499	P35	436	446	446	444
495	490	497	496	P30	434	444	444	440
490	484	491	493	P25	430	443	437	436
485	479	488	490	P20	427	436	436	430
478	473	480	483	P15	424	427	432	427
472	469	473	477	P10	419	419	427	420
464	462	465	471	P5	410	414	425	412
460	457	461	466	P3	406	410	421	410
454	453	454	464	P2	399	408	419	406
442	436	450	460	P1	390	405	415	401

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Bitrignon mandibular arc - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometric tape. Before measuring, ensure that the metal tape surface is not damaged and the scale is clear, and the tape can be retracted freely. There are various models. Tapes used in the NZDFAS were Cesorf and Rosscraft. Measurements are in mm.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The surface distance between the right and left trignon landmarks across the submandibular landmark is measured with a tape. The head is in the Frankfort plane, and the teeth are lightly occluded.

Landmarks required:

Trignon left and right, Submandibular.

Posture required:

Sitting. The measure can also be taken while standing depending on the height of the assessor relative to the participant.

Procedure:

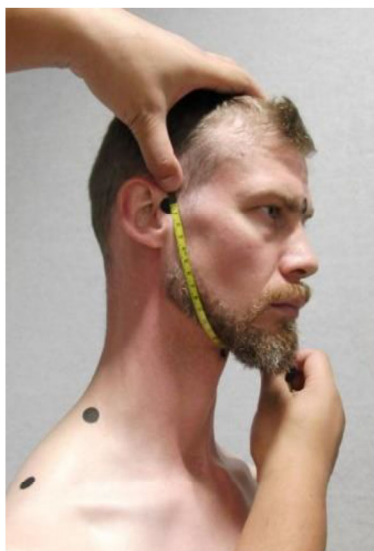
The participant sits erect, looking straight ahead with any headwear/eyewear removed. The assessor stands in front and slightly to the side of the participant. With the thumb and index finger place the 0 point of the tape against the Trignon right landmark (the 0 rests in the middle of the landmark sticker). The assessor uses their left thumb to hold the tape to the skin (at the 0 point) and extends the tape under the throat towards the Trignon right landmark. The opposite index finger is used to hold the tape to the Trignon left. The measure is read from the scale pressed on Trignon Right. The centre of the tape must run through the Submandibular landmark. Measure to the nearest mm.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

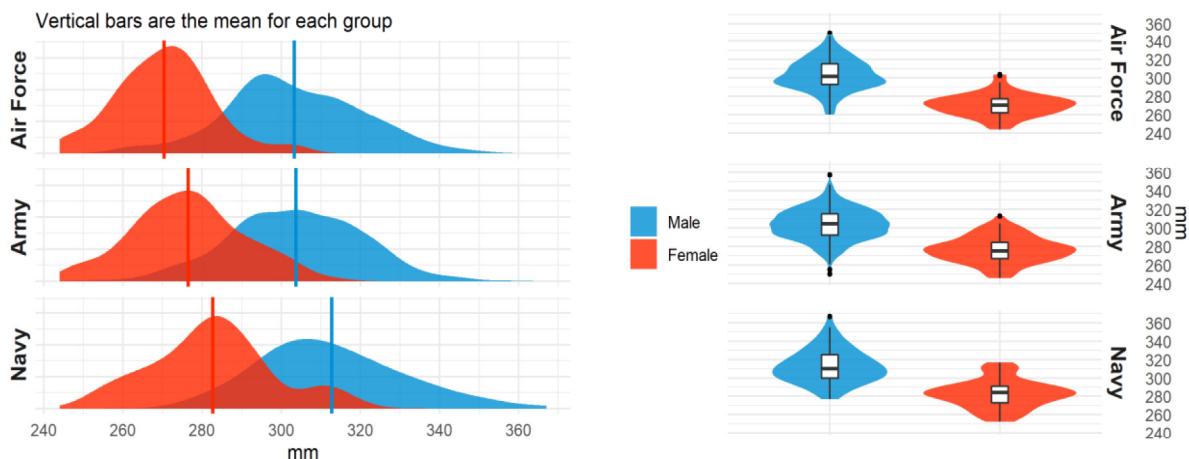
The position of the head has no influence on the measurement. Ensure that the jaw is still and the head is in the Frankfort plane. Take care when placing the tape against the skin.



Bitracion mandibular arc summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
305	303	304	313	Mean	270	276	283	276
17	17	17	18	SD	12	14	15	14
250	260	250	277	Min	244	246	252	244
367	350	357	367	Max	304	313	317	317
346	343	343	357	P99	303	305	315	312
340	337	336	352	P98	299	304	313	310
336	335	334	350	P97	294	303	312	305
333	330	330	346	P95	290	300	311	301
325	325	325	337	P90	283	295	305	294
323	322	320	331	P85	281	292	295	290
320	317	318	327	P80	280	290	293	285
315	315	315	325	P75	277	284	291	284
315	312	314	320	P70	275	284	289	281
311	310	310	318	P65	275	280	285	280
309	306	308	315	P60	273	280	285	279
305	305	305	312	P55	272	278	285	277
304	301	304	310	P50	270	275	284	275
302	300	301	310	P45	270	275	280	274
300	297	300	307	P40	267	273	280	271
296	295	296	304	P35	265	270	279	270
295	295	295	301	P30	265	270	276	268
293	293	292	300	P25	262	266	273	266
290	290	290	300	P20	260	265	269	265
288	288	287	295	P15	259	263	268	260
284	284	284	292	P10	256	260	261	259
275	275	275	286	P5	251	252	259	252
274	271	273	283	P3	247	250	256	250
270	265	270	282	P2	246	248	255	248
265	263	265	280	P1	245	247	254	246

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Bizygomatic breadth - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Small bone caliper. The Rosscraft small bone caliper is 18 cm with pressure plates that are 10 mm diameter. Before measuring, the distance between the plates when touching should be verified as 0 cm to ensure it has been assembled correctly.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal breadth between the most lateral aspects of the Zygions left and right.

Landmark required:

Zygon left and right.

Posture required:

The participant sits erect, looking straight ahead with glasses removed.

Procedure:

The assessor stands in front and slightly to the side of the participant. This measurement can be taken sitting or standing depending on the height of the assessor relative to the participant. The caliper is placed at a 45° angle. Opening the caliper beyond the anticipated distance, rest the device on the back of the hands and using the thumbs and index fingers, use the long finger (middle finger) to palpate the skin and visually identifying the most lateral aspect of the Zygion Left and Zygion Right. When identified, slowly move the plates towards one another until they rest on this point. Record the measurement to 0.1 cm or 0.05 cm precision.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

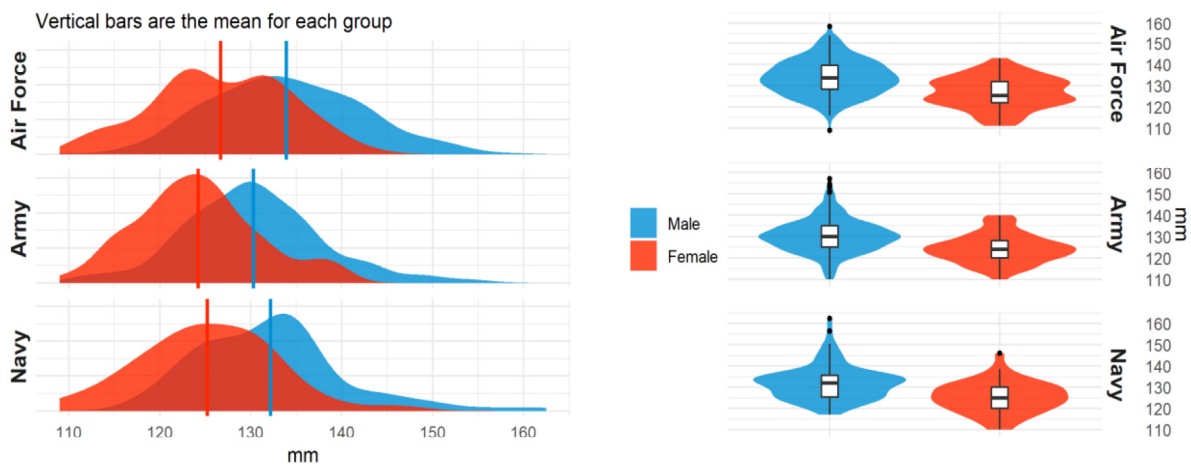
The caliper branches must be placed on the skin, but not indent the skin. The position of the head has no influence on the measurement. If the participant's Zygion distance is greater than the length of the small bone caliper considering using the large sliding caliper. For the NZDFAS, the small bone caliper was used instead of the large sliding caliper (more traditional tool for this measurement) as the assessor had a greater level of control and avoided potential injuries to the eye (sharp end of the large sliding caliper prongs).



Bizygomatic breadth summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
131	134	130	132	Mean	127	124	125	125
8	8	8	8	SD	7	7	7	7
109	109	110	117	Min	111	110	110	110
162	158	157	162	Max	143	140	146	146
153	153	151	157	P99	141	140	143	140
150	152	149	152	P98	139	139	140	139
149	150	148	150	P97	139	138	138	139
145	148	144	147	P95	138	138	136	138
142	144	140	143	P90	136	132	133	134
140	143	137	137	P85	134	132	132	132
138	141	136	136	P80	133	129	130	132
136	140	135	136	P75	132	128	130	130
135	138	134	135	P70	131	127	130	130
134	137	132	134	P65	130	126	129	128
133	136	132	134	P60	130	126	127	126
132	135	131	132	P55	128	125	126	126
131	134	130	132	P50	125	124	125	125
130	132	129	132	P45	125	123	124	124
129	132	128	130	P40	125	122	124	123
128	130	128	129	P35	123	122	123	122
127	129	126	128	P30	123	120	122	122
126	128	125	125	P25	122	120	120	120
125	126	124	125	P20	122	119	119	120
124	125	123	125	P15	120	117	118	118
122	124	121	123	P10	117	115	116	115
120	122	118	121	P5	114	114	115	114
117	120	115	120	P3	113	114	111	113
115	118	114	120	P2	112	113	110	111
112	117	112	119	P1	112	110	110	110

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Body height - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

Vertical height from standing surface to the visual top of the head. The vertical distance is measured between the standing surface and the top of the head.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

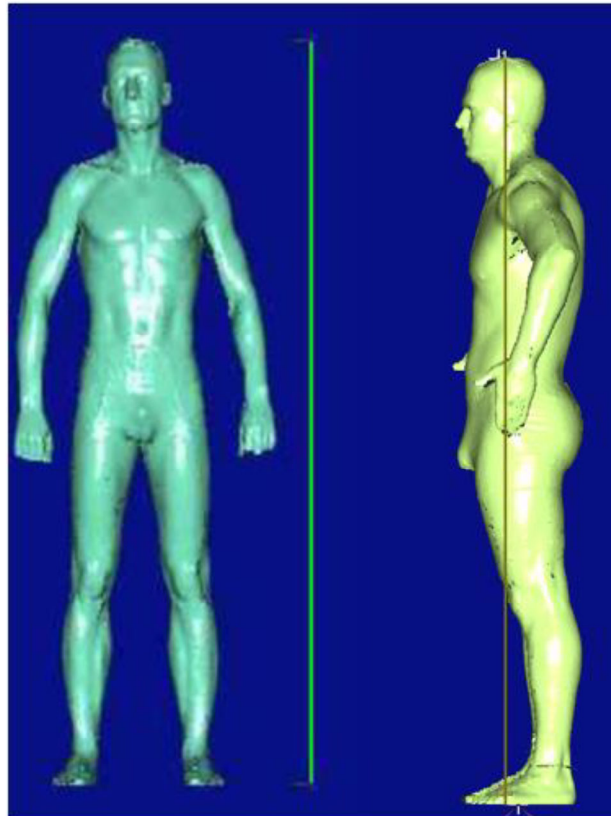
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

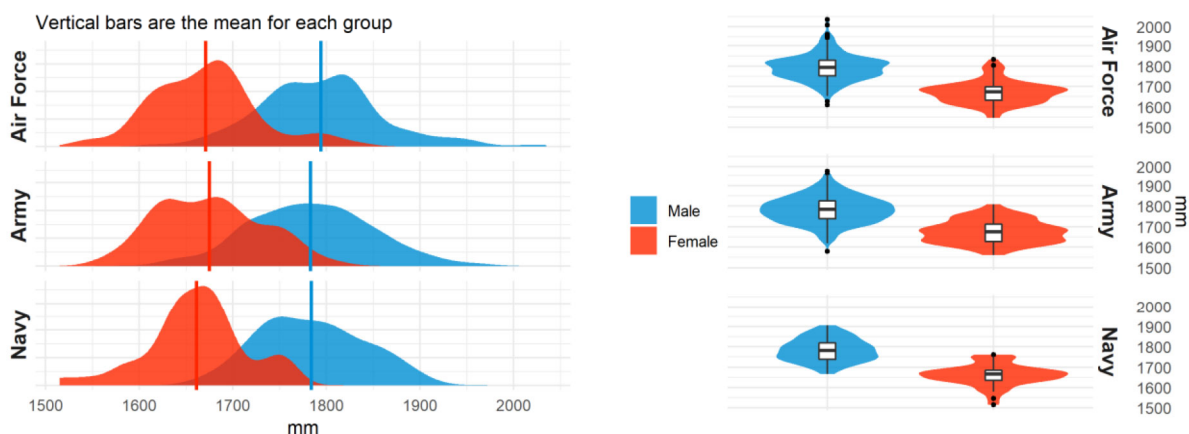
Check that the head is in the Frankfort position. If not, the height is measured near the rear of the head, then remove this measure. Anthroscan takes body height with legs positioned shoulder-width apart. Traditional protocols have legs and feet together. The Anthroscan method was used to represent a more 'natural' standing position. Eye height (Ectocantus) in CySize is taken from the Posture 1 (feet together position).



Body height summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1786	1794	1783	1784	Mean	1671	1675	1661	1671
65	67	66	56	SD	57	56	53	55
1579	1609	1579	1666	Min	1546	1561	1515	1515
2035	2035	1977	1905	Max	1832	1810	1761	1832
1954	1962	1941	1899	P99	1812	1796	1758	1803
1930	1953	1918	1887	P98	1799	1786	1754	1793
1915	1937	1908	1883	P97	1793	1773	1753	1785
1897	1918	1891	1876	P95	1789	1763	1753	1762
1868	1877	1868	1858	P90	1732	1753	1731	1753
1851	1851	1851	1851	P85	1715	1746	1704	1731
1836	1833	1842	1833	P80	1699	1730	1696	1712
1825	1828	1825	1820	P75	1698	1713	1684	1699
1818	1825	1818	1811	P70	1696	1699	1681	1698
1811	1818	1810	1804	P65	1690	1698	1676	1689
1803	1811	1801	1801	P60	1681	1687	1674	1681
1793	1803	1793	1786	P55	1681	1681	1673	1674
1785	1793	1785	1782	P50	1674	1674	1666	1674
1778	1785	1773	1771	P45	1666	1667	1658	1666
1764	1777	1764	1763	P40	1658	1655	1651	1652
1760	1764	1755	1753	P35	1647	1643	1646	1644
1752	1760	1746	1746	P30	1641	1634	1641	1638
1739	1753	1738	1739	P25	1632	1627	1634	1633
1731	1745	1723	1739	P20	1620	1626	1634	1626
1720	1731	1713	1731	P15	1616	1618	1616	1618
1706	1720	1705	1713	P10	1608	1609	1597	1608
1683	1691	1676	1706	P5	1597	1592	1580	1587
1667	1677	1656	1690	P3	1581	1585	1556	1579
1652	1668	1644	1684	P2	1560	1578	1542	1563
1639	1653	1633	1673	P1	1547	1569	1528	1547

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Breast height - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

The vertical height of the front breast/chest circumference level (code 4510 or 4515) to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

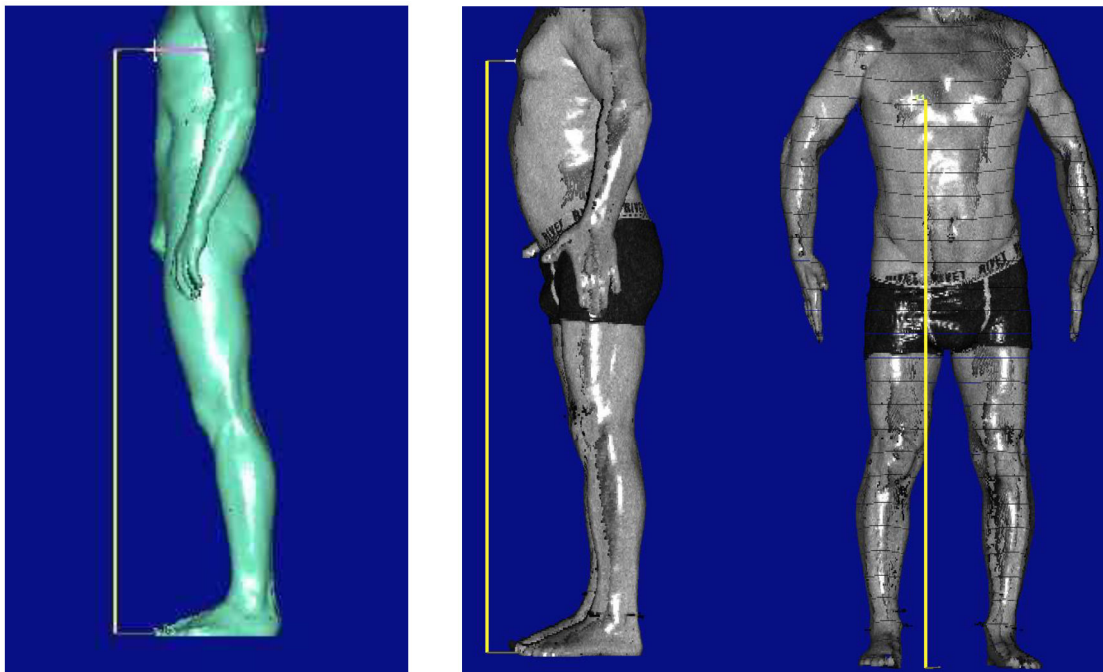
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

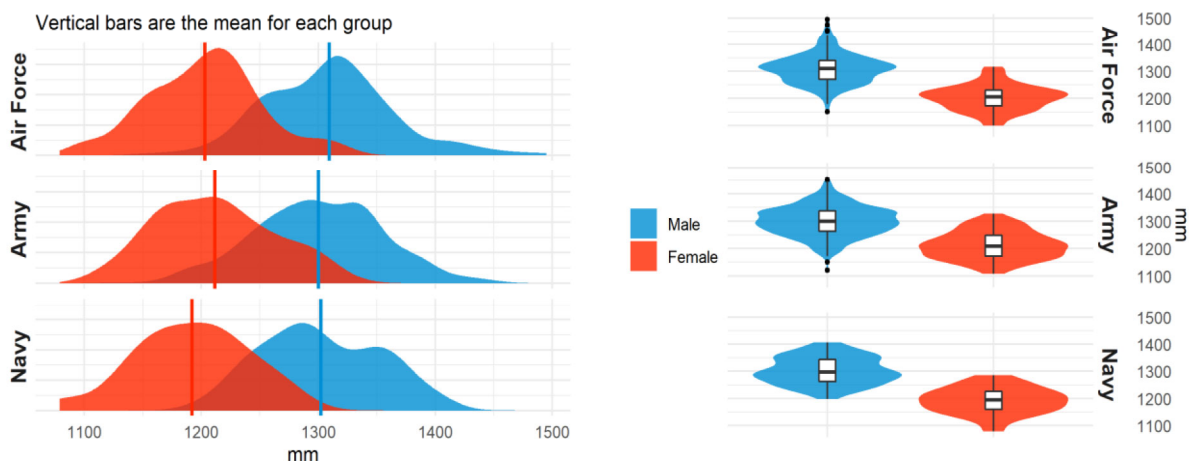
None.



Breast height summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1303	1309	1300	1302	Mean	1203	1212	1192	1205
54	55	55	50	SD	48	50	48	49
1121	1151	1121	1198	Min	1100	1108	1079	1079
1495	1495	1451	1406	Max	1317	1327	1285	1327
1434	1454	1427	1400	P99	1315	1314	1280	1314
1421	1436	1410	1398	P98	1308	1304	1276	1303
1407	1427	1397	1397	P97	1300	1303	1272	1301
1393	1409	1390	1384	P95	1290	1299	1266	1294
1371	1373	1371	1366	P90	1256	1286	1257	1272
1357	1360	1353	1361	P85	1245	1270	1240	1256
1345	1346	1343	1358	P80	1234	1256	1233	1247
1339	1339	1338	1344	P75	1230	1249	1226	1234
1334	1333	1332	1336	P70	1227	1237	1218	1229
1325	1323	1325	1325	P65	1223	1226	1211	1223
1317	1321	1317	1307	P60	1216	1222	1207	1216
1310	1315	1307	1303	P55	1211	1214	1202	1211
1303	1310	1300	1298	P50	1205	1209	1195	1206
1296	1307	1293	1292	P45	1200	1206	1186	1198
1289	1299	1287	1285	P40	1195	1195	1179	1192
1281	1288	1279	1280	P35	1187	1186	1170	1182
1274	1280	1272	1274	P30	1179	1179	1168	1175
1264	1271	1263	1263	P25	1172	1172	1160	1169
1256	1262	1255	1257	P20	1158	1168	1151	1160
1247	1252	1244	1245	P15	1154	1158	1146	1154
1234	1245	1230	1242	P10	1144	1153	1134	1144
1213	1231	1206	1227	P5	1131	1137	1123	1130
1199	1211	1194	1223	P3	1107	1128	1095	1119
1193	1209	1189	1217	P2	1102	1122	1085	1104
1180	1184	1180	1208	P1	1101	1118	1082	1100

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Bust chest girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

The circumference of the chest is measured across the Bust Point (females) or Thelion (males) landmarks. The circumference is measured parallel to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

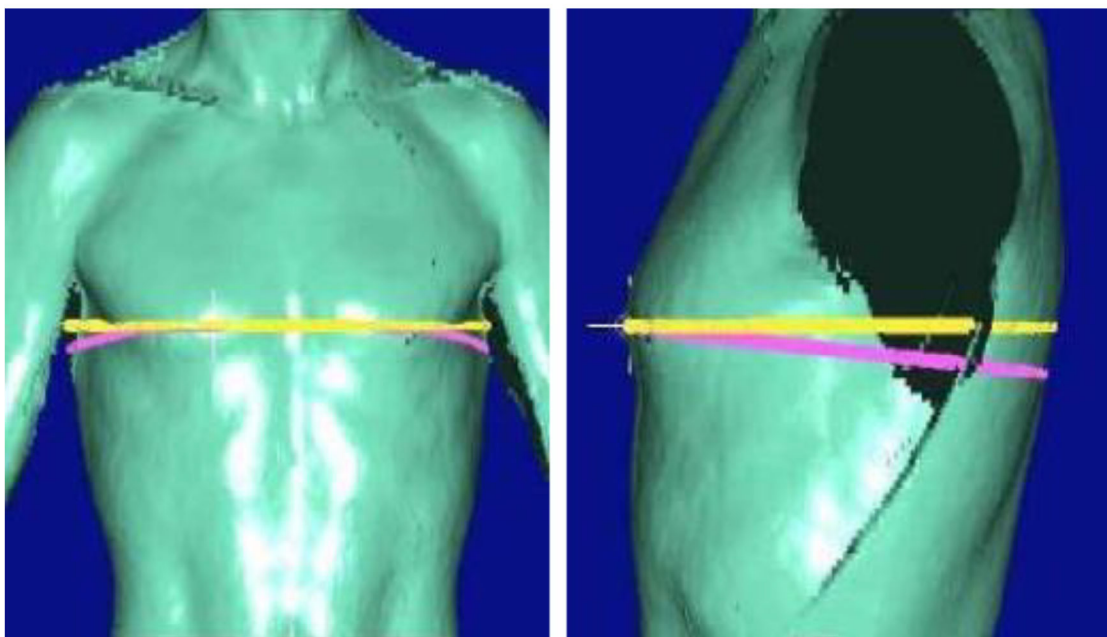
The Thelion (nipple) or bust point (most anterior point of bra/bust) is located visually. For males, it is the centre of right nipple. For females, eyeball most anterior point from the side. Then add 'X-loop' to identify the most protruding point within that area. This is difficult especially with females with thick pad bras. See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

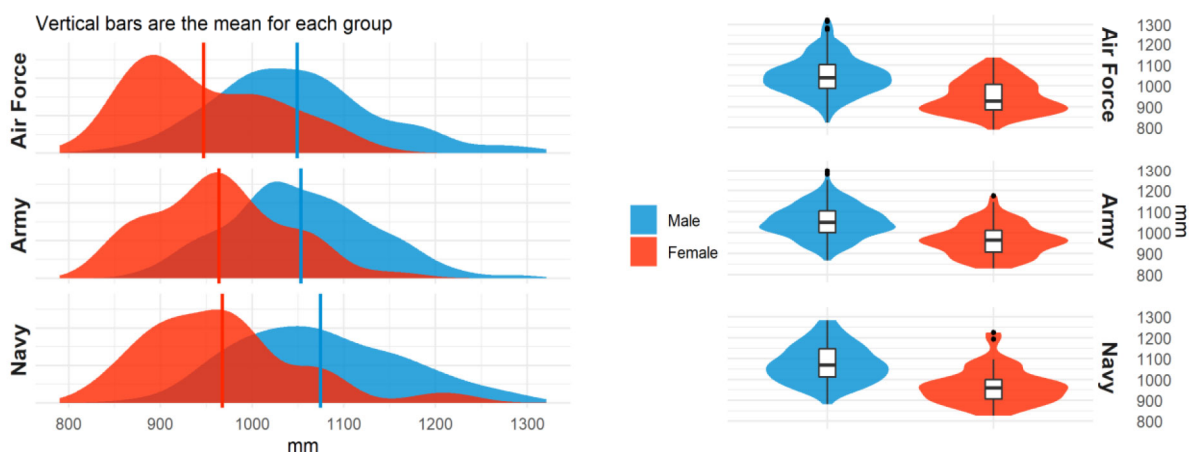
Check that the digital tape (yellow line below) is horizontal and that it does not pass around the left and right arms. If so, skip this measure. Ensure that the arms are abducted sufficiently away from the body. This must be explained clearly during the posturing phase.



Bust chest girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1054	1049	1053	1075	Mean	947	964	967	959
83	91	79	89	SD	79	73	86	78
824	824	867	880	Min	790	829	827	790
1321	1321	1300	1285	Max	1136	1174	1226	1226
1281	1283	1248	1282	P99	1110	1147	1212	1171
1244	1274	1217	1271	P98	1096	1121	1198	1132
1219	1250	1203	1252	P97	1089	1092	1167	1099
1196	1203	1180	1228	P95	1085	1071	1095	1085
1165	1176	1157	1198	P90	1065	1067	1070	1067
1145	1142	1138	1165	P85	1035	1049	1064	1045
1123	1116	1120	1152	P80	1026	1025	1015	1025
1105	1101	1104	1146	P75	1006	1011	1000	1008
1094	1082	1094	1120	P70	993	991	991	992
1080	1074	1081	1096	P65	983	981	986	982
1070	1064	1069	1088	P60	962	974	972	973
1061	1056	1061	1076	P55	940	970	969	963
1048	1038	1048	1070	P50	928	963	958	954
1037	1027	1037	1057	P45	920	954	955	941
1026	1021	1027	1042	P40	908	947	935	930
1019	1009	1020	1030	P35	898	937	924	922
1009	996	1012	1017	P30	891	929	919	907
998	988	1000	1012	P25	884	907	906	897
987	980	989	994	P20	877	897	896	886
966	959	966	977	P15	872	880	887	875
949	942	954	963	P10	857	870	872	864
925	920	928	948	P5	848	853	857	850
914	894	917	942	P3	847	845	848	845
902	883	910	936	P2	844	845	842	843
883	865	887	925	P1	826	842	835	830

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Buttock depth - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

UK Anthropometry Survey, NZDFAS

Definition:

The maximum circumference of the body (excluding the appendages) at approximately hip height. This measure must be taken below the height of the iliac crest in Anthroscan.

Landmark required:

None as the caliper function is used.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

In CySize use the caliper tool. When viewed from the side, highlight the area of the buttocks that is above the height of the crotch and below the level of the Iliocristale right (most superior point on iliac crest) landmark. If the landmark is not present, this point can still be identified depending on bone structure and body type of the participant (e.g. lean). Avoid any artefacts of webbing between the right hand and the thigh. Select the X function (to create a coronal plan) to record the depth. Measurements are reported in mm.

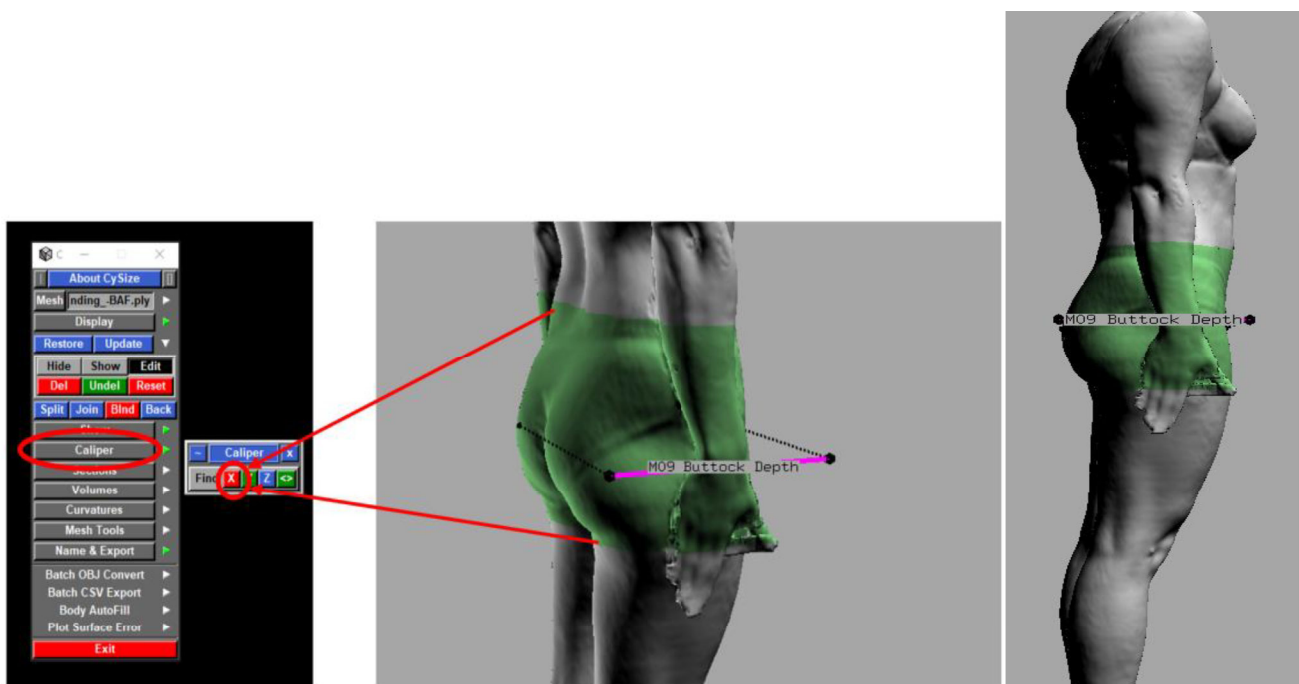
Reference:

Pringle, R. H., Puxley, A. J., Puxley, K. P. M., Turner, G. M., & Tyrell, A. K. (2011). Anthropometry Survey of UK Military Personnel 2006-7 (Issue 3) (QINETIQ/07/01821/3.0): QinetiQ Ltd.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

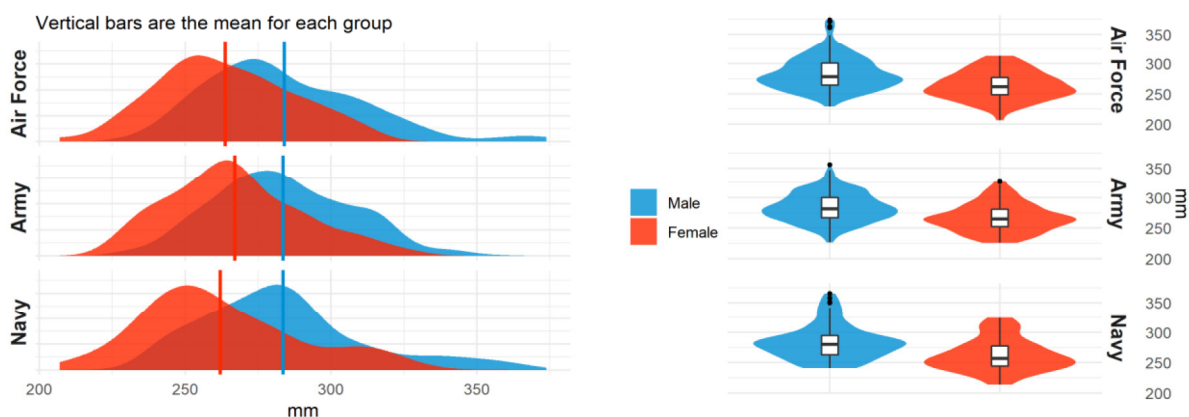
Use the Crosshair tool to align the participants posture. If the measurement is taken on a fold or crease in the briefs, consider remeasuring. If the anterior portion of the measure is taken on the male genitalia make minor adjustments to move the point away.



Buttock depth summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
284	284	284	284	Mean	264	267	262	265
25	27	24	28	SD	23	23	27	24
227	229	227	241	Min	207	226	214	207
374	374	356	365	Max	313	327	325	327
356	370	341	359	P99	309	322	321	321
341	362	332	353	P98	307	315	317	314
335	343	327	351	P97	307	313	315	313
326	330	322	340	P95	305	309	313	309
317	320	315	324	P90	296	299	307	297
311	311	311	311	P85	290	291	289	291
305	307	305	300	P80	285	288	281	285
300	301	300	295	P75	277	281	277	279
295	296	296	291	P70	276	276	274	276
291	292	291	288	P65	273	271	265	271
287	286	288	286	P60	269	269	262	268
283	281	285	283	P55	264	267	259	265
281	279	282	280	P50	262	265	257	263
278	276	279	278	P45	257	263	255	260
275	274	276	276	P40	255	262	253	256
272	272	272	272	P35	254	257	248	255
269	268	270	267	P30	250	254	247	252
266	265	267	263	P25	248	252	244	248
262	260	264	261	P20	246	247	241	245
258	257	258	257	P15	241	242	239	241
253	253	253	249	P10	235	238	233	237
247	248	248	244	P5	230	233	230	231
244	244	244	243	P3	227	231	220	229
241	242	240	242	P2	226	231	216	226
236	239	235	241	P1	220	230	215	218

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Buttocks girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan

Definition:

The circumference is measured at the height of the most posteriorly protruding surface of the buttocks when gluteal muscles are relaxed. The circumference is measured parallel to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward. Measurements are reported in mm.

Procedure:

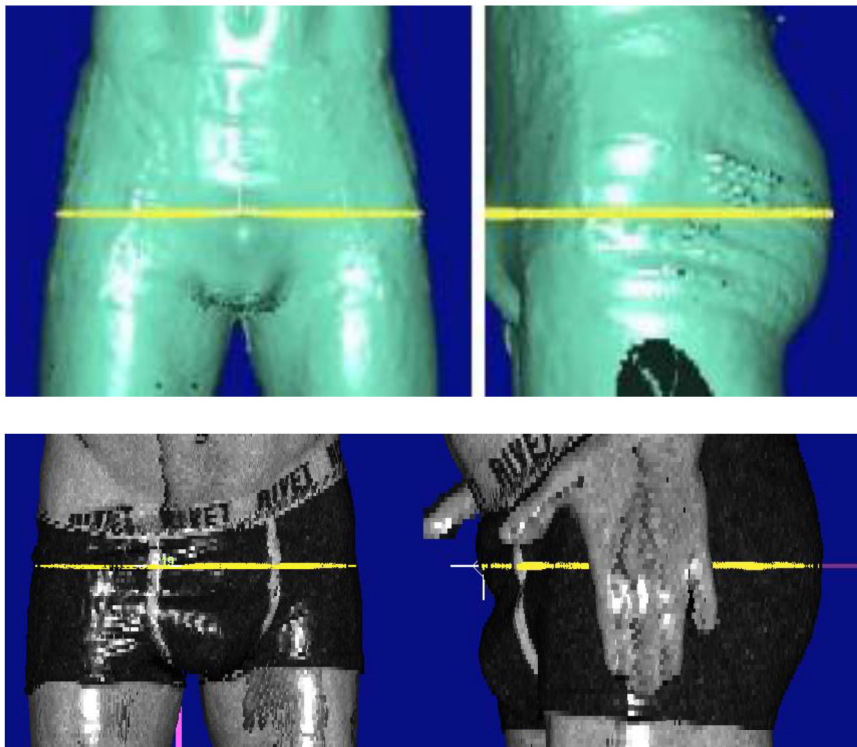
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015).

Reference

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

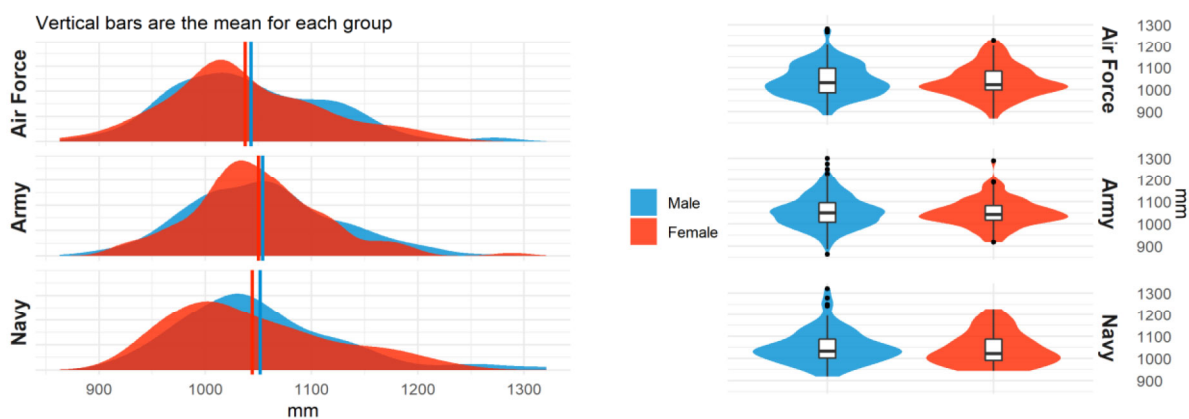
Check that the digital tape is horizontal and that it does not pass around the hands.



Buttocks girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1051	1043	1054	1052	Mean	1037	1050	1044	1045
72	74	70	77	SD	73	62	75	69
863	884	863	917	Min	870	919	944	870
1321	1281	1301	1321	Max	1228	1289	1228	1289
1254	1268	1226	1284	P99	1209	1193	1211	1225
1214	1199	1211	1258	P98	1196	1188	1195	1189
1200	1183	1200	1245	P97	1187	1178	1189	1188
1175	1155	1178	1188	P95	1176	1162	1186	1174
1144	1138	1148	1143	P90	1138	1122	1159	1132
1128	1126	1129	1125	P85	1114	1112	1124	1117
1111	1109	1114	1108	P80	1088	1099	1110	1097
1096	1098	1096	1088	P75	1084	1082	1086	1085
1082	1080	1084	1072	P70	1075	1072	1074	1073
1071	1065	1074	1064	P65	1054	1067	1069	1064
1063	1053	1066	1057	P60	1036	1060	1051	1053
1053	1040	1058	1046	P55	1028	1051	1032	1040
1045	1031	1050	1033	P50	1023	1042	1022	1035
1035	1022	1044	1030	P45	1018	1039	1020	1025
1026	1018	1032	1029	P40	1014	1035	1011	1021
1018	1008	1021	1022	P35	1008	1024	1000	1017
1010	999	1012	1008	P30	1004	1021	994	1009
1001	987	1007	1001	P25	998	1017	990	1002
989	977	995	987	P20	986	1009	986	991
977	969	982	979	P15	962	992	965	982
966	962	971	972	P10	954	974	955	960
948	945	949	949	P5	928	960	954	948
933	925	935	944	P3	921	933	947	930
918	916	921	933	P2	911	930	945	925
903	897	903	918	P1	895	927	944	919

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Buttock-heel length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Standard builders' tape, two measurement plates (or Rosscraft headboard plates).

Source:

Canadian Land Forces Survey 1997.

Definition:

The distance between the most posterior aspect of the buttock (right leg and sitting) to the inferior-posterior aspect of the calcaneus.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant sits on the floor with their right leg outstretched with toes pointing towards the ceiling. The posterior aspect of the buttock is against the wall (as much as physically possible). For increased comfort, the left leg can be folded while waiting for the measurement to start. During the time of measurement, the participant is required to sit erect with their hands resting on their thighs.

Procedure:

The assessor kneels beside the participant and in front of the foot. The scribe will be in the same position but next to the hip region. Both participant and assessor are facing the same direction.

The scribe will place one plate perpendicular to the most posterior aspect of the buttock (not the wall). The assessor will place a second plate perpendicular to the heel of the outstretched foot. The flat 'zero' mark of the tape is pressed firmly against the plate near the buttock. The assessor will place the second plate against the heel with the edge resting (foot side) of the tape. The participant is prompted to "please sit up straight, right leg flat to the floor and point your right foot to the ceiling". A reading is taken immediately after the prompt to avoid physical discomfort. Measure to the nearest 0.1 cm.

Reference:

Chamberland, A., Carrier, R., Forest, F. and Hachez, G. (1998). *1997 Anthropometric Survey of the Land Forces. Final Report*. 1998, Department of National Defence, Canada.: Ontario, Canada. p. DCIEM-98-CR-15.

Notes:

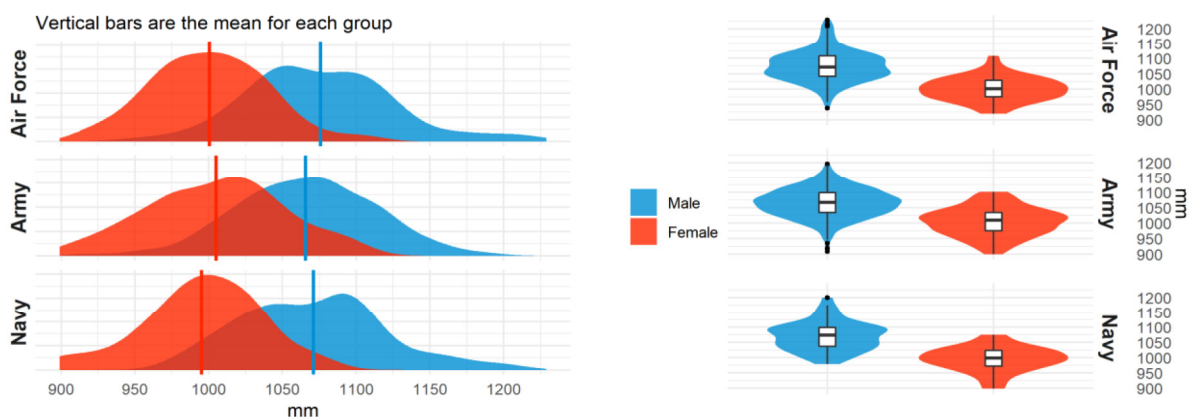
It is important that both measurement plates are held in a perpendicular (not angled) to avoid erroneous values. Another method is to use a small right-angled plate to ensure the plate is exactly vertical. This measure is highly reliant on the flexibility of the participant hence the measurements need to be swift and precise. Ensure that the tape is 'straight' and runs parallel to the participant's leg. For increased accuracy place the tape as close to the leg as possible.



Buttock-heel length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1069	1076	1066	1071	Mean	1000	1005	995	1001
49	51	48	48	SD	39	46	40	43
909	938	909	980	Min	919	900	899	899
1229	1229	1196	1200	Max	1108	1102	1074	1108
1196	1214	1175	1199	P99	1098	1101	1073	1100
1175	1203	1160	1180	P98	1084	1091	1072	1090
1163	1190	1154	1167	P97	1070	1090	1067	1087
1149	1170	1142	1159	P95	1064	1084	1056	1074
1128	1135	1125	1128	P90	1043	1063	1038	1053
1116	1121	1115	1113	P85	1040	1050	1033	1042
1109	1113	1108	1104	P80	1034	1042	1026	1035
1102	1108	1099	1098	P75	1028	1035	1024	1032
1094	1102	1091	1095	P70	1019	1030	1018	1024
1088	1093	1084	1091	P65	1015	1024	1012	1018
1081	1088	1078	1087	P60	1009	1018	1007	1012
1076	1083	1073	1080	P55	1005	1011	1001	1009
1069	1071	1067	1073	P50	1001	1010	998	1002
1062	1064	1060	1062	P45	996	1001	993	998
1055	1060	1054	1054	P40	990	995	990	990
1049	1051	1047	1048	P35	981	983	985	983
1043	1048	1040	1045	P30	977	977	980	977
1037	1042	1035	1036	P25	975	975	973	974
1029	1037	1026	1027	P20	972	967	965	968
1021	1026	1019	1021	P15	960	952	958	957
1009	1016	1005	1010	P10	952	943	949	948
992	998	990	1001	P5	940	926	926	927
984	988	976	989	P3	928	919	907	920
971	978	962	987	P2	923	912	900	914
954	959	952	984	P1	920	909	899	901

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Buttock height - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

The vertical height of the Buttock Circumference measurement of the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

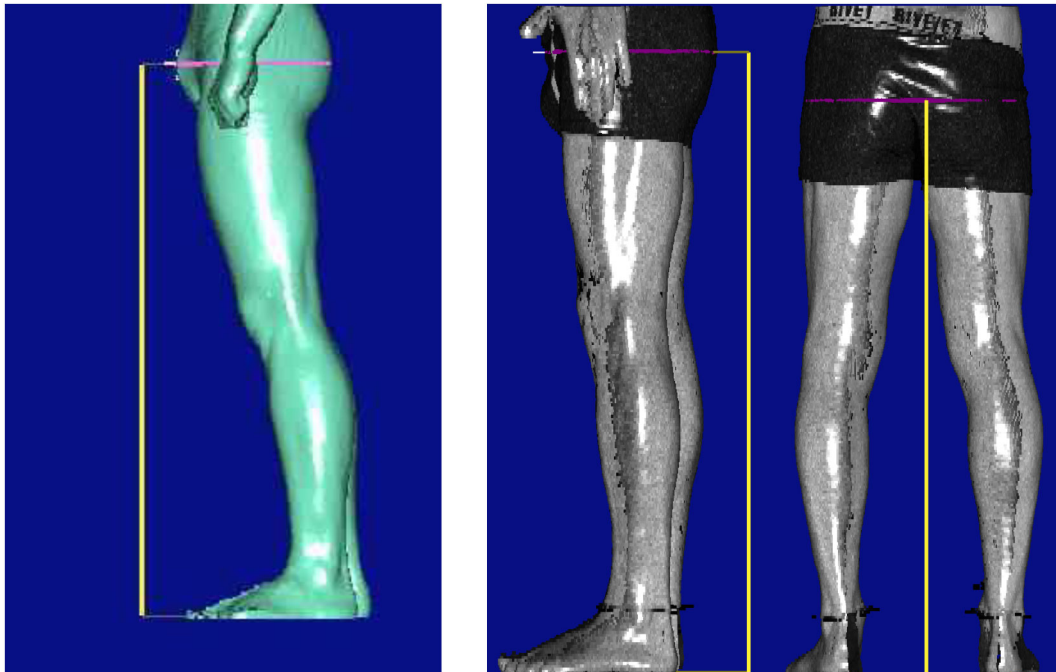
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

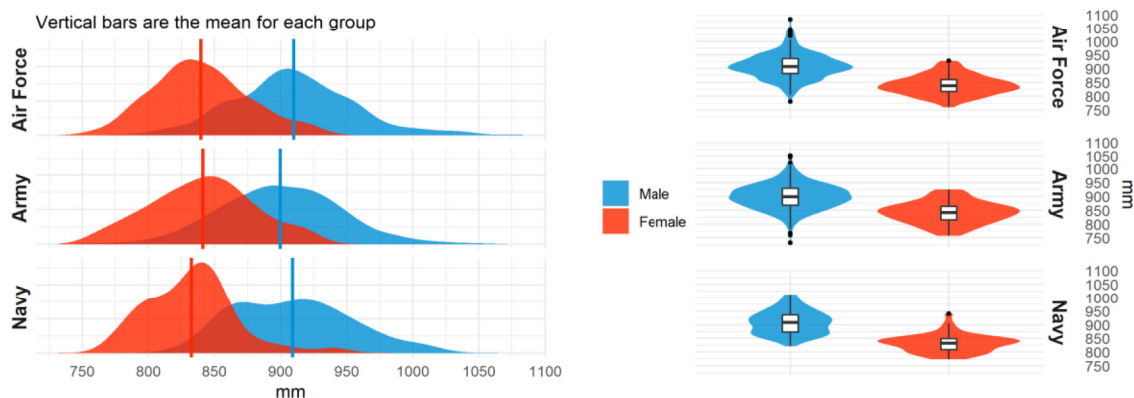
None.



Buttock height summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
904	910	900	909	Mean	840	841	832	839
46	47	46	44	SD	36	39	33	37
732	781	732	822	Min	759	758	774	758
1083	1083	1052	1012	Max	928	925	940	940
1023	1035	1014	1008	P99	920	919	925	924
1006	1022	997	1003	P98	917	918	911	918
997	1006	987	1001	P97	915	916	900	916
982	990	976	983	P95	906	913	884	909
960	962	956	966	P90	887	889	861	887
949	954	945	954	P85	882	881	858	877
940	948	938	946	P80	868	875	852	865
932	936	929	936	P75	860	864	849	861
927	930	924	932	P70	856	862	845	856
920	924	918	928	P65	851	857	844	851
915	919	913	918	P60	846	852	842	846
908	912	906	914	P55	840	847	838	843
904	907	898	908	P50	838	842	832	838
897	905	894	903	P45	834	837	831	834
892	898	888	898	P40	827	834	828	829
887	893	883	885	P35	825	826	823	825
880	888	876	875	P30	822	819	815	819
873	883	868	873	P25	817	815	809	814
864	869	862	867	P20	811	807	802	807
857	860	853	861	P15	801	799	796	797
848	853	842	855	P10	793	789	794	792
831	838	828	849	P5	788	777	783	781
819	825	816	846	P3	779	768	780	775
815	817	807	843	P2	777	764	778	769
796	809	793	833	P1	772	764	776	764

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Buttock-knee length sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS

Definition:

Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the mid-point of the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot). The horizontal distance between a buttock plate placed at the most posterior point on the buttock and the knee point anterior landmark.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

In CySize use the caliper tool. View from the back of the participant. Highlight the right buttock as below. When the view is rotated to the front view the anterior aspect of the knee will also be highlighted. Select the X function (to create a coronal plan) to record the length. Measurements are reported in mm.

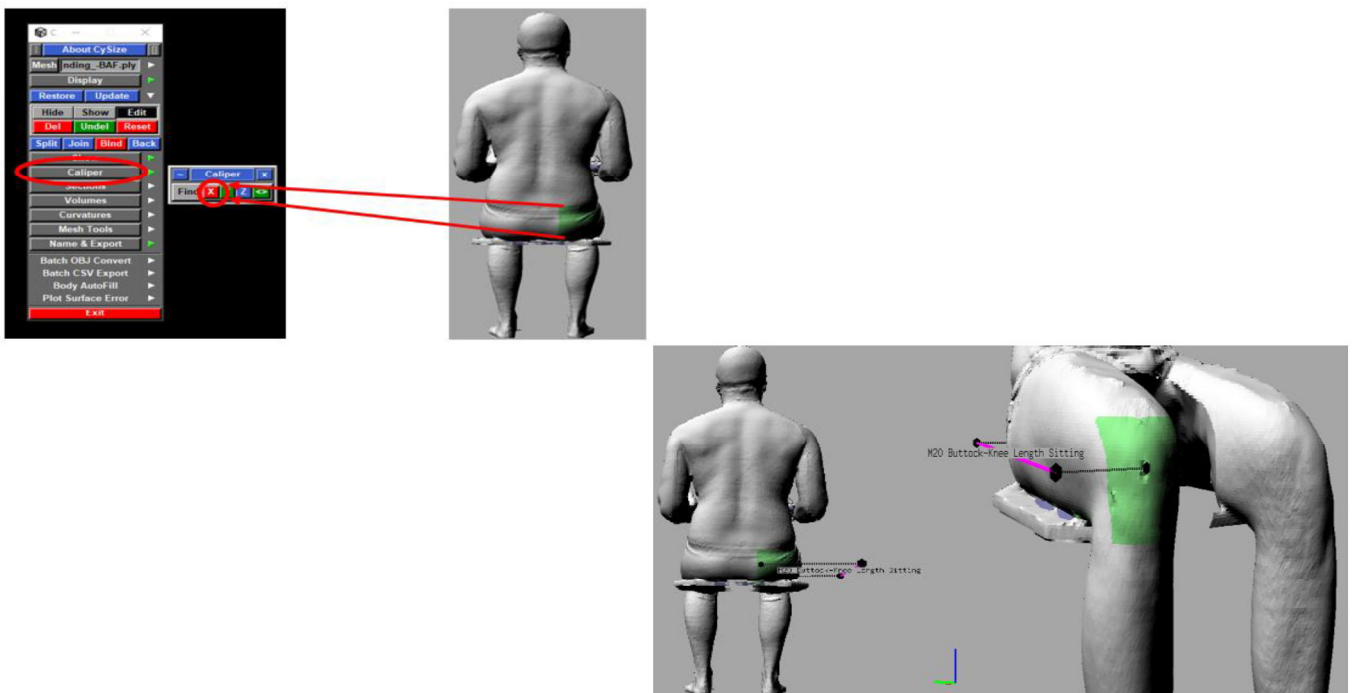
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

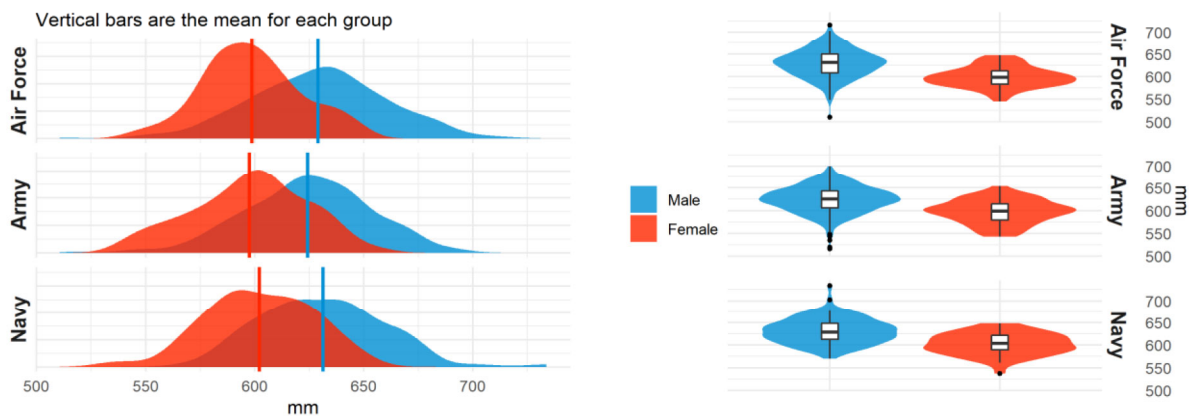
An alternative method is to view the participant from the right-side view, then highlight a narrow rectangle starting from the most posterior aspects of the right buttock to the most anterior aspect of the right knee then select the 'x' function.



Buttock-knee length sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
626	629	624	631	Mean	599	598	602	599
30	32	29	29	SD	23	26	24	25
511	511	517	570	Min	545	542	537	537
734	716	700	734	Max	647	654	648	654
690	700	687	706	P99	646	653	647	648
683	688	678	683	P98	645	641	646	646
679	684	675	676	P97	643	638	643	642
674	680	672	672	P95	638	637	637	637
664	667	662	668	P90	633	630	631	632
657	661	654	661	P85	622	628	628	627
651	654	648	654	P80	616	622	624	622
646	649	644	648	P75	612	615	621	615
641	644	640	644	P70	608	610	617	611
638	640	636	641	P65	605	607	612	607
634	637	632	639	P60	602	606	610	606
630	634	628	636	P55	599	602	607	602
627	631	626	629	P50	598	599	604	599
623	627	622	625	P45	596	598	595	597
620	623	619	622	P40	592	594	592	592
616	618	615	618	P35	588	590	591	590
612	613	611	616	P30	586	585	591	587
607	608	605	612	P25	583	580	590	583
601	604	600	606	P20	581	576	581	578
596	598	595	599	P15	578	568	576	575
588	589	587	598	P10	576	560	575	567
580	579	578	588	P5	565	550	567	556
570	574	569	586	P3	558	546	563	550
562	561	562	585	P2	554	544	557	545
548	551	547	582	P1	550	544	547	544

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Buttock-popliteal length sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS

Definition:

Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot). The horizontal distance between a buttock plate placed at the most posterior point on either buttock and the back of the right knee (the popliteal fossa at the dorsal juncture of the calf and thigh).

Landmark required:

Buttock Point Sitting and Popliteal landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is the point to point distance between the Buttock Point Sitting and Popliteal landmarks. Measurements are reported in mm.

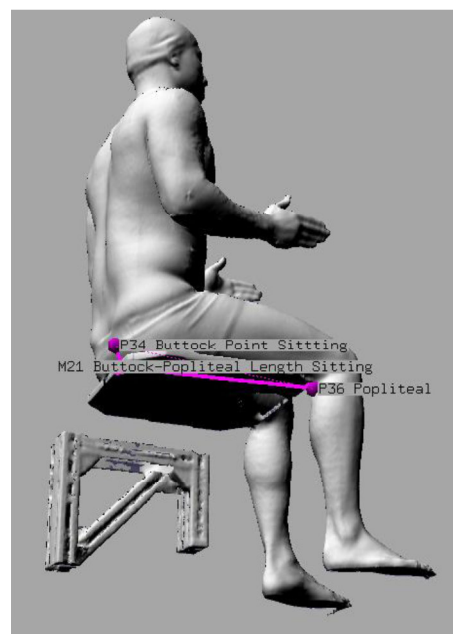
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

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Notes:

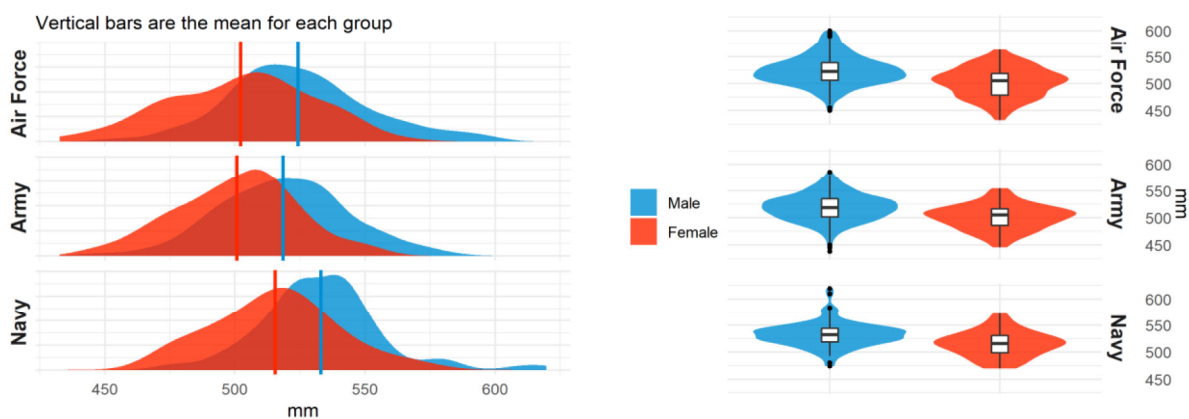
Note the illustration below does not show the 'point to point' line. The result will be correct upon final measurement export.



Buttock-popliteal length sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
522	524	519	533	Mean	502	501	516	504
26	27	25	24	SD	28	23	24	25
438	450	438	474	Min	433	446	470	433
620	600	586	620	Max	563	554	573	573
586	595	576	611	P99	554	550	568	561
579	588	571	590	P98	548	548	564	553
573	584	567	581	P97	545	545	560	549
566	575	560	576	P95	543	538	555	544
554	562	552	556	P90	539	527	544	537
547	552	544	552	P85	532	523	538	530
541	546	538	546	P80	527	518	532	524
537	539	534	544	P75	519	516	531	520
534	535	531	543	P70	516	512	525	517
531	532	528	539	P65	513	509	523	514
528	529	525	537	P60	511	508	521	511
525	525	522	537	P55	508	506	518	509
521	522	518	532	P50	505	505	516	507
518	518	516	528	P45	501	499	514	503
515	516	513	526	P40	498	495	511	499
512	513	509	525	P35	495	492	509	496
508	509	505	523	P30	488	490	504	492
505	506	501	519	P25	478	486	499	488
501	504	497	517	P20	476	479	496	479
496	499	494	511	P15	473	475	491	476
490	493	488	507	P10	468	470	482	470
480	481	480	497	P5	456	462	477	463
474	476	472	493	P3	449	458	476	456
470	473	467	489	P2	447	454	474	450
460	463	457	480	P1	442	446	472	446

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Calf girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan.

Source:

UK Anthropometry Survey, Anthroscan.

Definition:

The maximum circumference of the calf while standing with legs straight, feet apart with weight evenly distributed).

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

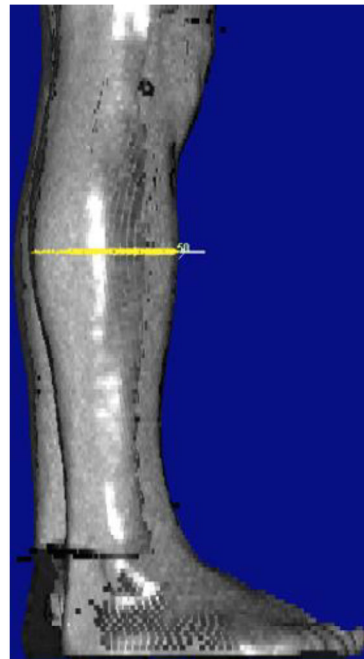
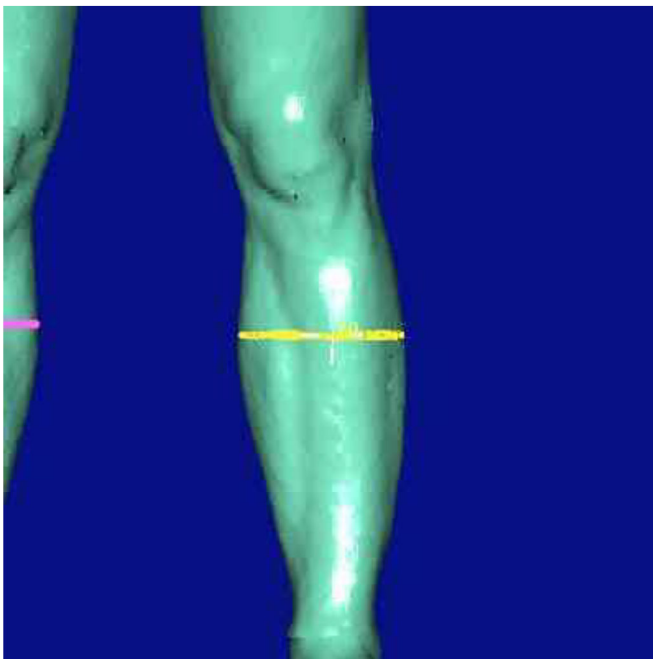
Reference:

Pringle, R. H., Puxley, A. J., Puxley, K. P. M., Turner, G. M., & Tyrell, A. K. (2011). Anthropometry Survey of UK Military Personnel 2006-7 (Issue 3) (QINETIQ/07/01821/3.0): QinetiQ Ltd.

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

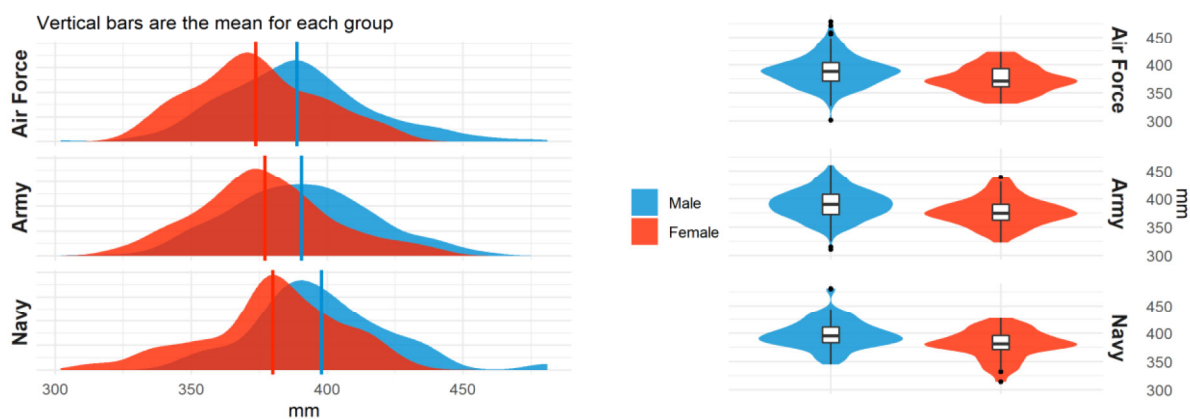
Check the digital tape (yellow line below) is horizontal and uniform around the calf. Confirm visually that the tape passes around the widest point of the calf whilst checking the tape value (increase or decrease) at the bottom of the window.



Calf girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
391	389	391	398	Mean	374	377	380	377
27	27	26	25	SD	23	25	25	24
302	302	311	345	Min	331	323	314	314
481	478	461	481	Max	423	439	427	439
457	458	451	480	P99	421	439	423	430
448	454	446	453	P98	420	431	420	427
442	444	441	440	P97	419	428	417	423
438	439	437	437	P95	416	424	415	418
425	424	424	431	P90	403	411	412	411
418	416	417	422	P85	398	402	406	401
412	408	413	418	P80	395	395	400	396
407	403	408	411	P75	393	390	396	393
403	400	404	407	P70	382	388	395	388
400	396	401	405	P65	379	385	387	384
396	392	397	400	P60	376	382	386	381
393	390	393	397	P55	374	377	383	378
390	388	390	395	P50	371	374	381	375
387	386	387	392	P45	371	374	378	374
384	382	383	390	P40	368	371	378	371
381	377	380	387	P35	365	370	376	369
377	374	376	385	P30	362	365	375	365
373	371	372	384	P25	360	362	371	361
369	367	368	380	P20	353	357	360	356
363	360	363	377	P15	348	352	354	351
358	357	356	370	P10	343	346	344	345
350	349	349	359	P5	339	338	335	338
346	346	346	353	P3	338	336	333	335
342	338	341	352	P2	337	334	329	332
335	333	335	351	P1	335	324	322	325

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Cervicale height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between the seated surface and the Cervicale landmark.

Landmark required:

Seventh cervical vertebra C7 and Seat Pan landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

Look for the highest landmark on the upper back and look for the stickered landmarks. This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the C7 landmark minus the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Seat pan landmark in Posture 3. This calculation is performed in Excel. Measurements are reported in mm.

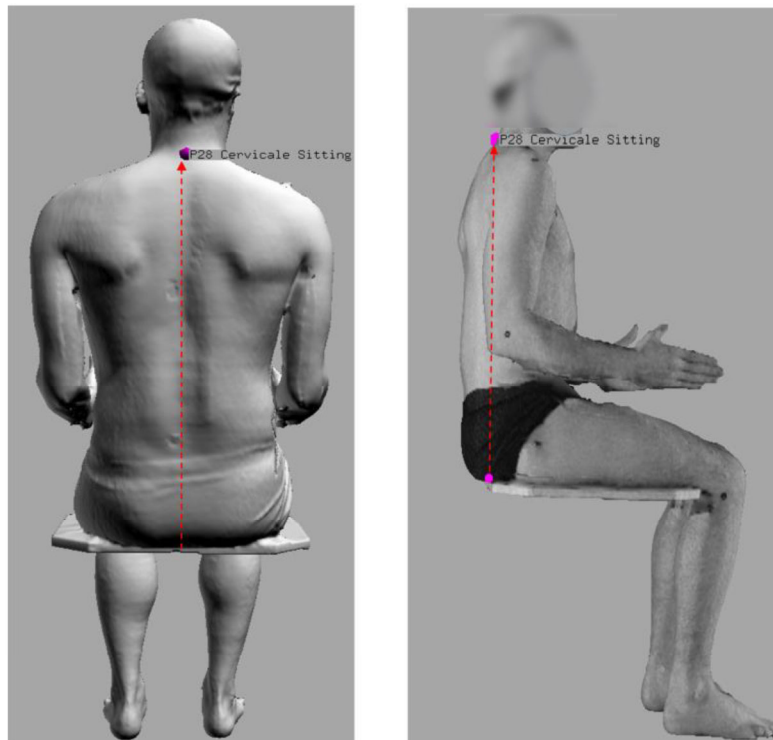
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

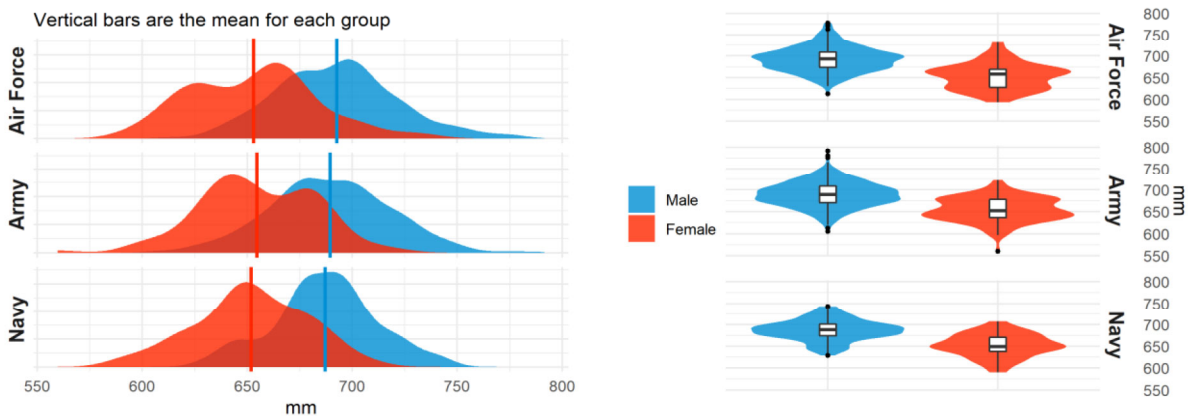
None.



Cervicale height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
690	693	689	687	Mean	653	655	652	653
29	29	29	24	SD	30	28	26	28
605	613	605	629	Min	594	560	590	560
792	778	792	743	Max	732	722	707	732
759	770	755	741	P99	729	711	702	721
751	757	747	739	P98	719	709	697	709
745	752	744	734	P97	706	699	694	705
738	745	737	726	P95	702	694	691	698
725	729	726	719	P90	695	687	685	687
720	723	720	711	P85	679	684	680	681
713	716	714	706	P80	675	679	676	678
708	709	709	701	P75	669	678	671	675
703	705	704	697	P70	667	675	667	669
700	702	701	695	P65	666	671	661	666
697	699	697	693	P60	662	660	658	660
694	697	693	692	P55	660	658	652	658
690	693	689	688	P50	658	652	650	653
686	690	685	683	P45	652	650	649	649
681	684	681	681	P40	646	645	646	645
678	679	677	678	P35	636	641	645	642
675	676	675	676	P30	633	640	643	637
672	673	671	674	P25	627	637	638	635
668	669	666	672	P20	624	636	629	629
661	663	659	663	P15	620	629	623	624
654	656	654	656	P10	616	623	618	618
644	646	642	644	P5	611	609	609	609
637	643	635	643	P3	603	601	601	600
631	639	630	640	P2	600	599	597	599
625	634	623	634	P1	598	596	594	594

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Chest breadth - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal breadth at the height of Bust point, Right (females) or Thelion, Right (males).

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

Use the caliper tool. Highlight a thin horizontal line across the chest. Ensure that the line passes through the centre of the Thelion right (male) and the bust point right (female). Best from the front. Use Y axis caliper. Chest breadth may also encompass the Latissimus dorsi muscle region. It may be easier to identify and place a marker on Thelion right. Then using the caliper tool highlight a thin line above and below the marker. For female participants, first identify the Bust point then use the caliper to highlight a thin line above and below the marker then use the caliper tool to identify the chest breadth (see process below for females). Measurements are reported in mm.

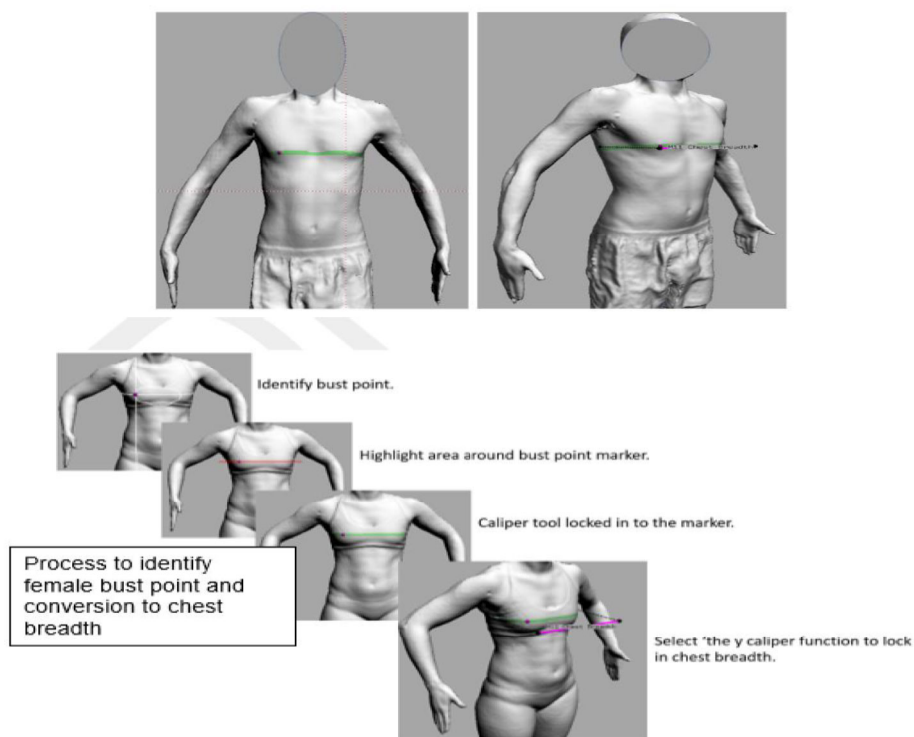
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

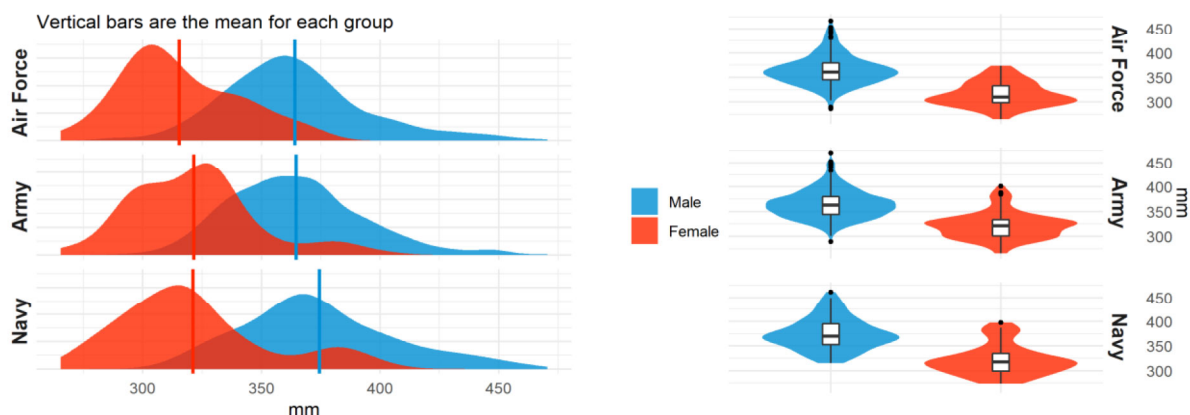
None.



Chest breadth summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
366	364	365	374	Mean	315	321	321	319
29	30	28	32	SD	25	26	31	27
287	287	290	315	Min	265	265	274	265
470	467	470	461	Max	374	401	397	401
449	449	447	450	P99	371	388	393	388
442	441	435	448	P98	368	386	388	386
431	432	426	443	P97	367	385	386	382
420	422	415	435	P95	361	376	382	375
404	404	402	421	P90	350	353	378	355
395	392	392	407	P85	343	342	350	343
388	383	387	400	P80	340	337	340	339
381	379	379	395	P75	333	333	335	333
377	375	376	386	P70	326	331	324	329
373	371	373	379	P65	321	328	322	327
370	368	370	377	P60	316	328	321	323
366	364	366	375	P55	314	326	319	320
363	361	363	370	P50	310	322	318	317
360	358	358	366	P45	307	319	316	313
356	355	356	364	P40	306	313	312	309
353	352	352	363	P35	302	310	307	307
350	349	349	361	P30	300	307	302	302
345	345	344	353	P25	299	300	299	299
341	340	340	348	P20	297	298	297	297
337	336	336	342	P15	295	295	294	295
331	330	331	334	P10	287	293	288	289
324	321	324	328	P5	282	285	278	282
317	316	319	324	P3	280	283	278	278
316	310	316	321	P2	273	276	277	274
308	304	311	318	P1	267	270	276	268

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Chest depth - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The horizontal distance between the Bust point (females) or Thelion (males), and the point on the dorsal surface at the same level, in the sagittal plane.

Landmarks required:

Thelion Bust point and Thelion Bust point projected landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

This measure is a derived measure (post analysis) that was not part of the original CySize protocol. This procedure is performed in an Excel spreadsheet by adding the X coordinates for Thelion Bust point and Thelion Bust point projected to create a straight-line distance. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

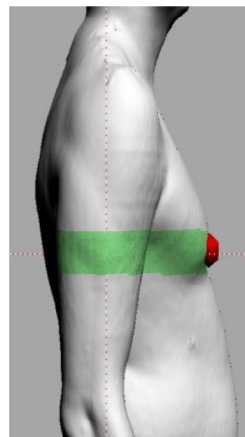
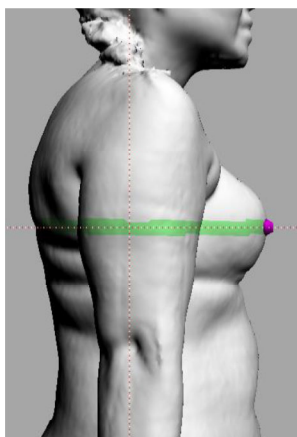
Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

All future Chest depth measurements should use the caliper tool. First identify the Thelion landmark. View the participant from the side. Use the Crosshair tool to correctly align the participants' posture. Highlight an area that is immediately above and below the Thelion landmark. Select the X function (to create a coronal plan) in the Caliper tool to calculate the depth.

There are three options for this measurement:

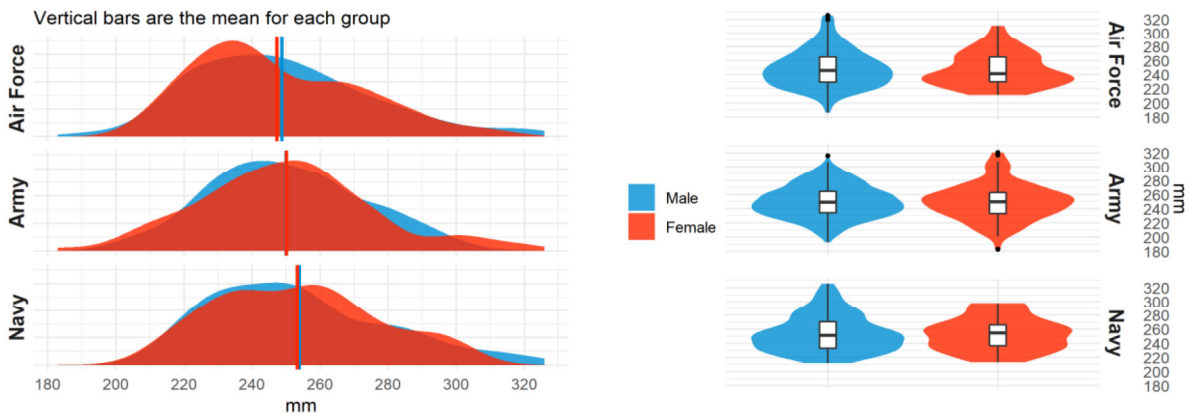
1. The anterior-posterior distance in a sagittal plane as described.
2. The point to point distance at the same level (i.e. on a transverse plane, but not in a sagittal plane).
3. The perpendicular planar distance which represents the theoretical minimum space occupancy for a person between the most anterior and most posterior points on the torso.



Chest depth summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
250	249	250	254	Mean	247	250	253	250
24	26	23	26	SD	24	26	24	25
186	186	193	212	Min	211	183	213	183
326	326	316	326	Max	310	321	298	321
315	320	301	318	P99	308	317	298	310
304	317	296	315	P98	302	308	297	306
298	310	293	311	P97	296	305	297	301
292	297	289	304	P95	287	301	297	297
283	284	281	288	P90	283	279	289	283
277	278	276	284	P85	273	274	278	274
271	268	270	279	P80	268	271	273	271
265	265	265	271	P75	265	263	266	265
262	260	262	261	P70	261	260	264	261
258	255	259	258	P65	257	258	261	258
254	253	255	255	P60	248	256	259	256
251	249	251	253	P55	244	254	257	252
248	246	249	251	P50	241	250	255	247
245	242	246	248	P45	239	246	251	244
242	239	243	245	P40	236	244	243	240
238	236	239	238	P35	234	241	239	238
236	233	236	237	P30	232	237	237	235
233	229	234	233	P25	230	233	237	232
229	225	230	231	P20	227	231	233	230
226	222	227	229	P15	222	224	229	223
221	219	222	223	P10	221	217	222	220
215	215	214	221	P5	215	210	219	213
210	211	209	219	P3	214	205	218	211
206	205	206	218	P2	213	204	217	210
203	199	203	217	P1	212	201	215	205

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Chest height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a horizontal sitting surface and the chest point anterior landmark.

Landmarks required:

Thelion (male)/Bust point (female) and Seat Pan top landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Thelion landmark in posture 3 minus the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Seat pan marker. This calculation is performed in an Excel spreadsheet. Measurements are reported in mm.

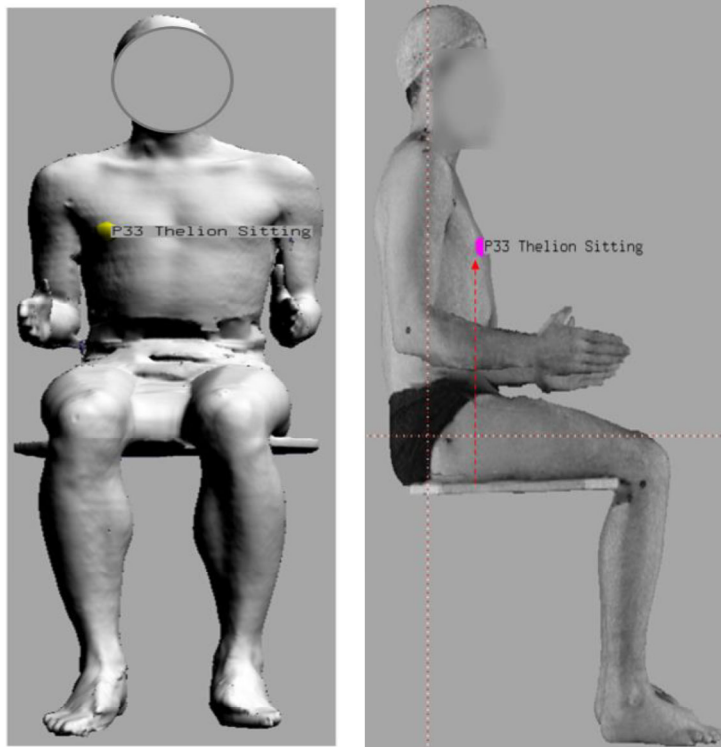
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

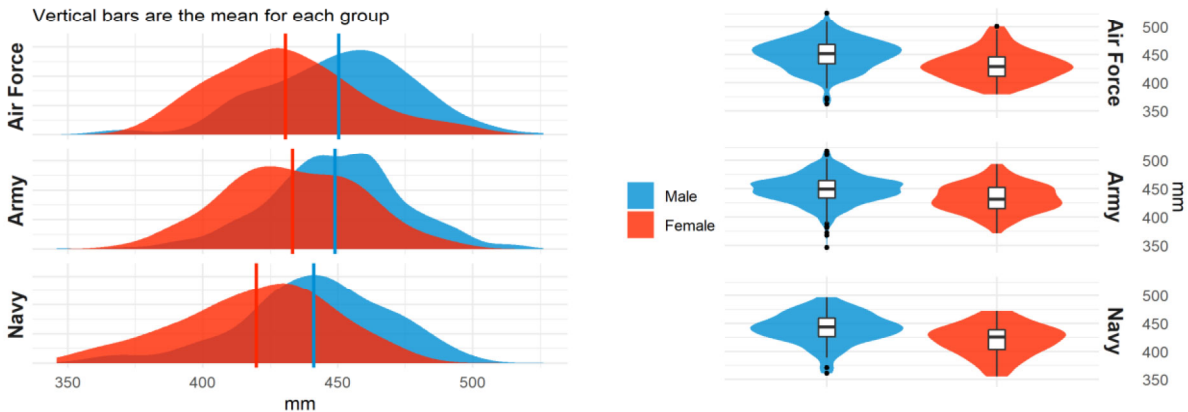
Ensure that the participant is sitting erect (and not leaning forward).



Chest height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
448	450	449	441	Mean	431	433	420	430
26	28	25	27	SD	27	25	28	27
346	362	346	361	Min	379	372	355	355
526	526	518	497	Max	500	493	472	500
508	508	510	491	P99	496	487	470	493
498	500	498	490	P98	491	483	467	486
495	497	495	486	P97	486	477	466	480
491	492	491	481	P95	480	474	462	473
481	483	480	475	P90	464	463	452	463
474	478	473	470	P85	457	458	447	457
469	472	467	465	P80	451	456	440	452
465	468	464	459	P75	446	452	438	447
463	465	462	455	P70	444	448	437	444
460	463	459	452	P65	441	444	433	441
456	460	456	447	P60	434	441	428	436
453	455	453	445	P55	431	435	427	431
449	452	449	443	P50	429	432	425	428
446	449	446	439	P45	425	428	419	426
443	446	443	437	P40	424	426	413	424
439	441	441	433	P35	422	422	411	420
436	436	437	428	P30	415	420	408	415
432	433	434	426	P25	412	415	404	411
428	426	430	422	P20	408	412	397	408
422	420	424	417	P15	403	409	388	403
415	414	417	405	P10	398	400	382	395
406	408	407	394	P5	390	392	369	387
396	402	399	382	P3	388	388	365	382
390	393	394	371	P2	388	386	363	380
372	372	387	370	P1	385	384	359	368

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Crotch height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between the standing surface and the digitally identified crotch landmark.

Landmark required:

Crotch landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

The Crotch landmark is the inferior point of the groin, on the right side of the male genitalia (if obstructing). With "Colour" mode off, identify the point on the crotch that a caliper coming in from the bottom would hit first (angle participant so that you are viewing their crotch from their foot). Add X-axis and Y-loops. Ensure the point marker is not on the upper thigh. Skip if it is unclear (due to crotch webbing caused by the upper thighs being too close together) or if the participant is wearing loose or 'baggy' shorts. Check from the side view using the Wire mesh mode. As measured in AWAS Section 7.1.19 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

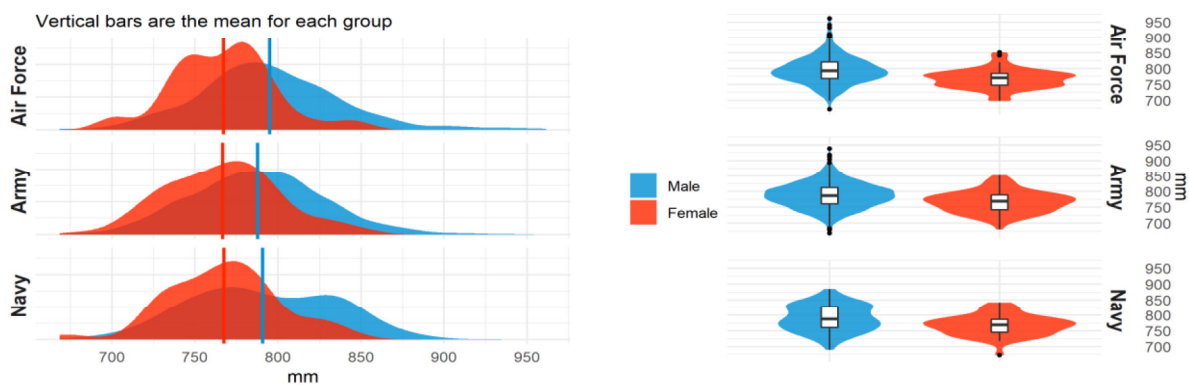
None.



Crotch height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
790	795	788	791	Mean	767	767	767	767
42	44	41	43	SD	31	34	34	33
668	671	668	689	Min	698	680	673	673
962	962	938	886	Max	851	852	842	852
904	929	888	870	P99	845	848	837	847
882	906	876	867	P98	842	836	832	842
869	890	868	864	P97	838	832	830	834
860	868	856	858	P95	819	831	827	829
841	848	838	842	P90	798	805	814	803
832	835	829	839	P85	794	798	793	796
824	825	820	834	P80	789	793	792	792
816	821	812	828	P75	784	789	786	787
809	815	808	817	P70	782	783	783	782
805	806	804	810	P65	778	779	780	779
799	801	798	806	P60	777	777	777	777
794	796	792	791	P55	774	771	770	773
788	793	787	787	P50	770	768	769	769
784	787	782	781	P45	765	764	763	763
779	783	779	776	P40	756	758	761	758
774	777	772	771	P35	755	751	757	754
768	774	767	766	P30	749	749	749	749
763	768	761	760	P25	747	742	746	744
756	763	754	751	P20	742	736	737	739
747	756	743	748	P15	739	731	733	733
737	741	737	736	P10	734	725	728	728
726	727	725	729	P5	720	714	726	714
716	722	715	717	P3	704	711	719	706
710	716	710	713	P2	701	705	710	703
703	706	703	706	P1	699	703	692	698

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Crotch length - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan.

Source:

Anthroscan, UK Anthropometry Survey.

Definition:

The minimum surface distance between front waist level and back waist, (Code 6510) via the crotch.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb pointed forward.

Procedure:

See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

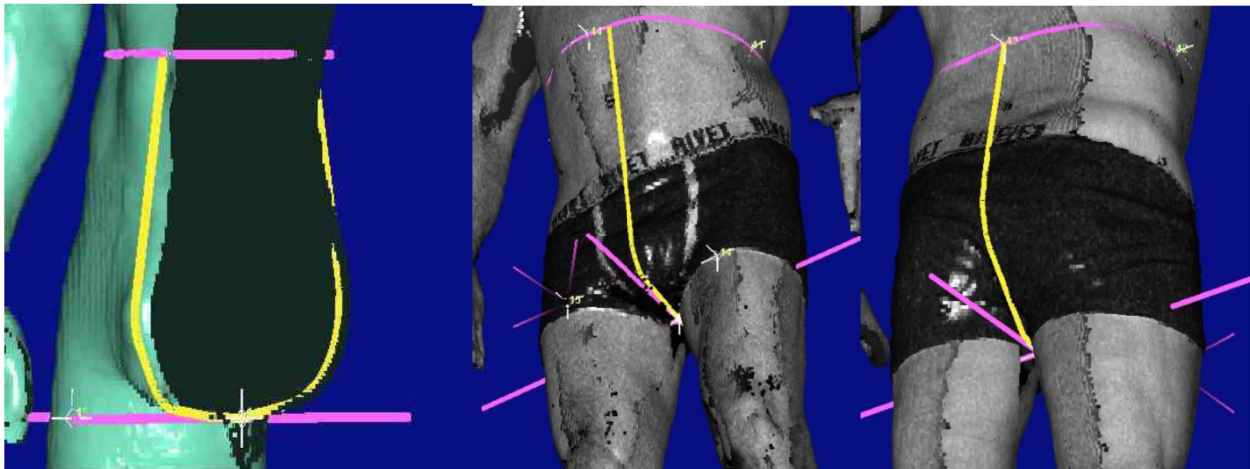
Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Pringle, R. H., Puxley, A. J., Puxley, K. P. M., Turner, G. M., & Tyrell, A. K. (2011). Anthropometry Survey of UK Military Personnel 2006-7 (Issue 3) (QINETIQ/07/01821/3.0): QinetiQ Ltd.

Notes:

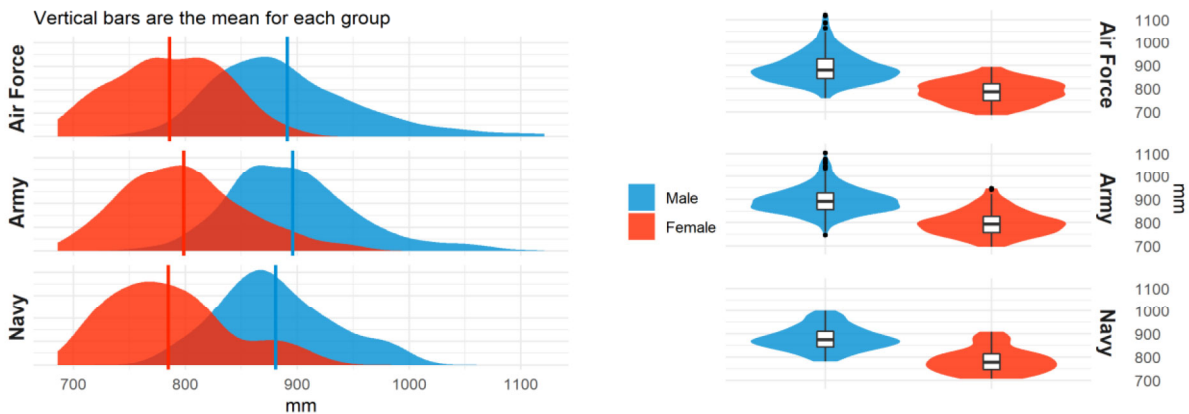
Check that the digital tape (yellow line below) is vertical on both the anterior and posterior ends.



Crotch length summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
893	891	896	881	Mean	786	799	785	792
59	66	57	50	SD	49	54	53	52
747	758	747	781	Min	686	697	707	686
1121	1121	1104	1000	Max	893	947	908	947
1065	1088	1064	987	P99	886	941	904	920
1047	1060	1046	984	P98	878	923	900	898
1029	1045	1029	983	P97	870	900	895	897
1003	1020	1005	978	P95	856	897	885	887
971	981	970	950	P90	848	867	869	861
951	958	951	936	P85	838	851	828	849
937	939	939	924	P80	831	846	817	834
926	928	927	911	P75	820	827	814	820
917	916	919	902	P70	817	820	808	816
907	902	911	894	P65	810	813	802	810
900	894	904	884	P60	803	808	791	804
892	886	898	878	P55	798	802	786	796
886	878	891	874	P50	785	794	777	790
878	874	883	869	P45	776	791	769	780
872	868	876	867	P40	770	781	766	773
867	862	870	859	P35	767	775	762	767
859	851	862	852	P30	763	766	753	763
852	843	856	844	P25	748	758	746	756
845	837	851	839	P20	742	756	740	745
837	831	844	834	P15	726	746	728	738
825	818	832	825	P10	722	737	722	724
808	806	816	804	P5	706	720	716	712
802	800	803	798	P3	700	709	712	707
795	789	798	792	P2	699	707	710	703
778	776	779	787	P1	695	705	709	698

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Crotch waist preferred anterior - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The surface distance between the Crotch and Waist preferred anterior landmark.

Landmarks required:

Crotch and Waist preferred anterior landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

This measure is the surface distance (a function that mimics an anthropometric tape) between the Crotch and Waist preferred anterior landmarks. Measurements are reported in mm.

References:

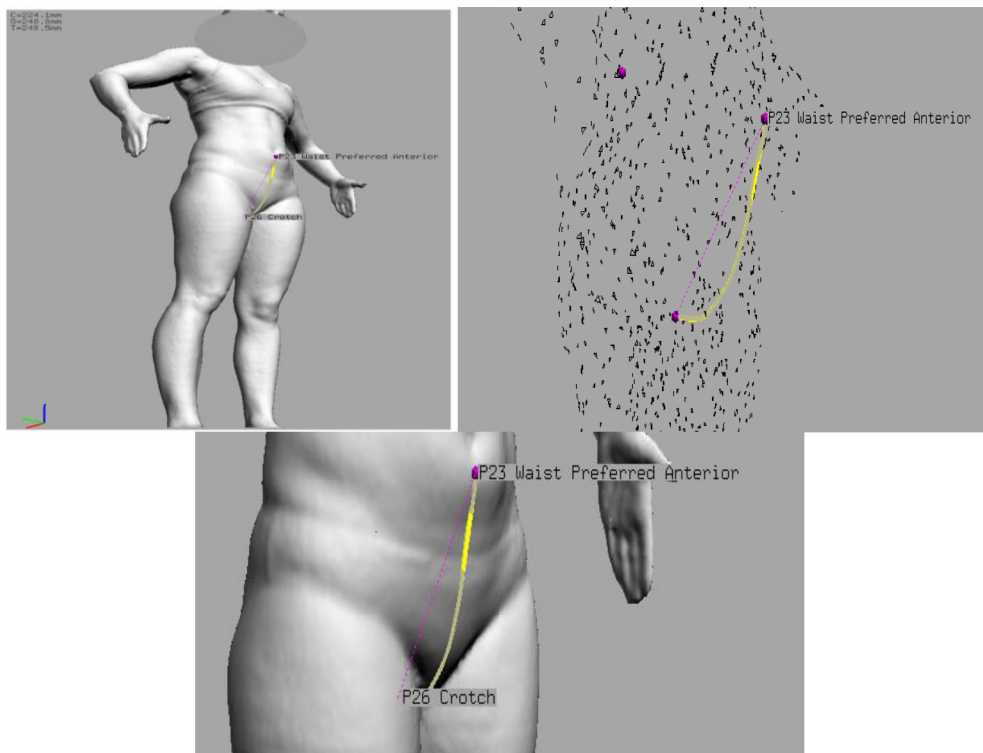
Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

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Notes:

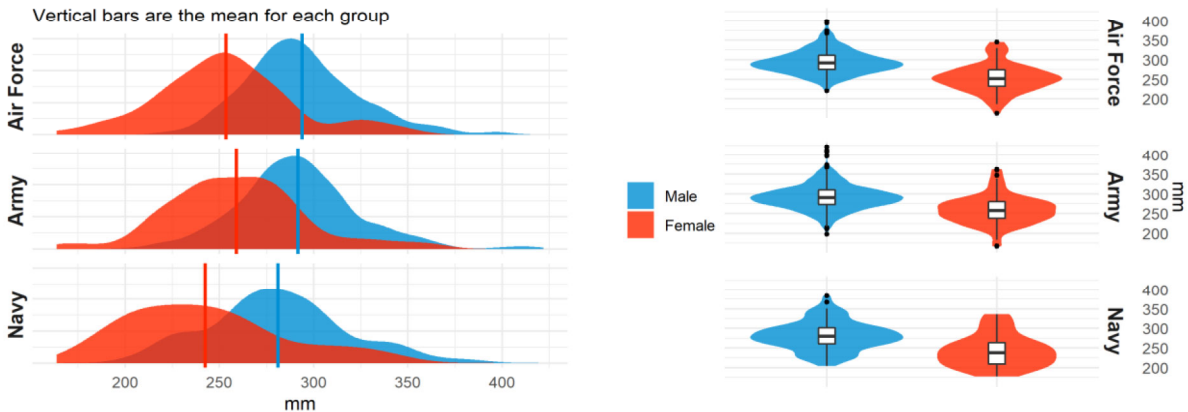
If crotch cannot be identified, then it will not be possible to acquire this measure.



Crotch waist preferred anterior summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
291	294	292	281	Mean	254	259	242	254
32	30	32	37	SD	36	36	41	38
198	221	198	204	Min	164	168	177	164
422	399	422	383	Max	345	362	337	362
385	373	397	369	P99	345	360	335	347
367	366	365	355	P98	339	348	333	344
357	360	357	349	P97	329	340	331	335
348	347	351	345	P95	324	328	326	327
334	335	333	332	P90	290	298	303	302
321	322	320	315	P85	283	288	287	286
314	316	313	305	P80	278	284	268	282
309	311	310	301	P75	274	280	263	275
303	306	304	297	P70	265	275	260	270
299	300	300	294	P65	262	271	256	264
296	297	296	288	P60	257	267	248	261
293	294	294	281	P55	254	263	240	256
290	291	290	279	P50	252	258	237	252
286	288	287	277	P45	250	254	234	249
282	284	283	273	P40	247	249	228	243
279	281	279	266	P35	242	243	224	239
276	278	277	262	P30	237	240	213	236
272	275	272	260	P25	232	238	209	230
267	270	268	253	P20	226	232	206	223
261	266	262	240	P15	221	222	205	217
253	259	254	231	P10	212	218	196	207
240	250	241	223	P5	194	211	192	195
232	247	235	222	P3	189	200	183	187
224	242	226	219	P2	188	182	179	180
221	237	220	210	P1	180	168	178	169

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Crotch waist preferred posterior - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The surface distance between the Crotch and Waist preferred posterior landmark.

Landmarks required:

Crotch and Waist preferred posterior landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2 Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

This measure is the tape distance between the Crotch and Waist preferred posterior landmarks. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

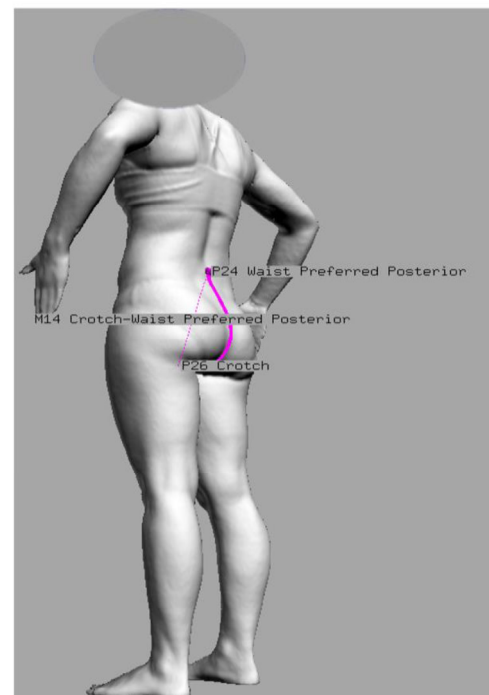
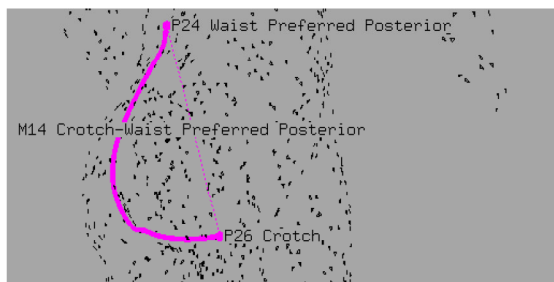
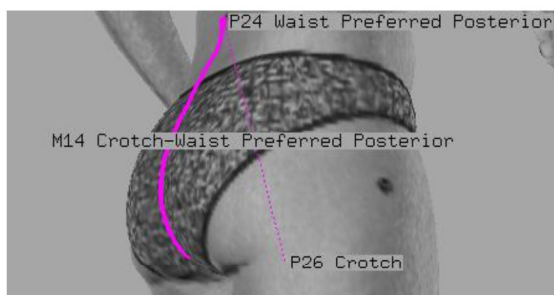
Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

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Notes:

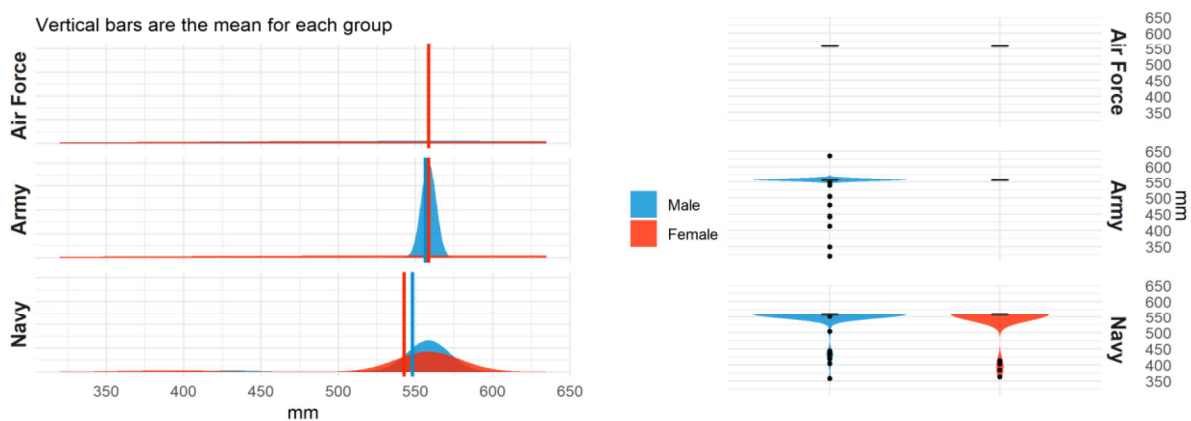
If crotch cannot be identified, then this measure will not be possible.



Crotch waist preferred posterior summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
556	558	556	548	Mean	558	558	543	555
19	0	18	37	SD	0	0	50	23
320	558	320	357	Min	558	558	362	362
635	558	635	558	Max	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P99	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P98	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P97	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P95	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P90	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P85	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P80	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P75	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P70	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P65	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P60	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P55	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P50	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P45	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P40	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P35	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P30	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P25	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P20	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P15	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	558	P10	558	558	558	558
558	558	558	438	P5	558	558	403	558
558	558	558	428	P3	558	558	388	558
548	558	556	415	P2	558	558	380	558
441	558	473	398	P1	558	558	371	404

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Elbow girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan.

Source:

Anthroscan, CFAS.

Definition:

Elbow perimeter measured on the right arm with a line passing the olecranon and the antecubital fossa (arm front hollow).

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

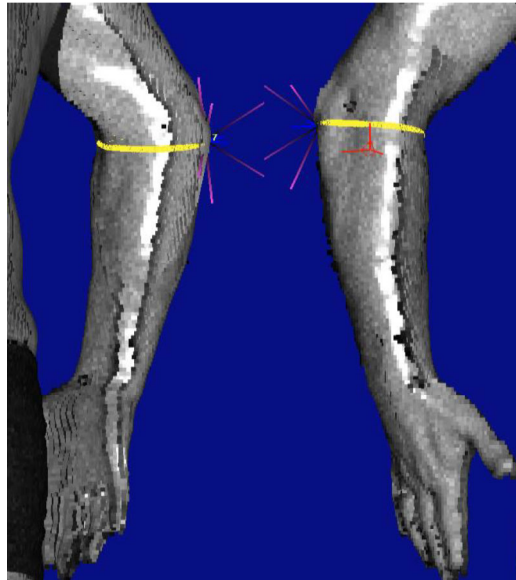
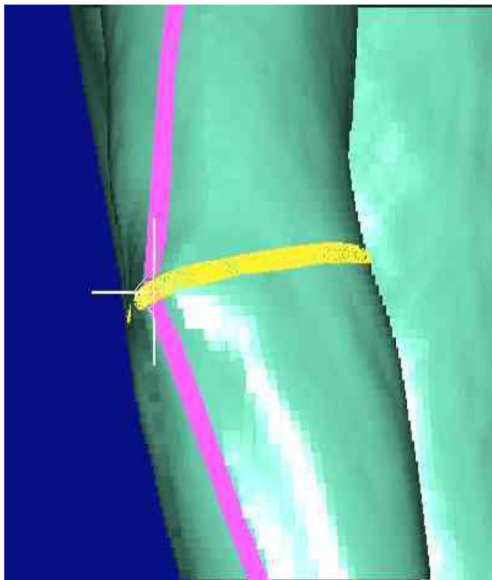
Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Keefe, A., H. Angel, and B. Mangan, 2012 Canadian Forces Anthropometric Survey (CFAS) – Final report. 2015, Défense Research and Development Canada: Toronto, Canada.

Notes:

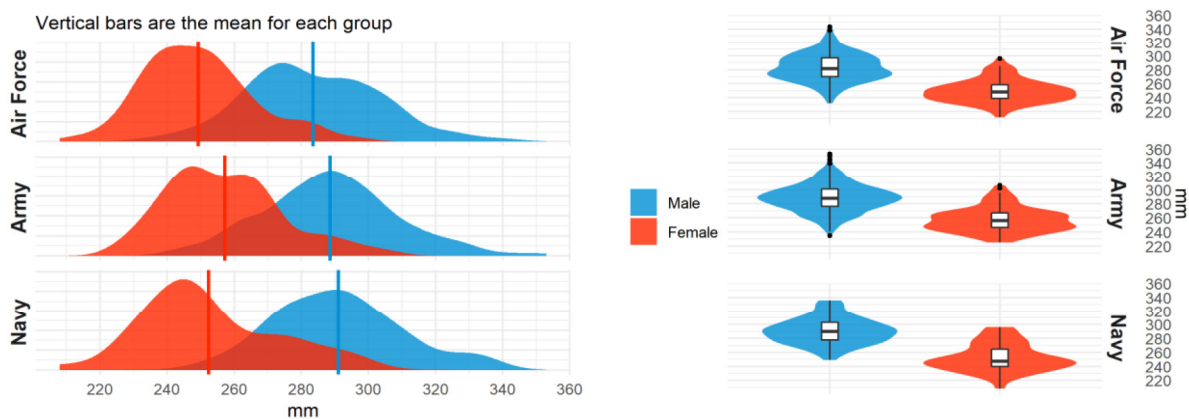
Check that the digital tape (yellow line below) is horizontal, ideally passing through the inner crease of the elbow and the olecranon process (tip of the elbow). The accuracy of this measurement is affected by the degree of flexion at the elbow.



Elbow girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
287	283	289	291	Mean	249	257	252	254
20	20	20	19	SD	16	17	20	18
232	232	235	249	Min	212	225	208	208
353	343	353	336	Max	296	306	296	306
338	334	340	335	P99	288	302	296	296
331	326	331	334	P98	284	296	295	296
328	324	328	331	P97	283	293	294	293
324	316	324	329	P95	282	289	291	287
312	308	314	316	P90	272	282	277	277
308	305	309	309	P85	265	271	277	271
303	300	304	307	P80	262	269	272	268
300	297	301	303	P75	258	267	264	264
297	294	298	300	P70	255	265	258	262
294	292	295	296	P65	254	263	254	258
292	288	293	294	P60	252	261	252	255
290	285	291	292	P55	250	258	248	254
287	282	288	290	P50	248	256	247	250
285	278	286	289	P45	247	252	247	248
282	277	284	285	P40	243	250	246	247
279	274	281	282	P35	242	248	243	246
277	272	278	279	P30	240	246	243	243
274	270	276	278	P25	239	246	240	241
271	267	272	275	P20	236	242	238	239
266	264	267	271	P15	234	240	233	236
262	261	263	269	P10	231	238	231	233
256	253	257	263	P5	228	234	228	230
251	248	253	258	P3	223	230	226	227
248	245	248	257	P2	222	229	222	225
243	240	245	256	P1	219	228	215	222

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Elbow grip length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Measurement rod, and a narrow cylindrical object with a known diameter such as a whiteboard pen. Full-length anthropometer, ideally made of solid steel. The anthropometer typically comes in 4 sections. When combined, one end of the rod contains a stationary or fixed arm or 'prong', the other prong is free to move up and down while at a right angles to the rod. There are typically two anthropometer scales that run opposite each other.

Source:

ISO 7250.

Definition:

The horizontal distance from a back wall to the grip centre point (defined as the centre of a measurement rod with a known diameter) grip with elbow bent at a 90 degree angle.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The assessor stands to the right side of the participant in front of the elbow. This position enables the assessor to support the weight of the anthropometer evenly, and be in a position to see both prongs (the fixed end and the measurement end).

Procedure:

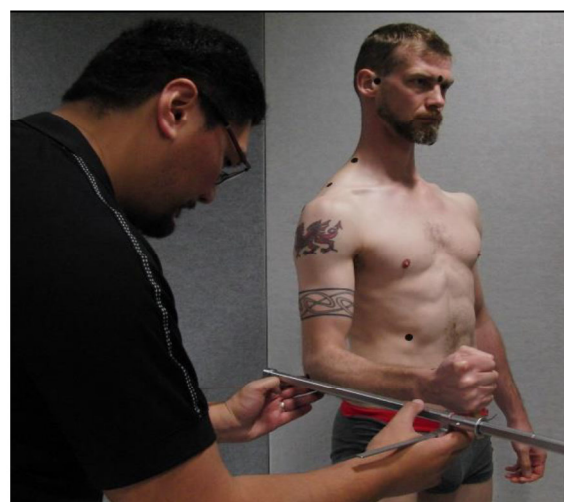
The 'inside' edge of the fixed prong touching the most posterior inferior aspect of the elbow (Olecranon), to the inside edge of the sliding prong touching the most anterior surface of the measurement rod. Extend the opposite prong 5 cm beyond the rod. Slowly push the prong towards the rod until it touches it. Check that anthropometer shaft is vertical, its arm is horizontal and then take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Subtract the known radius of the measurement rod from the measurement (the measure should be from the Olecranon to the centre of the rod).

Reference:

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Notes:

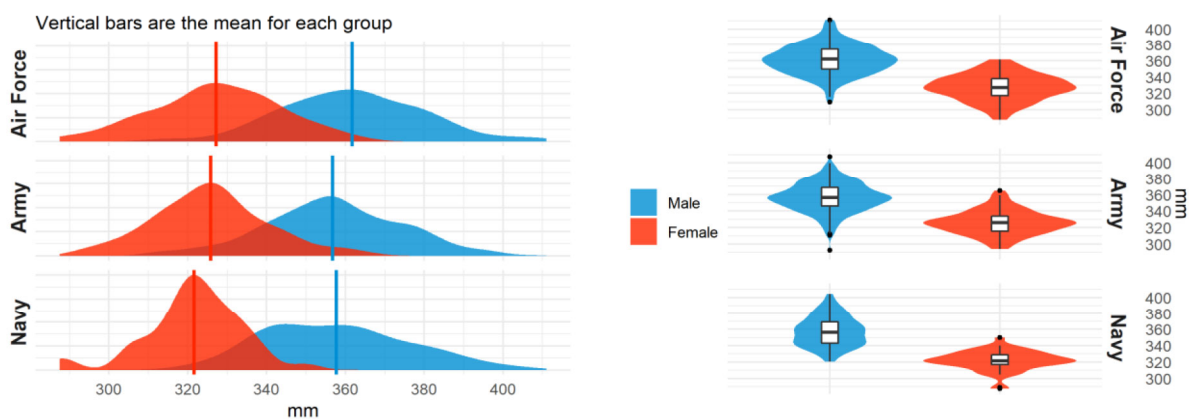
The right arm must be at a 90 degree angle. If the elbow position is difficult to locate, palpate the elbow with the left middle finger whilst holding the anthropometer horizontally (like Head depth caliper technique). The rod must be held tight and in a vertical position. If not, the rod will be unstable. This will result in the prong 'pushing' the rod backwards thus giving a false reading. Lengthen or shorten the anthropometer (by adding or removing sections of the rod) to suit the arm length of the participant. Ensure the prong is based securely, and square to the wall for stability. Be aware of handling the prong tip to avoid injuring the participant. The scribe observes and confirms whether the participant's arm is straight and horizontal to the floor immediately before the reading. The anthropometer and arm centre should be at the same height.



Elbow grip length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
358	362	357	358	Mean	327	326	322	325
18	18	18	18	SD	16	14	12	15
292	310	292	320	Min	288	294	288	288
411	411	408	404	Max	361	365	350	365
400	408	396	399	P99	360	360	346	360
396	402	394	396	P98	357	359	342	359
392	397	390	392	P97	354	358	340	354
387	390	385	388	P95	353	349	338	350
381	384	379	384	P90	348	344	335	344
378	380	376	378	P85	342	341	333	340
374	378	372	376	P80	340	337	331	338
370	374	368	369	P75	338	334	329	335
367	370	366	366	P70	337	331	327	332
364	367	363	364	P65	335	329	326	329
362	366	360	362	P60	331	328	324	328
360	363	358	360	P55	328	327	323	327
358	362	356	356	P50	327	326	322	326
356	359	356	354	P45	326	324	321	324
354	357	352	351	P40	325	323	320	322
351	355	350	348	P35	322	321	320	321
349	352	348	345	P30	321	318	318	318
346	349	346	343	P25	317	316	317	316
344	346	343	341	P20	313	314	314	314
340	343	339	339	P15	310	312	311	311
336	340	336	337	P10	305	307	307	306
329	334	326	333	P5	302	303	305	303
324	329	321	327	P3	297	299	293	296
320	327	318	327	P2	293	297	289	294
314	316	312	325	P1	290	294	288	289

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Elbow rest height standing - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometer and anthropometry box. The stadiometer sits on the anthropometric box which is aligned with its long axis vertically.

Source:

ISO 7250.

Definition:

The horizontal distance from the back of the elbow to the grip with elbow flexed at a right angle.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands with feet together to the left side of the anthropometry box (outer right leg touching the left side of the box) with their arm in a 90 degree angle. The assessor kneels behind the participant and the box. Both participant and assessor are facing the same direction.

Procedure:

Measure from the most inferior surface of the elbow (Olecranon) to the most superior surface of the anthropometry box when the participant is at "end tidal" of the breathing cycle. Ensure the measure is taken from the 'outside' or superior edge of the sliding prong (whilst touching the olecranon). Measure to the nearest 0.1 cm. Apply a correction factor for elbow grip height = Olecranon to anthropometry box surface distance + anthropometer prong/arm width + box height.

Reference:

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Notes:

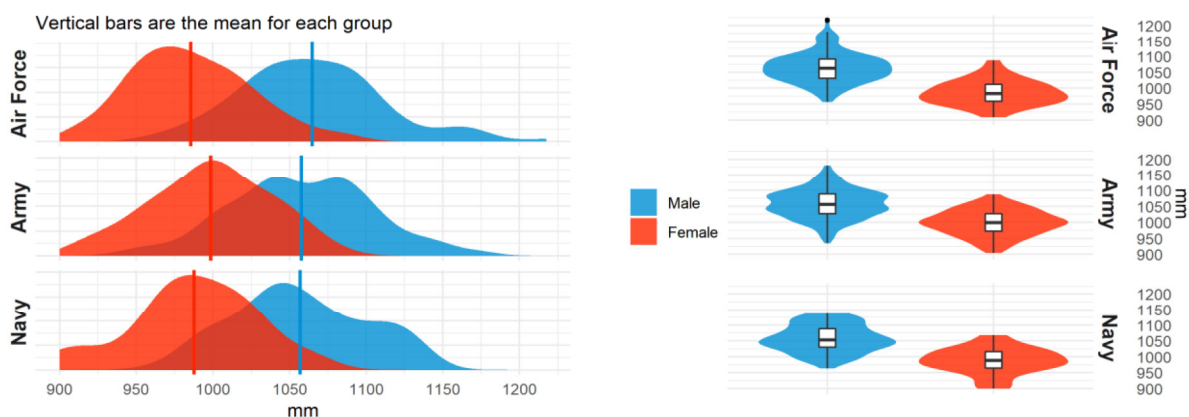
If the anthropometry box is too short consider using another object such as a sturdy desk or table. Make sure the fixed prong outer surface is square with the surface of the anthropometry box. Ensure the anthropometer is vertical. Participants with a wider than normal Lattisimus Dorsi have elbows abducted from the body altering the height of the elbow. Take the measure at 'end tidal' to avoid inaccuracies due to breathing (vertical movements to the torso caused by fluctuations in the diaphragm). Participants are encouraged to relax throughout. The long axis of the triceps should ideally be perpendicular to the anthropometry box surface. However, the long axis of the triceps will only be perpendicular to the box surface if the participant is sufficiently slender or lean to enable the arm to hang vertically, a condition which is not the case in the example depicted.



Elbow rest height standing summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1059	1065	1058	1057	Mean	986	998	988	992
46	47	46	43	SD	39	40	40	40
934	956	934	964	Min	908	904	900	900
1218	1218	1181	1138	Max	1087	1087	1068	1087
1173	1180	1165	1134	P99	1081	1073	1065	1078
1162	1172	1150	1134	P98	1072	1070	1061	1069
1150	1166	1148	1129	P97	1062	1065	1058	1064
1138	1161	1137	1125	P95	1050	1060	1054	1059
1116	1120	1114	1122	P90	1035	1050	1031	1044
1105	1106	1103	1111	P85	1022	1041	1026	1034
1096	1096	1096	1100	P80	1016	1034	1022	1026
1090	1092	1089	1088	P75	1012	1027	1016	1020
1084	1088	1083	1080	P70	1007	1023	1008	1011
1078	1078	1078	1071	P65	999	1011	1003	1008
1072	1075	1072	1064	P60	992	1008	999	1002
1065	1068	1065	1058	P55	987	1004	996	998
1057	1062	1056	1052	P50	983	999	989	992
1051	1057	1050	1049	P45	976	995	984	988
1046	1050	1044	1044	P40	973	991	978	981
1040	1044	1038	1038	P35	967	986	975	974
1034	1039	1034	1033	P30	962	979	972	971
1029	1031	1026	1030	P25	959	972	964	964
1021	1026	1017	1020	P20	950	964	962	959
1011	1018	1009	1010	P15	947	956	953	950
1001	1007	999	997	P10	943	948	934	942
985	994	984	990	P5	925	929	907	924
975	982	969	986	P3	924	922	904	918
963	978	959	984	P2	917	918	903	909
955	964	952	982	P1	911	917	901	905

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Eye height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ISO 7250, NZDFAS

Definition:

The vertical distance from the floor to the lateral corner of the eye. The head is in the Frankfort plane.

Landmark required:

Ectocanthus landmark (lateral corner of the right eye).

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Ectocanthus landmark. Ensure that the point marker is NOT on the crease of the eye. Measurements are reported in mm. Located visually.

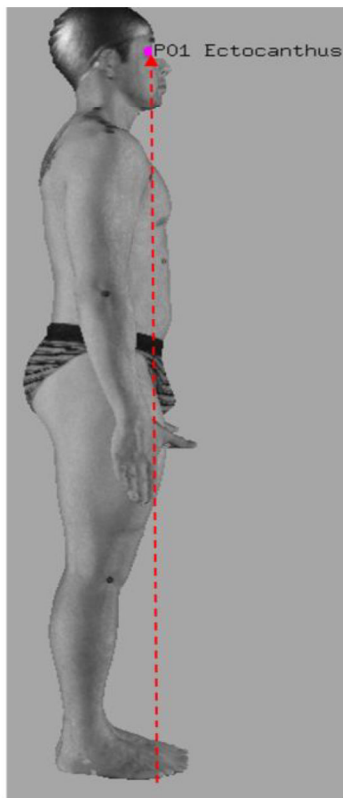
Reference:

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

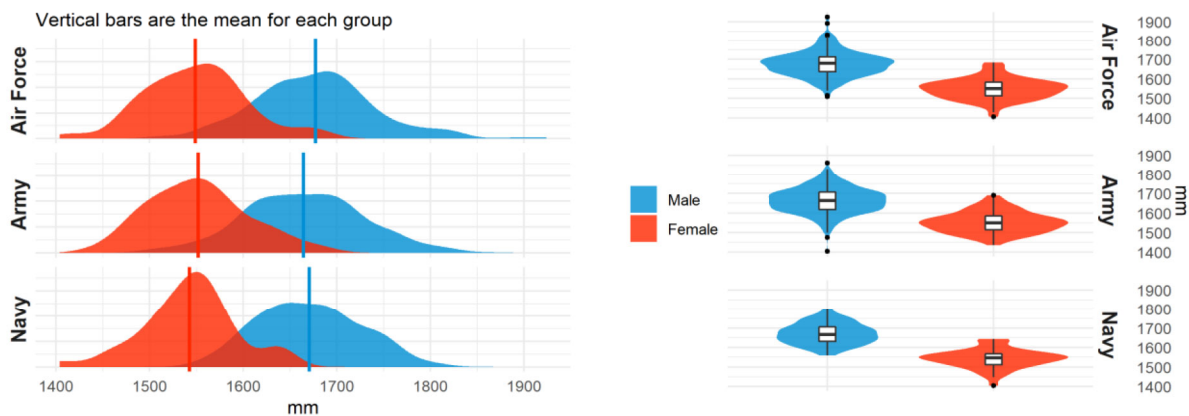
Ensure that the participant stands erect without 'hunching'.



Eye height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1669	1677	1664	1671	Mean	1549	1552	1543	1549
64	65	65	54	SD	54	54	50	53
1404	1508	1404	1559	Min	1406	1436	1405	1405
1924	1924	1862	1804	Max	1684	1691	1645	1691
1824	1830	1817	1789	P99	1679	1678	1643	1677
1809	1823	1799	1768	P98	1673	1671	1641	1669
1795	1815	1790	1760	P97	1666	1657	1640	1659
1774	1794	1768	1756	P95	1646	1643	1638	1640
1751	1754	1751	1746	P90	1614	1624	1594	1621
1732	1734	1731	1734	P85	1592	1611	1588	1596
1719	1723	1716	1719	P80	1586	1591	1572	1587
1709	1713	1707	1707	P75	1583	1584	1568	1581
1701	1704	1699	1696	P70	1576	1577	1563	1571
1693	1700	1691	1691	P65	1568	1568	1561	1565
1685	1692	1681	1686	P60	1565	1561	1552	1561
1678	1684	1674	1681	P55	1557	1554	1549	1554
1667	1679	1663	1667	P50	1551	1550	1546	1549
1659	1669	1656	1659	P45	1540	1544	1543	1543
1651	1661	1647	1651	P40	1536	1537	1536	1536
1643	1651	1637	1645	P35	1529	1529	1532	1529
1634	1643	1628	1640	P30	1518	1521	1522	1519
1625	1636	1619	1632	P25	1513	1515	1512	1513
1615	1625	1612	1619	P20	1504	1504	1511	1504
1606	1612	1602	1611	P15	1495	1495	1499	1495
1593	1601	1585	1603	P10	1482	1486	1484	1482
1568	1571	1556	1592	P5	1474	1475	1464	1471
1549	1566	1546	1579	P3	1472	1464	1451	1464
1541	1559	1524	1571	P2	1446	1463	1440	1448
1515	1541	1506	1565	P1	1421	1451	1422	1428

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Eye height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

Sitting surface to the Ectocanthus landmark.

Landmark required:

Ectocanthus.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

In CySize use the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of Ectocanthus. Measurements are reported in mm.

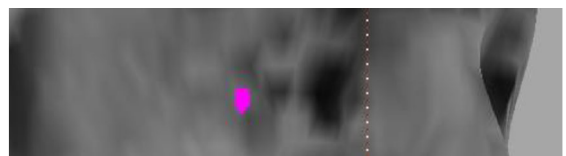
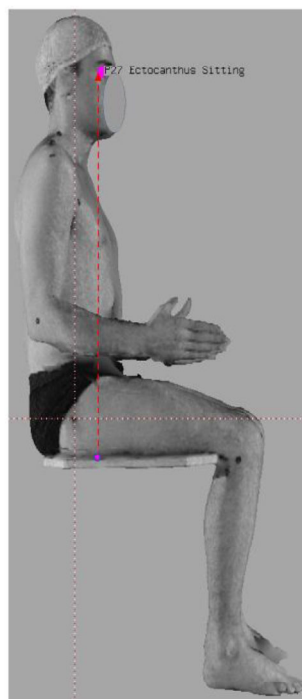
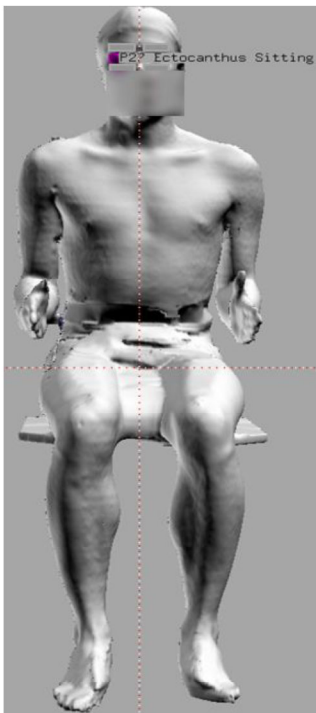
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

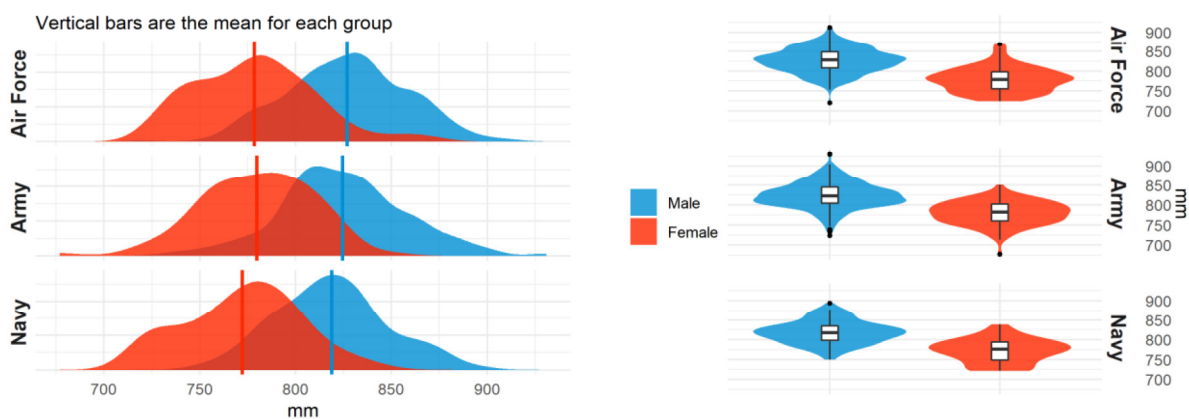
Ensure that the participant is sitting erect ideally with the head in the Frankfort plane.



Eye height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
825	827	825	819	Mean	778	780	772	778
32	31	33	29	SD	31	30	30	30
720	720	724	750	Min	724	677	722	677
931	912	931	894	Max	868	851	839	868
901	893	903	879	P99	863	834	833	850
891	888	895	877	P98	855	829	826	838
886	882	888	875	P97	844	825	823	829
880	876	882	873	P95	827	823	820	824
866	867	867	860	P90	811	817	808	812
860	862	860	847	P85	809	809	799	808
851	856	851	841	P80	805	806	795	804
844	849	845	834	P75	797	802	794	798
839	840	839	832	P70	792	796	789	794
836	838	836	828	P65	787	793	786	789
831	836	830	827	P60	785	789	780	786
828	832	827	820	P55	782	786	778	783
824	828	823	817	P50	778	782	776	778
819	823	818	815	P45	776	777	770	776
815	820	815	813	P40	774	773	768	772
812	814	811	808	P35	764	767	765	766
808	810	807	804	P30	761	764	758	761
804	808	804	798	P25	755	760	749	758
800	801	800	794	P20	748	756	746	750
795	794	796	787	P15	744	751	735	745
784	784	785	783	P10	739	745	725	738
773	776	772	776	P5	732	731	723	728
764	771	762	766	P3	732	726	722	724
759	771	755	765	P2	731	721	722	722
749	763	745	762	P1	729	712	722	722

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Foot ball circumference - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometry tape.

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The circumference around the first metatarsophalangeal protrusion and fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusion

Landmarks required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant assumes a relaxed standing position with the feet comfortably apart and body weight evenly distributed. The arms are hanging by the sides.

Procedure:

The assessor visually inspects the foot for the first and fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusion before placing the tape around these sites. The tape may require constant adjusting and will require a few prompts to the participant to raise their foot, reposition the tape then lower the foot. Take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

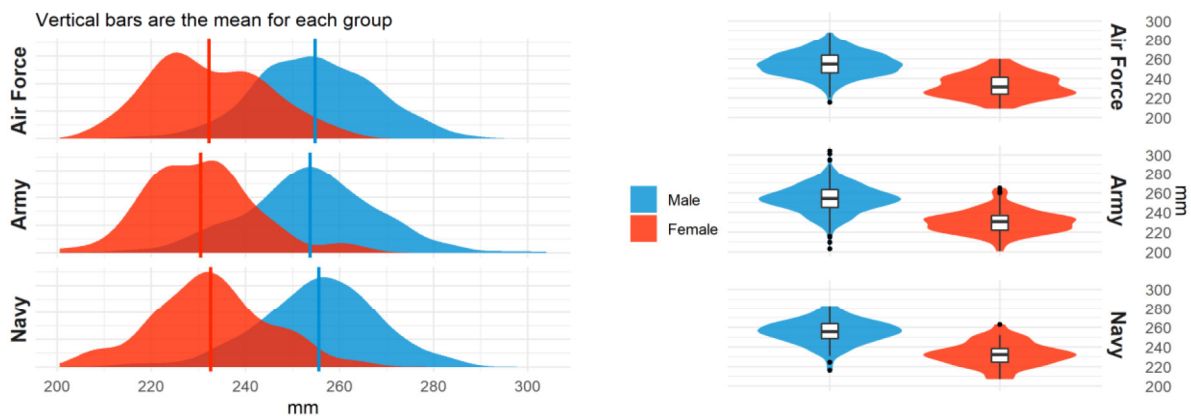
The first and fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusions are not necessarily horizontal in position, therefore the tape may not be perpendicular to the long axis of the foot.



Foot ball circumference summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
254	255	254	256	Mean	232	230	233	232
14	13	14	13	SD	12	12	12	12
203	216	203	216	Min	209	200	207	200
304	288	304	283	Max	260	265	263	265
285	281	286	283	P99	259	261	259	261
283	279	284	281	P98	257	260	254	260
280	278	280	278	P97	255	258	252	257
276	276	275	275	P95	252	248	252	252
271	270	272	271	P90	249	244	249	247
268	268	268	266	P85	245	241	245	244
265	265	265	265	P80	242	238	243	241
263	264	263	264	P75	241	237	238	239
261	262	260	263	P70	240	235	238	237
259	260	258	260	P65	238	234	236	235
257	257	257	259	P60	235	233	235	234
256	256	255	257	P55	234	232	233	232
254	255	254	256	P50	231	231	232	231
253	253	253	255	P45	228	228	231	229
251	252	251	254	P40	227	226	230	227
250	250	250	252	P35	226	225	229	226
248	247	248	250	P30	225	224	228	225
246	245	245	248	P25	224	222	224	223
244	245	243	245	P20	222	221	222	222
240	244	240	243	P15	220	220	221	220
236	240	235	240	P10	219	218	219	218
231	235	230	235	P5	214	214	211	214
228	232	226	233	P3	212	213	209	211
226	229	225	229	P2	211	210	208	209
220	226	219	223	P1	210	206	207	207

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Foot ball length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Brannock device – AUT SPRINZ clinic.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The distance from the back of the heel to the landmark at the first metatarsophalangeal protrusion is measured with the Brannock device. The participant stands erect with the right foot in the Brannock device and the other foot on a board of equal height. Body weight is distributed equally on both feet. The medial side of the right foot is parallel with the long axis of the device.

Landmarks required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant assumes a relaxed standing position with the feet comfortably apart and body weight evenly distributed. The arms are hanging by the sides. The assessor will be kneeling and often change position to ensure the foot is positioned correctly.

Procedure:

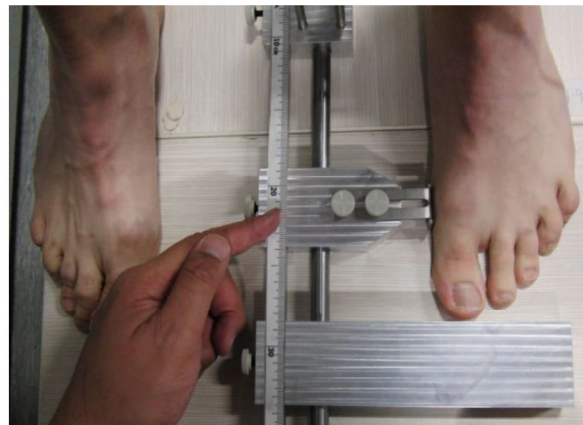
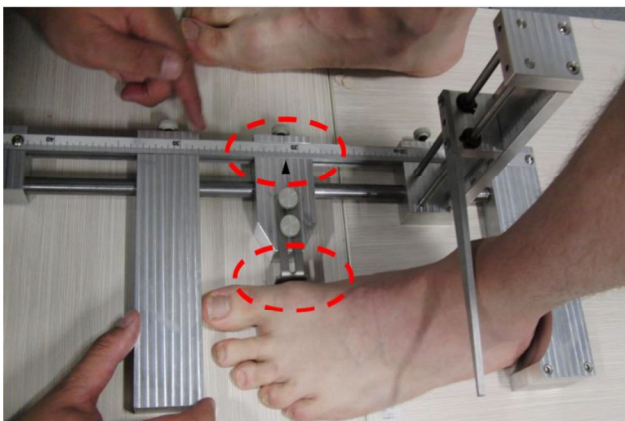
The heel is pressed lightly against the rear (curved) plate of the device, the side-sliding plate is positioned until it lightly touches the fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusion site (observed visually). An extension latch can also be used for increased accuracy. Take the reading when the etched marker (depicted as a black triangle below) meets the scale. Take the reading to the nearest 0.1 mm. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

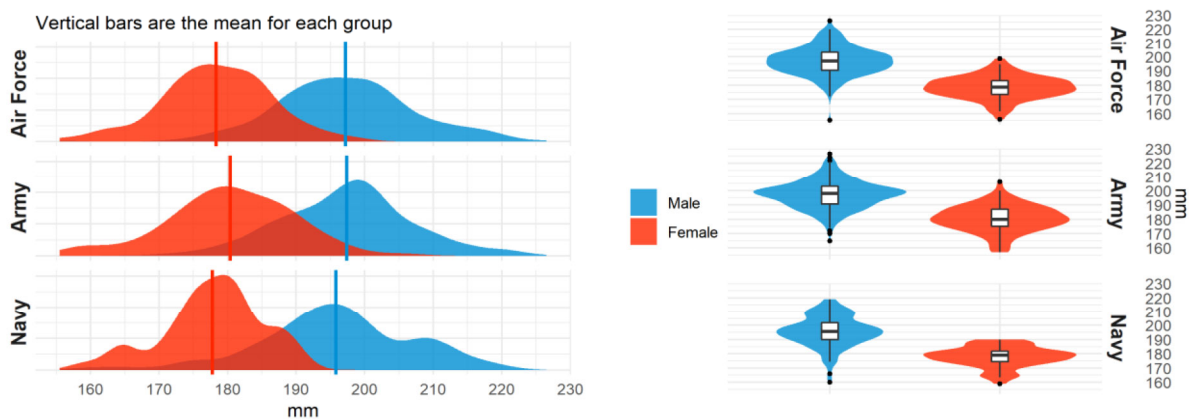
If the participant has a right foot injury then use the left foot. This may require a change of Brannock device type as in the figure.



Foot ball length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
197	197	197	196	Mean	178	180	178	179
10	10	10	11	SD	8	9	7	9
156	156	165	160	Min	156	157	159	156
226	226	226	219	Max	198	206	190	206
221	220	221	218	P99	196	200	190	198
219	218	219	217	P98	194	196	190	196
217	217	216	214	P97	193	196	189	194
214	215	214	213	P95	190	195	188	192
210	210	210	210	P90	188	191	187	190
207	207	207	208	P85	185	190	186	188
204	204	204	207	P80	185	188	183	186
203	203	203	202	P75	183	187	182	185
202	202	202	200	P70	183	185	181	183
200	200	201	199	P65	182	184	181	182
200	200	200	198	P60	180	183	180	181
198	198	199	196	P55	179	181	180	180
197	197	198	196	P50	178	180	179	180
196	195	197	195	P45	177	180	177	178
195	195	196	194	P40	177	179	177	177
194	194	194	192	P35	175	177	176	176
192	192	193	190	P30	175	176	175	175
190	190	191	190	P25	174	175	174	174
190	190	190	190	P20	172	174	173	173
187	188	187	186	P15	171	172	171	171
185	186	185	183	P10	169	170	166	169
181	182	181	175	P5	164	164	165	164
178	179	179	174	P3	162	160	164	161
176	178	177	172	P2	162	159	163	159
174	176	174	165	P1	160	157	161	158

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Foot breadth - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Small bone caliper.

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal distance between the first metatarsophalangeal protrusion and fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusion.

Landmarks required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant assumes a relaxed standing position with the feet comfortably apart and weight evenly distributed. The arms are hanging by the sides. The assessor will be kneeling in front and slightly to the side of the participant.

Procedure:

The caliper arms are held with the thumb and index finger. The assessor visually inspects the foot for the first and fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusion before placing the caliper plates on the sites. The plates are pressed firmly together. Take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

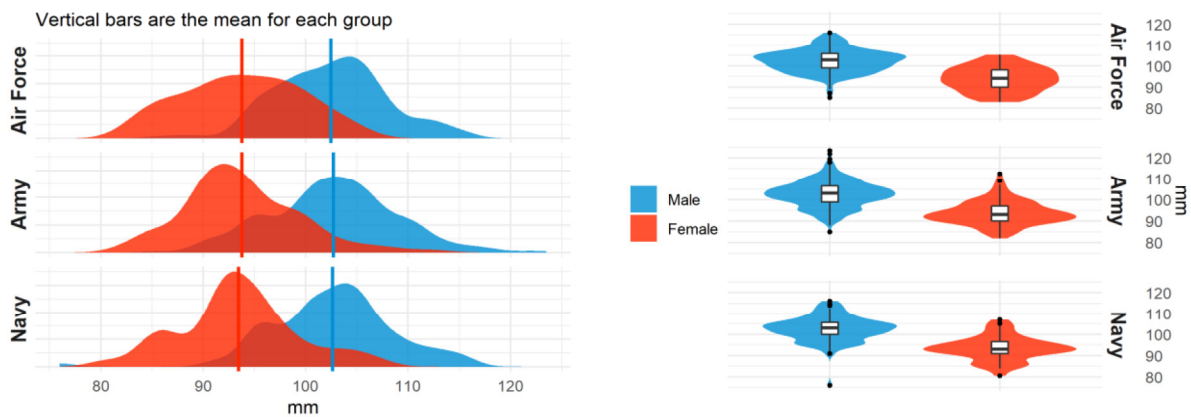
The first and fifth metatarsophalangeal protrusions may differ both distally in their elevation above the standing surface, therefore the calipers may offset both in a transverse plane and a coronal plane



Foot breadth summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
103	102	103	103	Mean	94	94	93	94
6	5	6	6	SD	6	6	6	6
76	85	85	76	Min	83	82	80	80
124	116	124	116	Max	105	112	107	112
117	115	118	115	P99	105	109	106	107
115	114	116	115	P98	104	107	105	106
114	113	115	114	P97	104	106	105	105
112	112	113	112	P95	103	104	104	104
110	109	110	110	P90	101	100	101	101
108	108	109	108	P85	100	99	99	100
107	106	108	107	P80	99	99	97	99
106	106	106	106	P75	98	97	96	97
106	105	106	105	P70	97	96	95	96
105	105	105	105	P65	96	95	95	95
104	104	104	104	P60	96	94	95	95
103	103	104	103	P55	95	94	94	94
103	103	103	103	P50	94	93	93	93
102	102	102	102	P45	93	92	93	93
102	101	102	102	P40	92	92	92	92
100	100	100	100	P35	91	91	92	92
100	100	100	100	P30	91	91	92	91
99	99	99	100	P25	90	90	91	90
97	98	97	97	P20	88	90	89	90
96	97	95	97	P15	87	89	87	88
95	95	95	95	P10	85	88	86	86
93	95	92	95	P5	85	85	85	85
91	94	91	94	P3	84	85	84	84
90	93	90	92	P2	84	85	83	84
89	89	90	89	P1	84	83	82	83

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Foot length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Brannock device – AUT SPRINZ clinic. Measurements are in mm.

Source:

ISAK, ANSUR.

Definition:

Distance from the Akropodion (the tip of the longest toe — which may be the first or second phalanx) to the Pternion (most posterior point on the calcaneus of the foot).

Landmarks required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant assumes a relaxed standing position with the feet comfortably apart and weight evenly distributed. The arms are hanging by the sides. It is more convenient for the assessor if the participant stands on the box during this measurement. The assessor will be mostly kneeling but must change position to ensure the participant's foot is positioned correctly.

Procedure:

The heel is pressed lightly against the rear (curved) plate of the device, the sliding plate is moved towards the tip of the tip of the longest toe — which may be the first or second phalanx protrusion. Ensure that there is contact between the toe and the device, but with minimal pressure. The reading is taken where the sliding plate edge meets the scale. Take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

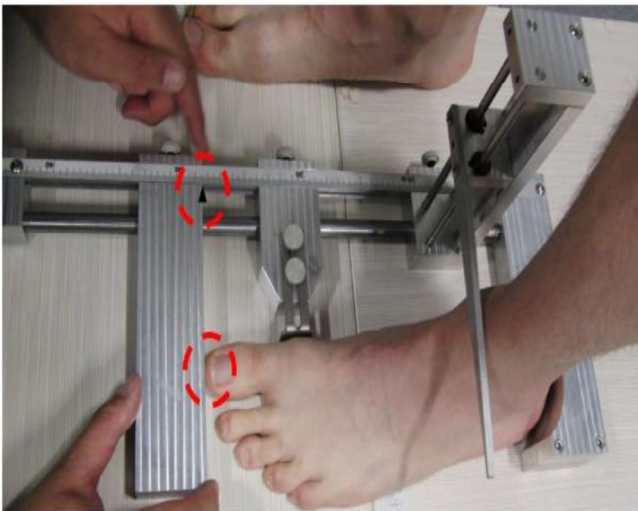
Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

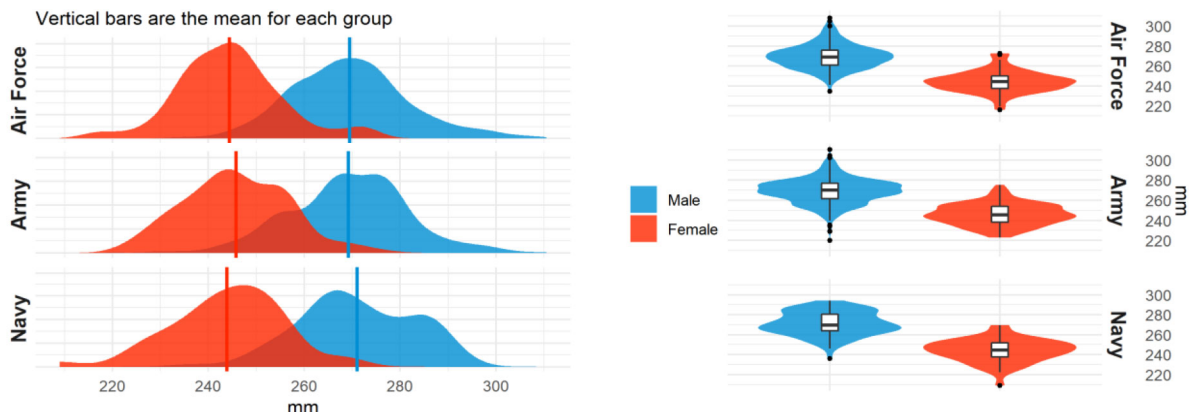
If the participant has a right foot injury then use the left foot. This may require a change of Brannock device type as in the figure.



Foot length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
269	270	269	271	Mean	244	246	244	245
12	12	13	12	SD	11	11	12	11
220	234	220	236	Min	216	223	209	209
310	308	310	294	Max	273	276	270	276
299	300	299	291	P99	273	270	268	272
296	298	296	291	P98	272	269	267	270
294	296	294	290	P97	271	268	265	269
290	292	289	288	P95	264	264	259	264
285	285	284	287	P90	256	257	256	257
281	281	280	286	P85	254	256	255	256
280	278	279	284	P80	252	256	253	254
277	276	277	281	P75	250	254	252	252
276	275	276	278	P70	248	253	250	250
274	274	275	276	P65	247	250	249	249
273	272	273	274	P60	246	248	248	247
271	271	271	272	P55	246	246	246	246
270	269	270	270	P50	244	246	244	245
268	267	268	269	P45	243	244	244	244
266	266	267	267	P40	241	244	242	242
265	265	266	266	P35	240	242	241	241
264	264	264	264	P30	239	240	239	239
262	261	262	264	P25	238	238	238	238
259	259	259	262	P20	236	237	234	236
256	257	256	260	P15	234	234	233	234
254	256	254	256	P10	233	232	228	231
250	251	250	253	P5	229	230	226	227
246	248	245	250	P3	226	227	223	226
245	246	243	249	P2	222	226	220	223
241	245	239	245	P1	218	224	215	220

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Forearm-fingertip length - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

CySize

Definition:

The horizontal distance from the posterior elbow to the tip of the middle finger, with elbow flexed to a 90 degree angle to the hand, extended.

Landmark required:

Olecranon rear (right) and Dactylion III landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is the point-to-point distance between the Olecranon rear and Dactylion III (tip of the longest finger) landmarks. For the Centre of Dactylion III tip use X loop to narrow down to point but do not include fingernail. Measurements are reported in mm.

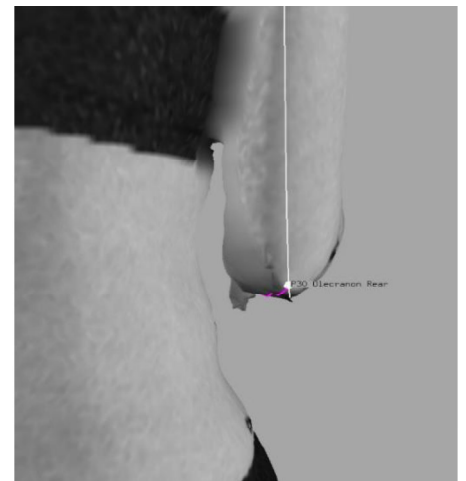
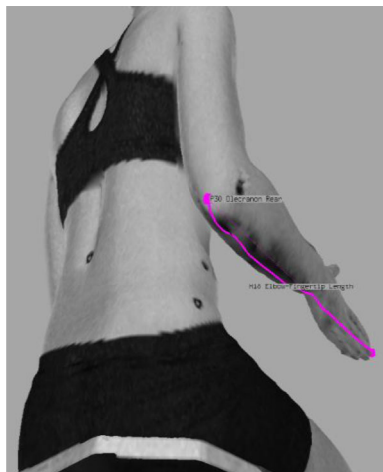
Reference:

DOD-HDBK-743. Military Handbook: Anthropometry of U.S. Military Personnel (13 FEB 1991). Department of Defense. United States.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

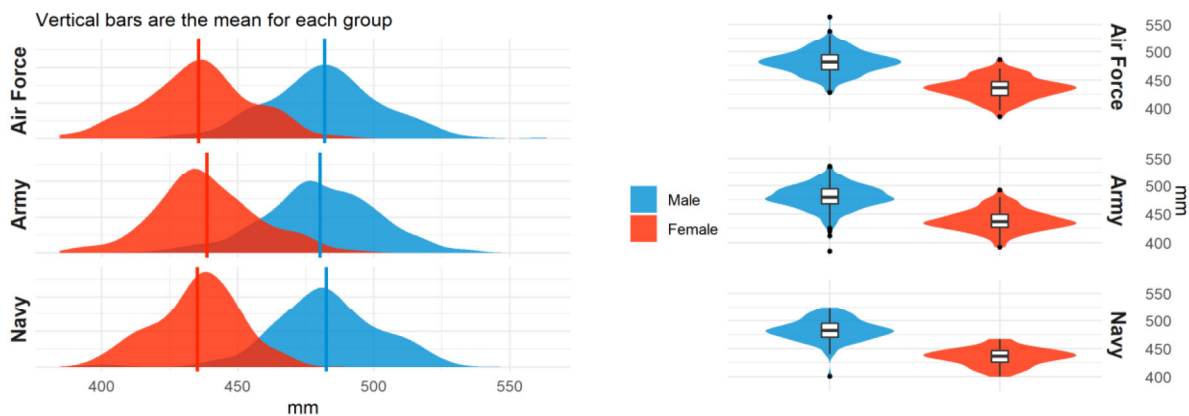
The olecranon bottom landmark is somewhat subjective. Check from the rear view that the olecranon landmark is in line with the 'belly' of the triceps and mid-line of the posterior aspect of the arm (see example below).



Forearm-fingertip length summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
481	482	480	483	Mean	436	439	435	437
21	21	21	20	SD	19	19	15	18
384	428	384	401	Min	385	392	400	385
564	564	536	524	Max	486	492	467	492
528	530	529	522	P99	475	481	465	480
522	524	521	519	P98	469	478	464	473
519	521	518	516	P97	468	473	463	472
515	518	515	513	P95	466	472	460	469
508	511	506	509	P90	463	463	450	462
502	503	502	503	P85	457	458	449	456
498	500	498	498	P80	451	451	448	450
494	494	494	495	P75	447	450	446	448
491	491	491	491	P70	444	448	442	445
489	489	489	488	P65	442	444	440	442
486	486	486	485	P60	439	441	439	440
483	484	482	483	P55	437	438	437	437
481	482	480	482	P50	436	436	436	436
478	479	478	480	P45	434	435	436	435
477	477	476	479	P40	433	433	434	433
474	475	473	477	P35	430	432	433	432
472	473	471	474	P30	426	430	428	428
468	468	468	470	P25	423	427	426	426
465	466	464	468	P20	421	425	422	422
460	459	460	466	P15	416	422	418	418
455	455	454	460	P10	410	416	413	415
447	450	444	458	P5	404	411	410	406
439	444	437	445	P3	402	404	407	403
433	439	432	443	P2	399	402	405	400
428	431	425	435	P1	393	393	402	394

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Forearm-forearm breadth - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometer or large sliding caliper, and anthropometric box.

Source:

ANSUR; AWAS.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal distance across the upper body between the lateral surfaces of the forearms, when seated with elbows flexed at a 90 degree angle.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant sits erect, looking straight ahead, on the anthropometry box. The shoulders and upper arms are relaxed, and the forearms and hands are extended forward horizontally with the palms facing each other (i.e. the elbow angle is at a 90 degree angle). The elbow and index finger are aligned horizontally on each arm. The assessor kneels behind the participant and the box. Both participant and assessor are facing the same direction.

Procedure:

The participant is asked to take a deep breath in, then slowly breathe out. The assessor applies traction to their wrists to extend their arm in sequence with the breathing motion. Measure from the most lateral points of the forearm region when the participant is at “end tidal” in the breath cycle. Ensure the measure is taken from the ‘outside’ or superior edge of the sliding prong (whilst touching the forearms). Measure to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

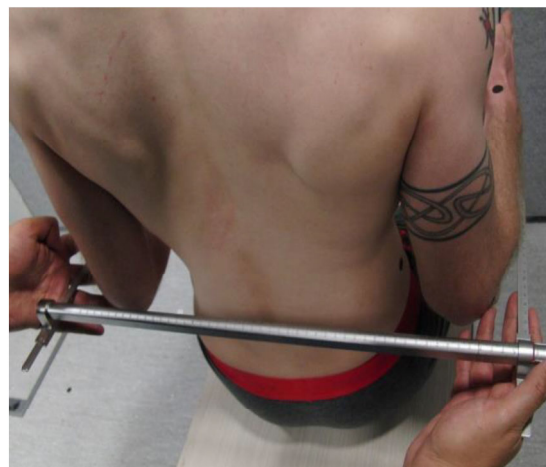
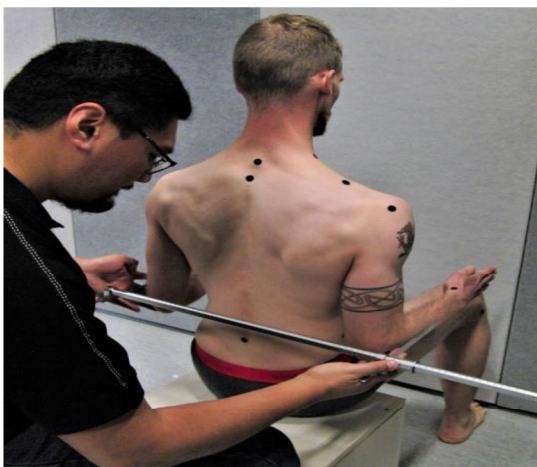
Reference

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

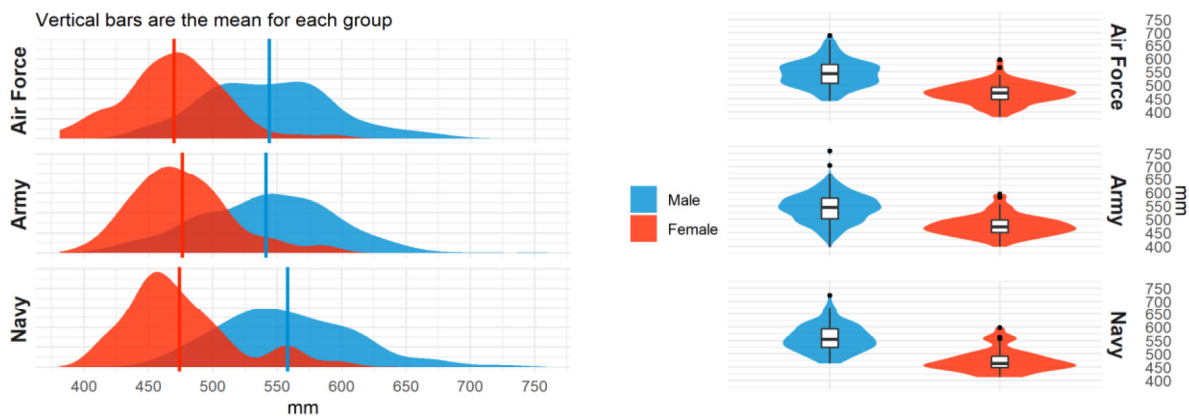
Participants with a wider than normal Lattissimus Dorsi have elbows abducted from the body and variability in the positioning of the elbows. Participants’ forearms can differ in muscle and adipose tissue mass, affecting the measurements. The use of the anthropometer or large sliding caliper varies according to the forearm-forearm distance of the participant. Generally, use a large sliding caliper for forearm-forearm distances of 56 cm or less. For all other purposes, use an anthropometer. Take the measure at ‘end tidal’ position to avoid inaccuracies due to breathing (vertical movements to the torso caused by fluctuations in the diaphragm).



Forearm-forearm breadth summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
544	544	541	558	Mean	470	476	474	474
52	50	53	51	SD	39	38	42	39
396	440	396	463	Min	381	398	412	381
759	690	759	722	Max	595	593	597	597
669	672	653	682	P99	574	584	582	592
653	657	644	671	P98	554	581	567	577
643	651	635	666	P97	537	559	561	561
629	630	627	651	P95	527	547	560	552
610	606	607	617	P90	512	520	545	518
595	588	593	613	P85	506	511	509	511
585	582	584	601	P80	500	501	500	501
579	577	578	593	P75	492	497	491	495
573	572	572	585	P70	487	494	485	489
565	565	565	573	P65	481	486	480	485
558	557	556	568	P60	478	481	473	479
550	549	549	561	P55	475	476	468	474
545	542	544	554	P50	470	472	463	471
538	536	537	546	P45	467	468	460	467
531	528	530	540	P40	460	463	459	460
524	519	524	533	P35	455	457	451	457
516	513	514	530	P30	452	456	450	452
507	507	502	523	P25	447	451	448	448
498	501	494	518	P20	444	445	445	444
489	492	484	505	P15	432	440	442	437
479	484	474	495	P10	414	432	427	428
456	462	449	481	P5	407	425	419	414
448	455	442	477	P3	404	420	416	411
441	451	432	471	P2	395	412	415	405
431	445	425	465	P1	386	410	413	399

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Grip reach - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Measurement rod, as a cylindrical object with a 1 cm diameter such as a whiteboard pen. Full-length anthropometer, ideally made of solid steel. The anthropometer typically comes in 4 sections. When combined, one end of the rod contains a stationary or fixed arm or prong, the other prong is free to move up and down while at a right angle to the rod. There are typically two rod scales that run opposite each other.

Source:

ISO 7250.

Definition:

The horizontal distance from a back wall to the axis of the hand, with the arm extended horizontally and anteriorly.

The objective is to measure the distance between the wall and the grip centre point (defined as the centre of a measurement rod with a known diameter).

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands erect against a wall with both the left and right shoulder blades touching the wall. Their right arm is raised as straight as possible anteriorly at a 90 degree angle to the body. Their arm must be in a relaxed and 'natural' position (i.e. do not ask them to fully reach forward or retract their shoulder/deltoid against the wall). They hold the measurement rod in a vertical orientation tight with their right hand (palm facing medially) outstretched. The assessor stands to the right side of the participant in front of the elbow. This position enables the assessor to support the weight of the anthropometer evenly, and be in a position to see both prongs (the fixed end and the measurement end).

Procedure:

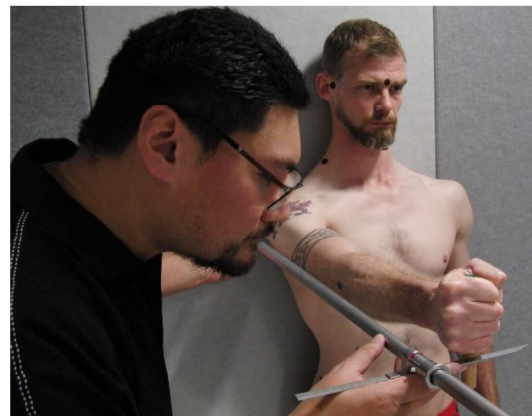
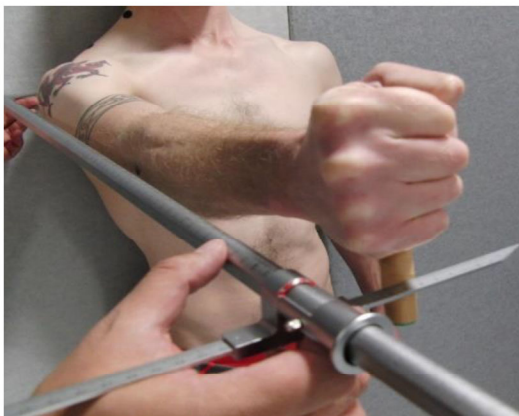
The measure is taken at the most anterior face of the measurement rod immediately below the hand. Place the outer edge of the fixed prong against the wall. Extend the opposite prong 5 cm beyond the rod. Slowly push the prong towards the rod until it touches it. Check that both the arm and anthropometer are straight then take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Apply a correction factor for grip reach = Wall to rod anterior face distance – (Rod diameter in cm/2).

Reference

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Notes:

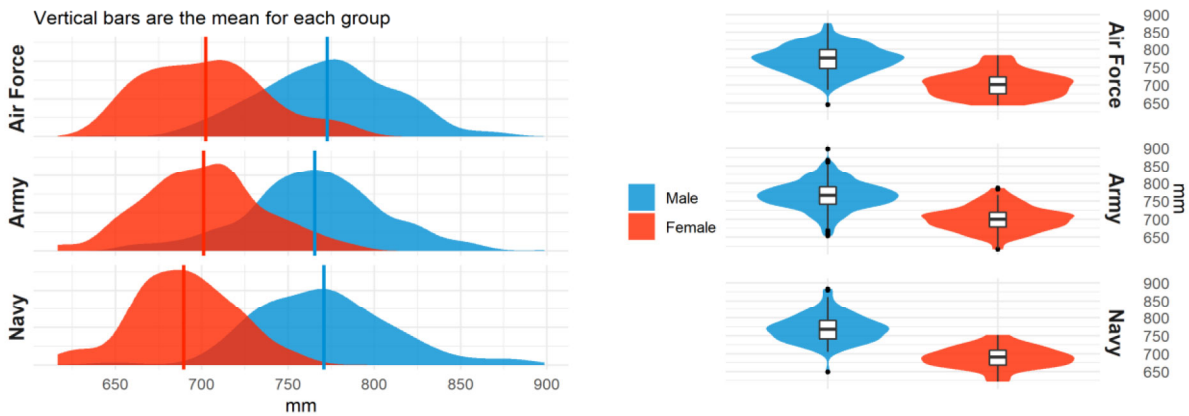
The rod must be held tight and in a vertical position. If not, the rod will be unstable. This will result in the prong 'pushing' the rod backwards thus giving a false reading. Lengthen or shorten the anthropometer (by adding or removing sections of the rod) to suit the arm length of the participant. Ensure the prong is based securely, and square to the wall for stability. Be aware of handling the prong tip to avoid injuring the participant. The scribe observes and confirms whether the participant's arm is straight and horizontal to the floor immediately before the reading. The anthropometer and arm centre should be at the same height. Ensure the data spreadsheet has the appropriate correction factor for the length of the anthropometer. Measurements are reported in mm.



Grip reach summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
768	773	765	771	Mean	702	701	689	699
40	39	40	39	SD	35	34	29	34
646	646	654	650	Min	644	616	622	616
898	876	898	883	Max	783	786	752	786
862	865	855	880	P99	781	783	751	782
852	851	851	866	P98	779	769	749	777
843	835	843	852	P97	777	766	744	767
831	832	830	836	P95	770	763	730	759
821	821	820	821	P90	748	748	726	743
809	814	805	808	P85	738	736	722	732
800	808	796	802	P80	729	726	713	724
792	798	789	793	P75	722	718	710	719
786	792	785	786	P70	720	716	703	715
781	786	779	781	P65	715	714	699	713
777	782	774	777	P60	712	712	695	709
772	778	770	773	P55	705	706	691	702
768	775	766	768	P50	701	700	690	698
764	768	761	766	P45	696	697	687	692
758	764	756	762	P40	688	690	683	689
754	758	752	752	P35	685	688	677	685
748	753	746	748	P30	680	682	670	680
743	746	742	742	P25	676	678	668	675
738	740	736	738	P20	670	673	666	669
731	734	728	733	P15	662	667	666	666
719	723	713	730	P10	659	658	665	658
703	712	696	716	P5	655	649	639	649
692	702	683	713	P3	652	648	629	645
682	695	675	710	P2	649	642	625	639
664	693	660	698	P1	646	619	624	622

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Hand breadth - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

The Small bone caliper was used for NZDFA as opposed to the more traditional Segmometer. The Segmometer is not suitable for this measure as it requires firm pressure on the bone sites. The tape may also have a propensity to 'bend'. Measurements are in mm.

Source:

ANSUR, AWAS, CFAS.

Definition:

The breadth of the right hand between the metacarpale II and metacarpale V.

Landmarks required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant places the palm on a table with the fingers together and the thumb abducted. The middle finger is parallel to the long axis of the forearm. The two distal phalanges of the fingers are placed on a flat surface 8 mm higher than the table. The assessor stands facing the participant, perpendicular to the long axis of the hand.

Procedure:

The caliper plates are placed on the metacarpale II and metacarpale V. To ensure that outside surface of the hand is flat (thus reducing the 'cupping' propensity of the hand), a specially designed measurement board (of 8 mm thickness) was developed using stationary clipboards. The hand was placed so that the palm rested on the table surface while the fingers rested on the boards. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

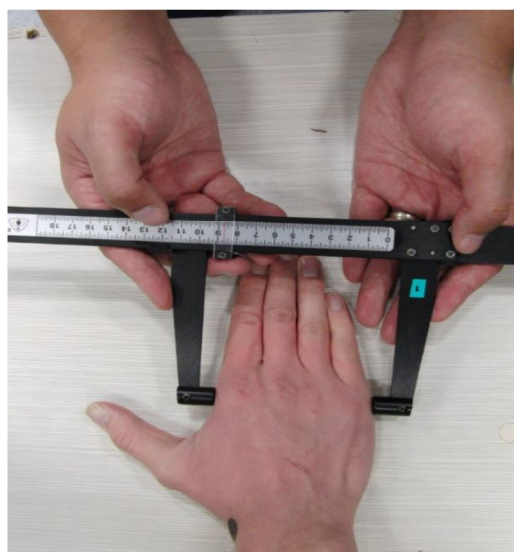
Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Keefe, A., H. Angel, and B. Mangan, 2012 Canadian Forces Anthropometric Survey (CFAS) – Final report. 2015, Défense Research and Development Canada: Toronto, Canada.

Notes:

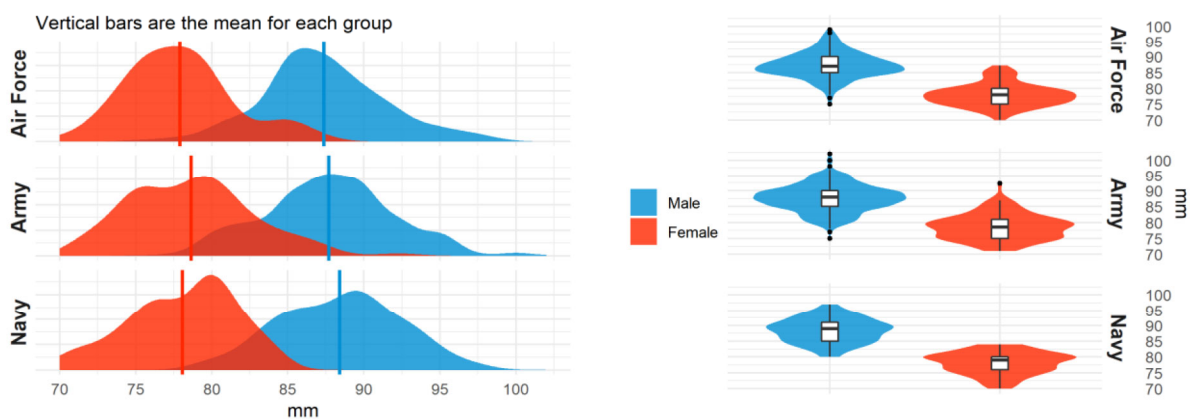
The caliper plates need to be applied firmly to the bony sites to compress the overlying soft tissue.



Hand breadth summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
88	87	88	88	Mean	78	79	78	78
4	4	4	4	SD	4	4	4	4
75	75	75	80	Min	70	71	70	70
102	99	102	97	Max	87	92	84	92
97	97	98	97	P99	86	87	84	87
96	97	96	96	P98	86	87	84	87
95	96	95	95	P97	85	87	84	86
95	95	95	95	P95	85	86	83	85
93	92	93	93	P90	83	84	82	83
92	91	92	93	P85	81	83	82	82
91	90	91	92	P80	80	82	81	81
90	90	90	91	P75	80	81	80	80
90	89	90	90	P70	79	80	80	80
89	88	89	90	P65	79	80	80	80
89	88	89	90	P60	79	80	80	79
88	87	88	89	P55	78	79	79	79
88	87	88	89	P50	78	79	79	78
87	87	87	88	P45	77	78	78	78
87	86	87	87	P40	77	78	77	77
86	86	86	87	P35	76	77	77	76
85	85	86	86	P30	76	76	76	76
85	85	85	85	P25	75	75	76	75
85	85	84	85	P20	75	75	75	75
83	84	83	84	P15	75	75	74	75
82	82	82	83	P10	74	74	74	74
81	81	80	82	P5	73	72	72	72
80	80	80	81	P3	72	72	71	72
80	80	80	80	P2	72	72	71	72
79	78	79	80	P1	71	72	70	71

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Hand circumference - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthropometric tape. Before measuring, ensure that the metal tape surface is not damaged and the scale is clear, and the tape can be retracted freely. There are various models. Tapes used in the NZDFAS were Cesorf and Rosscraft.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The circumference of the right hand is measured with a tape passing over the landmarks at metacarpale II and metacarpale V. The participant places the palm on a table with the fingers together and the thumb abducted. The middle finger is parallel to the long axis of the forearm. The two distal phalanges of the fingers lie on a flat surface 8 mm higher than the table.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant places the palm on a table with the fingers together and the thumb abducted. The middle finger is parallel to the long axis of the forearm. The two distal phalanges of the fingers lie on a flat surface 8 mm higher than the table. The assessor stands facing the participant, perpendicular to the hand. Measurements are reported in mm.

Procedure: The tape is placed around the palm passing through the metacarpale II and metacarpale V. To ensure that outside surface of the hand is flat (thus reducing the 'cupping' propensity of the hand), a specially designed measurement board (of 8mm thickness) was developed using stationary clipboards. The hand was placed so that the palm rested on the table surface while the fingers rested on the boards.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

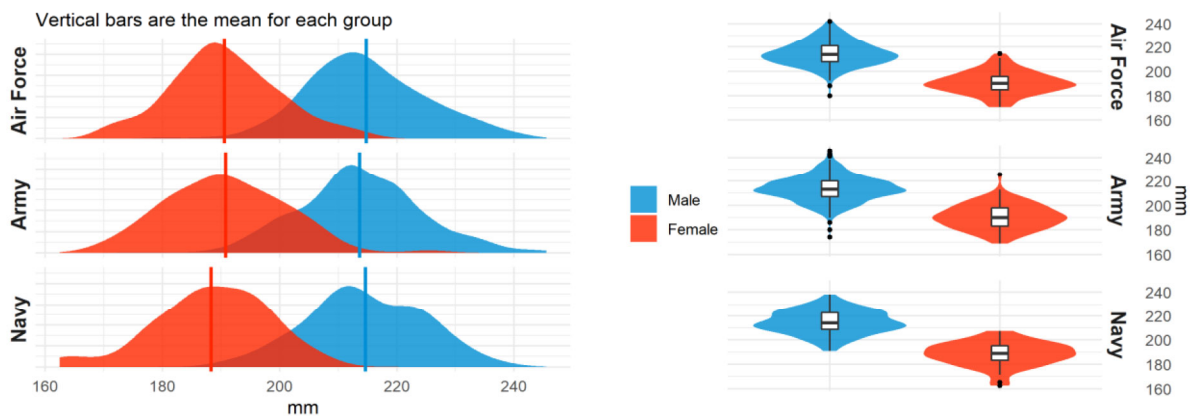
Check that the palm is flat against the table surface. Ensure the tape conforms to the skin surface without indentation.



Hand circumference summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
214	215	214	215	Mean	191	191	188	190
10	10	11	10	SD	9	10	10	10
174	180	174	191	Min	170	169	162	162
246	242	246	238	Max	214	226	208	226
239	239	239	235	P99	212	213	206	213
236	236	236	233	P98	211	208	205	210
234	235	234	231	P97	210	208	204	208
232	233	232	230	P95	206	207	203	206
228	229	227	227	P90	202	204	199	203
225	226	224	225	P85	200	201	197	200
222	224	222	224	P80	199	199	197	199
220	221	220	223	P75	196	198	195	196
219	220	219	222	P70	195	195	195	195
218	218	218	219	P65	194	195	192	194
216	216	216	216	P60	193	193	192	192
215	215	215	215	P55	190	191	191	191
214	214	213	214	P50	190	190	189	190
212	213	212	213	P45	189	190	187	189
211	212	211	211	P40	188	189	186	188
210	210	210	211	P35	187	187	186	187
209	209	209	210	P30	186	185	185	185
207	208	207	209	P25	185	183	183	184
206	206	205	206	P20	183	182	180	182
204	205	203	205	P15	182	181	179	181
201	204	200	201	P10	180	178	177	178
198	199	197	200	P5	176	175	172	175
195	197	195	197	P3	173	174	167	172
194	196	194	195	P2	172	172	165	171
190	193	190	193	P1	171	171	164	169

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Hand length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Segmometer.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The length of the right hand between the stylium landmark on the wrist and the tip of the middle finger is measured with a Segmometer. The participant places the hand on the table (palm facing up) with the fingers together and the thumb abducted. The middle finger is parallel to the long axis of the forearm. The two distal phalanges of the fingers lie on a flat surface 8 mm higher than the table.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant places the lateral surface of the right forearm and the back of the right-hand flat against the table surface. The palm is open and facing up. Fingers and thumb are together. The assessor stands facing the participant, perpendicular to the hand.

Procedure:

Measurement is taken on the palmar surface of the hand between the mid-stylium landmark and the tip of the Dactylion (middle finger). The fixed end of the segmometer is placed on the centre wrist landmark, the sliding end is pressed lightly against the tip of the middle finger. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

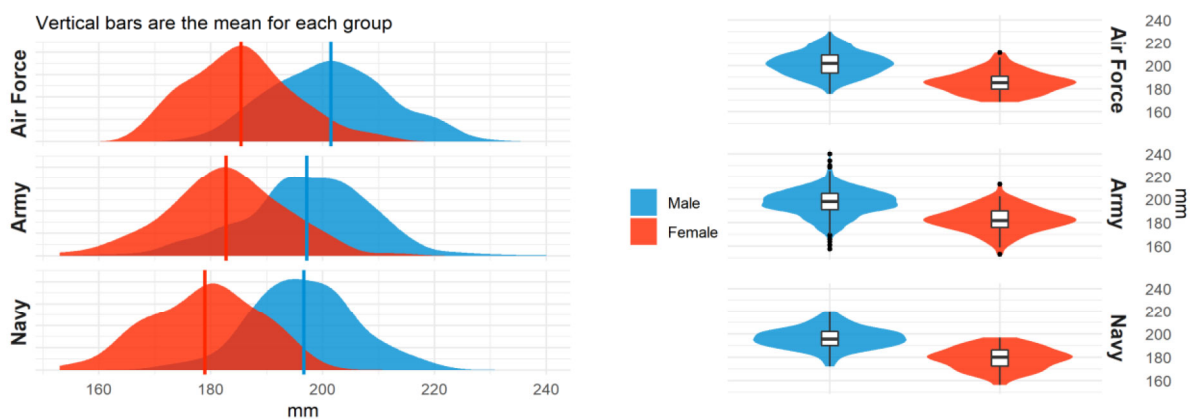
Ensure that the palm and all fingers are together and rigid (no cupping of the hands). Ensure the back of the hand and fingers are fully extended and flat against the table surface. Ensure that the measure is on the distal finger surface and not the fingernail.



Hand length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
198	201	197	197	Mean	185	183	179	183
11	10	12	9	SD	9	10	9	10
158	176	158	172	Min	168	153	156	153
240	230	240	220	Max	211	213	197	213
224	223	225	217	P99	208	203	196	207
221	222	220	216	P98	206	202	194	202
219	222	216	215	P97	204	201	193	201
216	220	214	211	P95	201	200	192	200
211	216	210	209	P90	198	195	191	195
210	212	209	205	P85	194	194	190	193
207	210	206	204	P80	193	191	187	191
205	209	205	202	P75	190	190	186	190
204	207	203	201	P70	189	187	184	188
202	205	202	200	P65	188	186	182	186
201	204	200	199	P60	187	185	181	185
200	202	199	198	P55	186	184	181	184
199	202	198	196	P50	185	182	180	183
197	200	196	195	P45	184	182	179	182
195	199	195	194	P40	183	180	178	180
194	197	194	193	P35	181	180	175	180
193	195	192	192	P30	180	178	175	178
191	194	191	190	P25	179	176	172	176
190	192	189	190	P20	177	174	169	174
187	190	185	188	P15	175	173	169	173
184	188	182	186	P10	174	170	166	170
180	185	176	184	P5	172	166	164	166
176	184	174	180	P3	170	163	164	164
174	182	173	178	P2	169	162	163	163
171	180	169	175	P1	169	159	159	159

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Head breadth - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Large sliding caliper. This has two straight branches attached to a rigid scale that allow measurements of large bone or soft tissue to be measured to 0.1 or 0.05 cm. Before measuring, the distance between the branches should be verified to ensure it has been assembled correctly.

Source:

ISO 7250, ANSUR.

Definition:

Maximum horizontal breadth of the head above the ears, measured perpendicular to the mid-sagittal plane. This measurement is taken from behind the participant. The scale end of the caliper is above the participants' head with the reading made from behind the participant.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant sits erect, looking straight ahead with eyewear removed. The assessor stands behind the participant and observes the head at eye level. The scale side of the caliper is above the participants head and facing towards the rear.

Procedure:

Viewed directly from in behind, identify the most lateral aspects of the head. Opening the large sliding caliper beyond the anticipated distance, and bracing the fingers on the skull surface above each ear, slowly move the branches towards one another until they rest on the skin surface no lower than the height of the Helix (top of the ear). Record the measurement to 0.1 cm or 0.05 cm precision. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

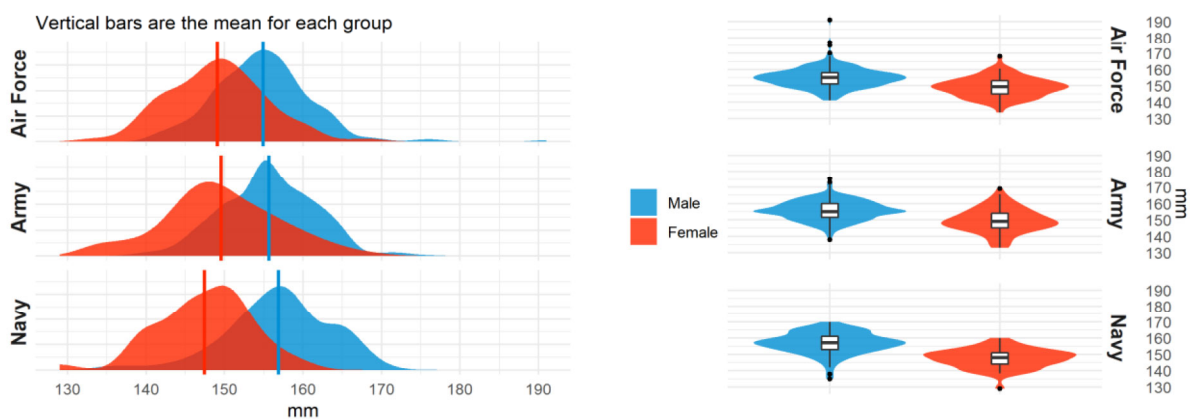
This is a boney measurement with a limited depth of superficial tissue. The position of the head has no influence on the measurement.



Head breadth summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
156	155	156	157	Mean	149	150	147	149
6	6	6	7	SD	6	7	6	7
135	141	138	135	Min	134	133	129	129
191	191	176	170	Max	168	169	160	169
170	174	170	168	P99	163	166	159	165
168	168	166	168	P98	160	165	158	163
166	165	166	167	P97	160	164	157	162
165	164	165	166	P95	160	162	156	160
163	162	163	165	P90	156	159	155	158
162	160	162	164	P85	155	157	152	155
160	160	160	163	P80	154	156	152	154
160	158	160	161	P75	153	154	151	153
158	158	159	160	P70	152	153	151	152
158	157	158	159	P65	151	152	150	151
157	156	157	159	P60	150	151	150	150
156	155	156	158	P55	150	150	149	150
155	155	155	157	P50	149	149	148	149
155	154	155	156	P45	148	148	147	148
154	154	154	156	P40	148	148	146	148
154	152	154	155	P35	147	147	146	146
152	152	153	154	P30	146	146	145	146
152	151	152	153	P25	145	145	144	145
150	150	150	152	P20	144	144	143	144
150	149	150	151	P15	142	143	141	142
148	148	148	149	P10	142	141	140	141
146	145	146	146	P5	140	137	139	138
145	144	145	143	P3	139	135	139	136
143	143	144	141	P2	139	134	137	134
141	142	142	138	P1	137	133	133	133

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Head girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

Maximal circumference around the cranium at the level of the forehead. The measurement passes in a sagittal plane just above the bony brow ridges and across the external occipital protuberance (the most protruding point of the back of the head). The measurement is close to horizontal when the head is positioned in the Frankfort plane.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

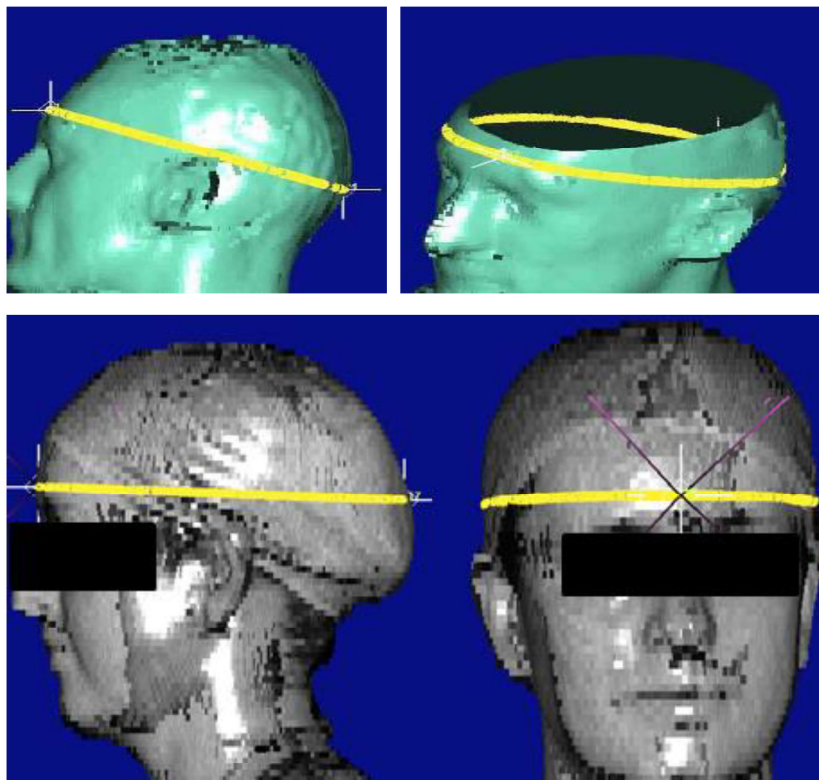
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

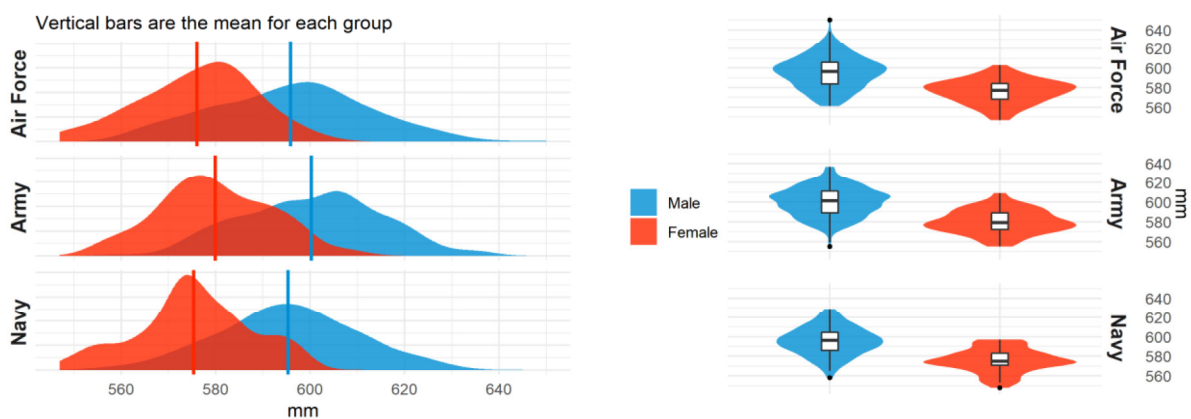
Check that the tape is horizontal at the bony brow ridge. For females, check the tape is not hindered by hair arrangement. Ideally, females should have their hair bun below the top of the ear, or alternatively gathered above the measurement plane. Unless one of these conditions is met, then this measurement cannot be taken. If the head is oriented high or low (looking up or down) or in a position other than Frankfort position, then manoeuvre the tape accordingly.



Head girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
599	596	600	595	Mean	576	580	575	578
15	17	15	14	SD	12	12	12	12
555	561	555	558	Min	547	555	548	547
650	650	637	629	Max	603	609	597	609
634	631	635	625	P99	599	608	597	603
628	629	629	623	P98	597	604	597	598
626	626	627	622	P97	596	599	597	598
623	623	624	621	P95	595	598	596	597
618	617	619	612	P90	590	596	592	594
614	613	616	612	P85	588	593	588	590
612	610	613	608	P80	586	590	585	589
609	606	611	604	P75	584	589	583	586
607	604	608	603	P70	582	587	582	584
605	602	607	600	P65	582	583	579	582
603	601	605	598	P60	581	582	577	581
601	599	603	597	P55	579	580	575	579
599	596	601	596	P50	577	579	575	578
597	594	598	593	P45	576	578	574	576
595	592	596	592	P40	573	577	573	575
593	590	594	590	P35	572	574	572	573
591	587	593	589	P30	571	574	572	572
588	584	589	586	P25	568	572	571	571
585	580	586	584	P20	566	571	565	568
581	578	584	579	P15	563	569	564	565
578	573	580	577	P10	559	566	558	562
573	568	576	572	P5	555	560	554	557
570	566	574	569	P3	551	558	553	554
568	564	573	566	P2	549	557	552	553
564	562	569	564	P1	548	556	550	548

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Head length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Large sliding caliper. This has two straight branches attached to a rigid scale that allow measurements of large bone or soft tissue to be measured to 0.1 or 0.05 cm. Before measuring, the distance between the branches should be verified to ensure it has been assembled correctly.

Source:

ISO 7250.

Definition:

The straight line distance between the glabella and the opistocranium (the posterior extremity of the longest diameter of the skull, measured from the glabella). The position of the head has no influence on the measurement.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant sits erect, looking straight ahead with eyewear removed. The assessor stands at the side of the participant and observes the head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

Viewed directly from the side. Opening the large sliding caliper beyond the anticipated distance, rest the device on the back of the hands and using the thumbs and index fingers, slowly move the branches towards one another until the anterior branch lightly touches the glabella landmark. Hold this in position. The posterior branch should then be aligned with and moved towards the opistocranium until it touches. It may help to palpate the opsticranion with either the second or third finger of the posterior hand. Record the measurement to 0.1 cm or 0.05 cm precision. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Notes:

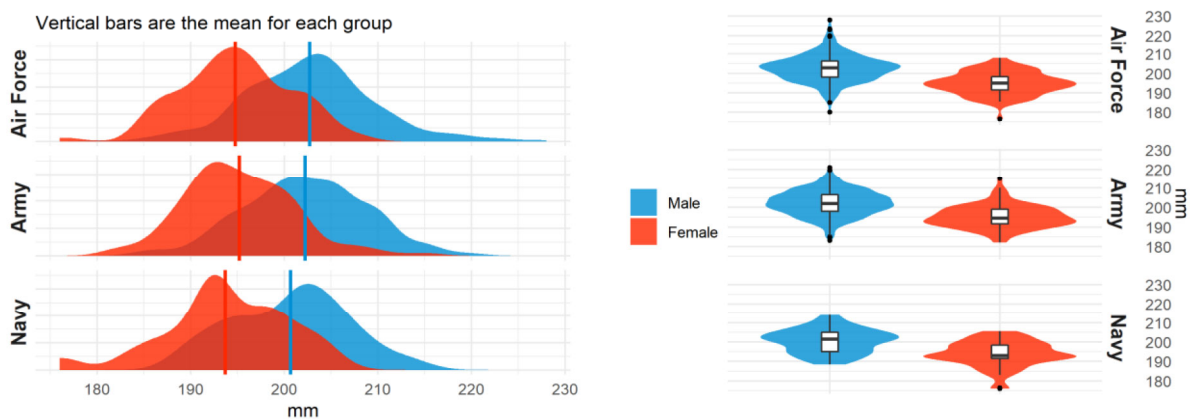
This is a soft tissue measurement; therefore, the caliper branches must be placed on the skin, but not indent the skin. The position of the head has no influence on the measurement.



Head length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
202	203	202	201	Mean	195	195	194	195
7	7	7	6	SD	6	6	7	6
180	180	183	188	Min	176	182	176	176
228	228	221	214	Max	208	215	206	215
219	223	217	214	P99	207	210	205	208
216	219	215	213	P98	205	209	204	207
215	218	215	212	P97	204	207	204	206
213	214	212	210	P95	204	205	203	204
210	211	210	208	P90	203	202	203	202
209	209	210	206	P85	202	201	200	201
208	208	208	206	P80	200	200	199	200
206	206	206	205	P75	198	199	198	199
206	206	206	204	P70	197	198	198	198
205	205	205	203	P65	197	197	197	197
204	204	204	203	P60	196	196	195	196
203	204	203	202	P55	196	196	194	195
202	203	202	202	P50	195	194	193	194
202	202	202	201	P45	194	194	192	194
200	201	200	200	P40	193	193	192	193
200	200	200	199	P35	193	192	192	192
199	199	199	197	P30	192	192	192	192
198	198	198	195	P25	191	192	192	192
196	197	197	195	P20	190	191	189	190
195	196	195	194	P15	189	190	187	189
194	195	194	192	P10	187	188	185	187
192	191	192	190	P5	186	187	183	186
190	189	190	190	P3	186	186	178	184
188	189	188	190	P2	186	184	176	183
186	186	186	189	P1	183	182	176	177

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Hip breadth sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The horizontal distance in a coronal plane between two parallel sagittal planes defining the left and right lateral extent of a seated participant with knees together. a “buttock plate” placed at the most posterior point on either buttock and the back of the right knee (the popliteal fossa at the dorsal juncture of the calf and thigh).

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

In CySize use the caliper tool. View from the right side of the participant. Highlight the hip and upper thigh area. Select the Z function (to identify the breadth along a coronal plane) to calculate the breadth. Measurements are reported in mm.

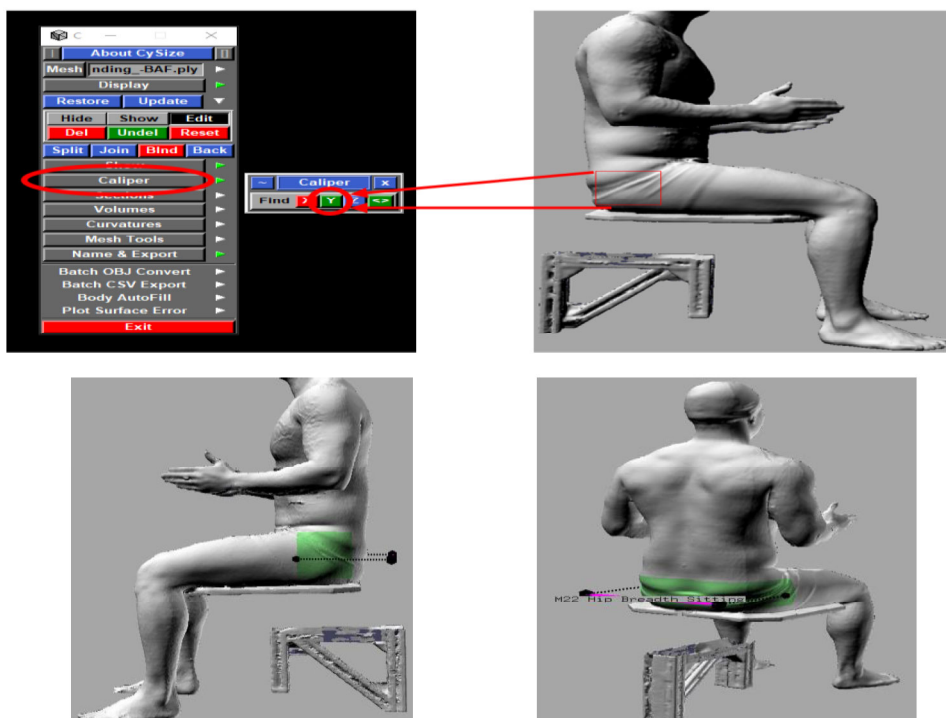
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Comer, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

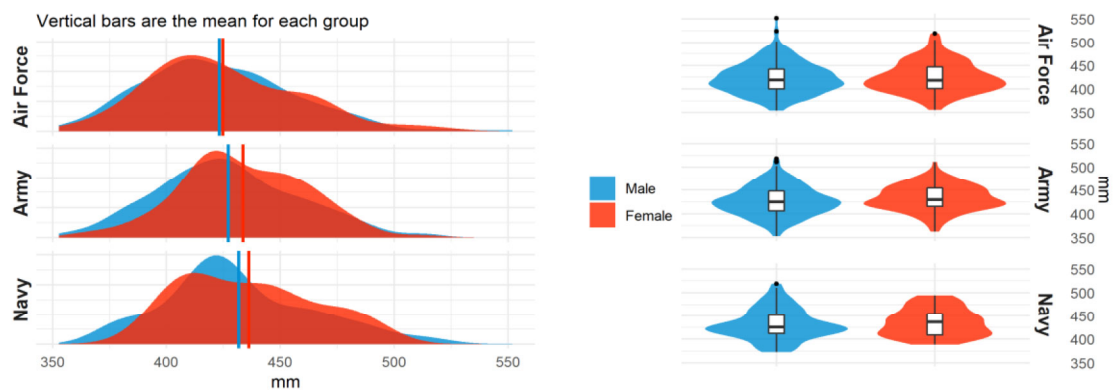
Another method is to view from the back and highlight the left and right buttocks. However, this should be used with caution as the caliper may highlight areas of the midthigh. This is caused by participants who sit in a ‘wide’ stance i.e. their knees are pointing laterally as opposed to straight forward.



Hip breadth sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
427	423	427	432	Mean	425	434	436	431
32	34	31	33	SD	33	27	29	30
353	354	353	372	Min	356	363	388	356
552	552	518	519	Max	520	512	494	520
512	521	512	511	P99	509	489	492	504
496	494	494	508	P98	501	484	490	493
489	486	487	498	P97	494	483	488	488
483	482	482	489	P95	474	477	487	482
470	465	471	480	P90	467	469	478	471
462	460	461	467	P85	461	463	474	464
454	449	455	462	P80	457	457	464	460
447	442	448	451	P75	447	454	455	451
440	440	441	446	P70	435	448	449	447
436	435	436	436	P65	433	446	447	444
431	429	432	432	P60	430	443	445	436
428	424	428	429	P55	422	433	441	432
424	419	425	426	P50	418	430	436	428
421	415	422	423	P45	417	426	428	424
417	411	418	420	P40	413	424	421	419
412	407	414	418	P35	410	421	420	418
409	405	410	417	P30	404	418	414	414
405	400	406	412	P25	400	416	409	411
400	394	401	408	P20	400	412	407	405
393	388	395	402	P15	396	411	405	401
386	382	387	388	P10	390	400	403	396
377	376	378	381	P5	380	392	400	386
374	372	374	378	P3	375	382	395	381
367	362	367	375	P2	371	381	393	376
361	360	362	374	P1	365	370	391	369

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Hip breadth standing - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

JIS Z 8500, AWAS.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal distance in a coronal plane between the right and left protrusions of the hip.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

In CySize use the caliper tool. View from the right side. Highlight an area from the back or the front, at a height between the ilioicristale and crotch landmark. Take care not to select any webbing that may exist between the thigh and the hands. Select the Y function (to create a coronal plan from the front view) to calculate breadth. Measurements are reported in mm.

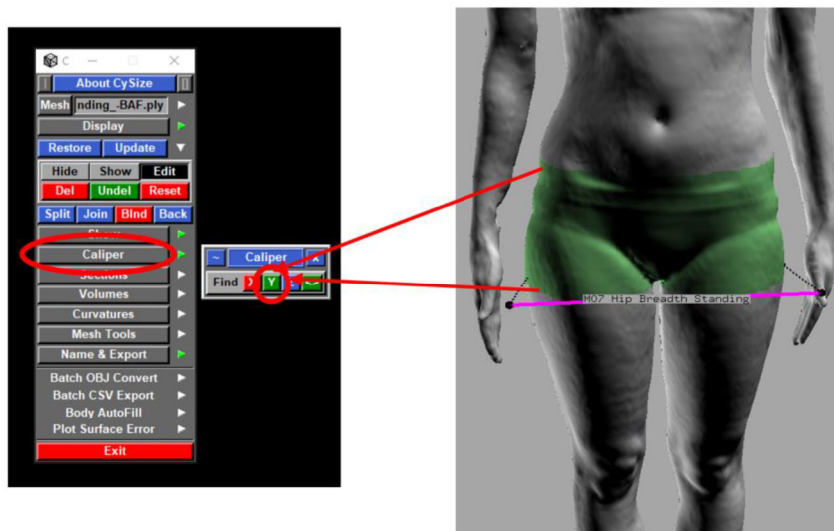
Reference:

JIS Z 8500 Ergonomics Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design (2002). Japanese Industrial Standard: Tokyo, Japan.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

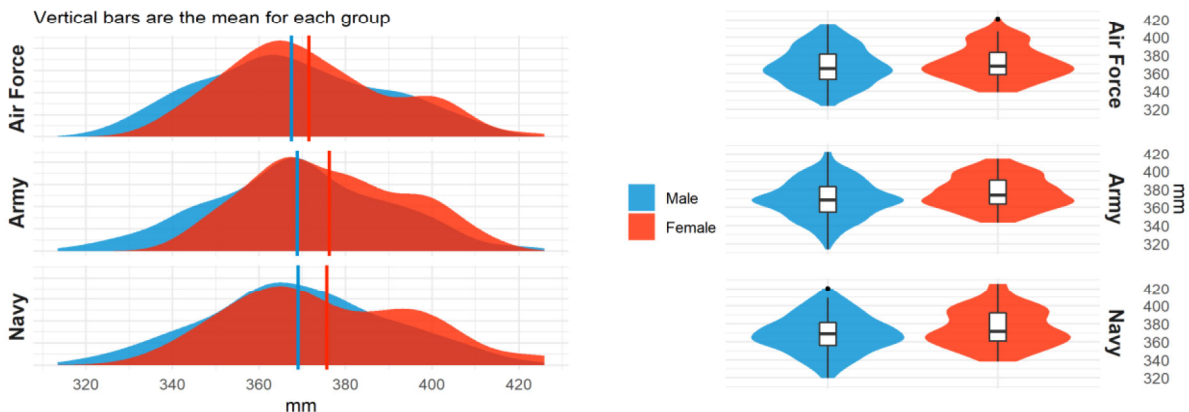
Use the Crosshair tool to align the participant's posture. Ensure clothing is smooth at the defined measurement points.



Hip breadth standing summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
368	367	369	369	Mean	372	376	376	375
21	21	21	21	SD	19	17	21	19
314	324	314	320	Min	339	343	338	338
423	414	423	420	Max	421	414	426	426
415	410	417	410	P99	411	411	424	420
409	408	410	409	P98	405	410	422	411
407	407	405	408	P97	403	409	417	408
403	403	403	406	P95	403	404	404	403
396	396	397	395	P90	401	400	401	401
391	392	391	394	P85	396	398	400	399
388	388	387	387	P80	387	395	397	394
383	381	383	381	P75	383	390	392	389
379	379	380	380	P70	379	384	389	383
375	375	375	376	P65	378	382	386	381
372	371	372	373	P60	373	380	380	378
370	368	371	371	P55	369	379	372	374
368	365	368	369	P50	368	374	371	371
366	364	367	364	P45	367	371	369	369
363	360	365	363	P40	366	369	367	367
361	358	362	361	P35	363	368	365	366
358	356	358	360	P30	361	365	363	364
355	353	355	356	P25	358	364	361	361
350	347	351	352	P20	356	361	359	358
346	345	346	347	P15	353	358	354	355
342	341	342	342	P10	351	354	350	351
334	334	334	336	P5	345	349	347	346
331	333	330	331	P3	341	348	345	344
327	332	326	328	P2	341	346	343	343
324	328	323	325	P1	340	344	340	340

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Hip girth maximum - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal circumference of the body (excluding the appendages) at or about the height of the hip. This measure must be taken below the height of the iliac crest.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

It is vital that the participant is wearing smooth, well fitted clothing to reduce measurements error (e.g. clothing creases). Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

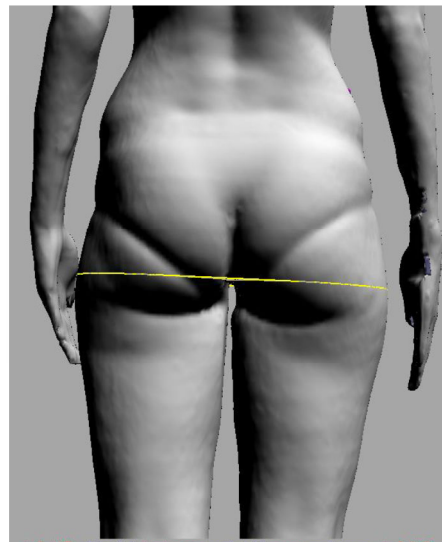
Eyeball the hip region. Add two-point markers, one above and one below this region (green dots on the image) what is clearly the widest part. Join the two points, press spacebar, add Z-loop on guideline (i.e. forming a dotted line). Toggle between the min/max girth by pressing Shift with '-' or '+' key. If circumference is incomplete (i.e. only covering a part of the cross-section), press = with the cursor on the guideline. Check that the measure has been recorded by placing the cursor on the dotted line and then pressing 'i' to bring up measurements text view. Next, press 't' (for toggle) to see the measurements. Save by double clicking Hip girth (on the names list window) then single click on the 'dotted' line and then Space bar to save. As per AWAS section 7.2.16 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

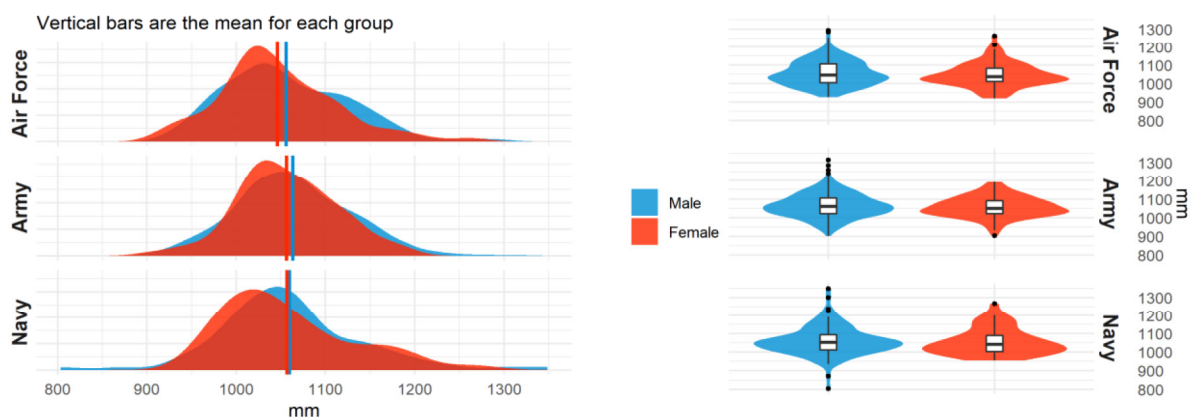
If the measure is taken on a fold or crease in the briefs, consider remeasuring.



Hip girth maximum summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1061	1056	1064	1060	Mean	1046	1057	1057	1053
68	69	65	83	SD	66	56	73	63
803	926	902	803	Min	920	903	955	903
1349	1292	1315	1349	Max	1262	1193	1267	1267
1244	1251	1226	1306	P99	1225	1183	1239	1209
1210	1196	1197	1253	P98	1200	1174	1211	1197
1191	1184	1190	1229	P97	1185	1163	1200	1185
1177	1171	1176	1192	P95	1168	1151	1195	1172
1149	1147	1149	1159	P90	1124	1128	1168	1135
1132	1129	1132	1142	P85	1109	1115	1147	1116
1118	1117	1118	1116	P80	1098	1102	1112	1102
1106	1107	1106	1094	P75	1082	1091	1090	1089
1092	1092	1093	1081	P70	1070	1085	1078	1080
1080	1075	1083	1072	P65	1061	1077	1072	1071
1072	1067	1074	1064	P60	1050	1069	1051	1061
1063	1052	1068	1056	P55	1042	1061	1047	1050
1054	1044	1059	1052	P50	1036	1050	1042	1046
1048	1036	1051	1046	P45	1029	1046	1031	1035
1039	1032	1045	1035	P40	1024	1036	1023	1030
1032	1025	1036	1031	P35	1019	1033	1020	1024
1024	1017	1028	1024	P30	1013	1028	1012	1020
1016	1005	1021	1012	P25	1010	1020	1003	1012
1008	994	1012	1005	P20	1002	1013	995	1006
992	983	1002	992	P15	987	1007	991	997
978	974	982	979	P10	970	998	979	985
958	958	959	945	P5	944	974	968	960
943	950	948	939	P3	938	954	967	944
938	940	938	919	P2	928	939	964	938
926	935	928	862	P1	921	931	960	922

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Iliocristale height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a standing surface and the right Iliocristale landmark.

Landmark required:

Iliocristale landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Iliocristale landmark in posture 1. Measurements are reported in mm.

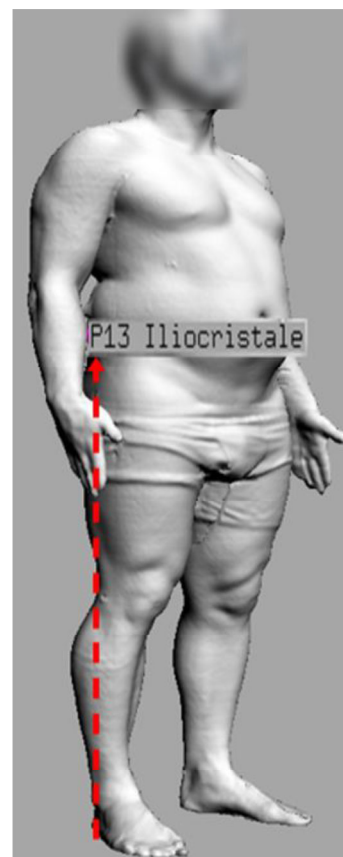
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

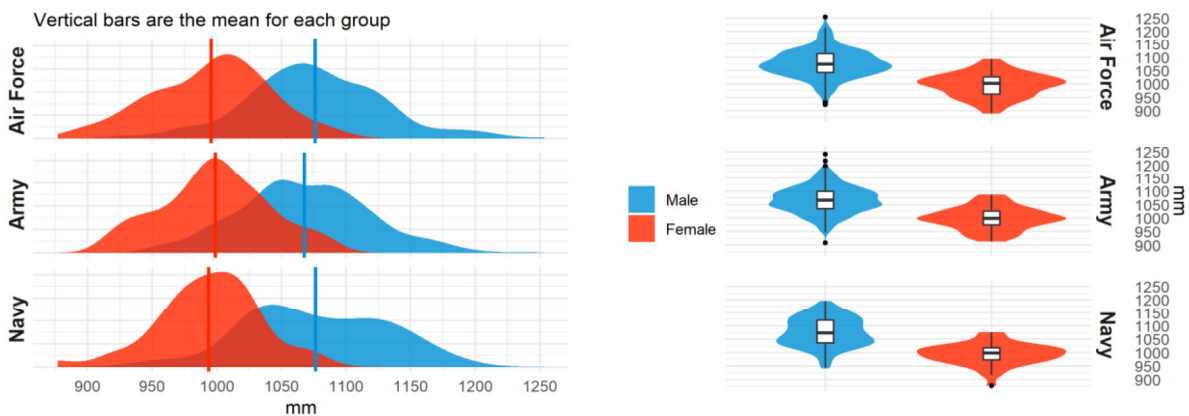
None.



Iliocristale height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1071	1076	1068	1077	Mean	996	999	994	997
52	53	51	55	SD	45	41	40	42
909	922	909	941	Min	889	914	877	877
1254	1254	1242	1195	Max	1093	1088	1076	1093
1196	1212	1185	1180	P99	1085	1085	1075	1085
1179	1201	1175	1175	P98	1080	1083	1073	1081
1174	1192	1170	1171	P97	1077	1079	1069	1077
1160	1173	1156	1161	P95	1064	1069	1058	1069
1135	1136	1131	1146	P90	1050	1054	1036	1053
1124	1125	1117	1136	P85	1038	1039	1027	1038
1115	1118	1109	1128	P80	1033	1032	1021	1031
1106	1114	1099	1121	P75	1026	1025	1018	1025
1097	1101	1094	1113	P70	1020	1020	1014	1019
1090	1092	1088	1100	P65	1013	1010	1013	1012
1082	1086	1081	1094	P60	1009	1005	1004	1007
1076	1077	1074	1081	P55	1004	1002	998	1003
1069	1073	1066	1073	P50	1002	999	998	998
1062	1068	1058	1064	P45	996	996	993	996
1055	1063	1053	1054	P40	992	993	987	991
1050	1057	1047	1048	P35	986	988	981	984
1044	1050	1042	1040	P30	972	979	977	977
1037	1042	1035	1035	P25	961	974	973	970
1030	1035	1028	1031	P20	954	964	964	960
1020	1029	1015	1024	P15	949	951	958	951
1008	1014	1004	1019	P10	934	942	948	940
987	984	987	998	P5	923	927	924	926
972	971	972	972	P3	904	926	918	917
965	969	963	962	P2	902	925	910	914
954	942	956	953	P1	898	917	894	902

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Index finger breadth distal - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Small bone caliper. The Rosscraft small bone caliper is 18 cm with pressure plates that are 10 mm diameter. Before measuring, the distance between the plates when touching should be verified as 0 cm to ensure it has been assembled correctly.

Source:

JIS Z 8500.

Definition:

The maximum distance between medial and lateral surfaces of the second finger in the region of the joint between middle and distal phalanges. The participant holds the forearm horizontal with hand stretched out flat and fingers spread, palm up.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Participants are seated at a table. The right hand is placed palm down on a measurement board. The centre wrist and medial side of the forearm are flat on the table. Fingers are spread apart. The assessor stands next to the hand (facing the participant).

Procedure:

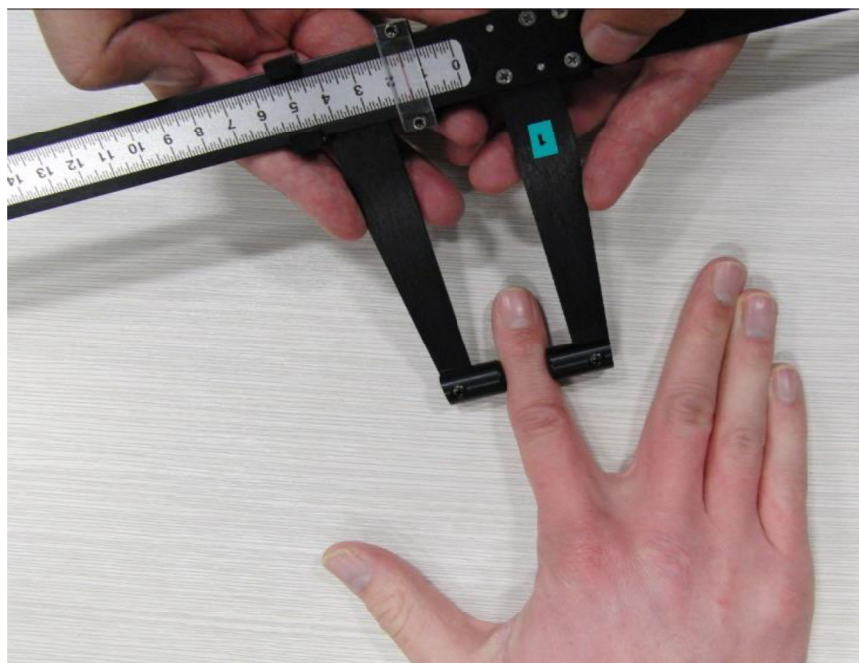
The plates of the small caliper are pressed firmly on the left and right side of the joint between the middle and distal phalanges. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

JIS Z 8500 Ergonomics Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design (2002). Japanese Industrial Standard: Tokyo, Japan.

Notes:

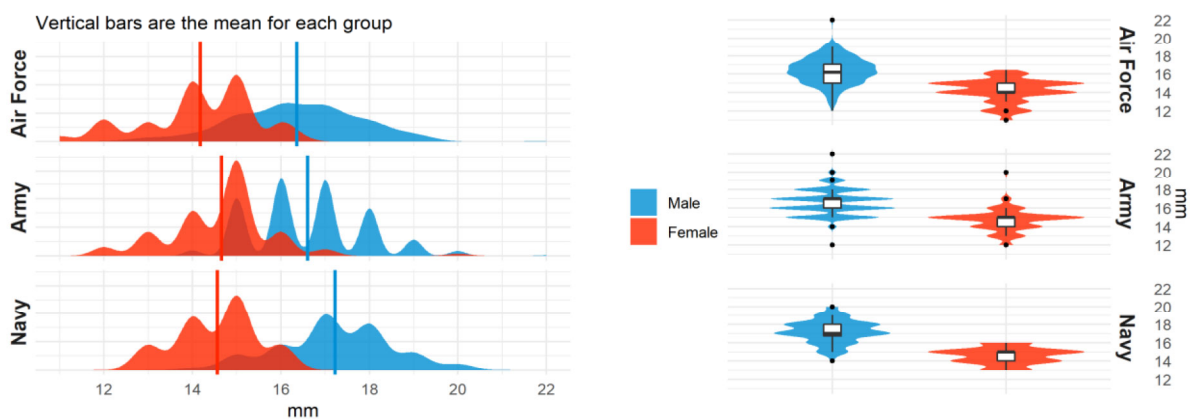
For greatest accuracy press firmly in this measure. Ensure that the palm and all fingers are pressed flat against the table.



Index finger breadth distal summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
17	16	17	17	Mean	14	15	15	14
1	1	1	1	SD	1	1	1	1
12	12	12	14	Min	11	12	13	11
22	22	22	20	Max	16	20	16	20
20	19	20	20	P99	16	17	16	17
19	19	19	20	P98	16	17	16	16
19	19	19	19	P97	16	17	16	16
19	19	19	19	P95	16	16	16	16
18	18	18	19	P90	16	16	16	16
18	18	18	18	P85	15	16	15	15
18	18	18	18	P80	15	15	15	15
17	17	17	18	P75	15	15	15	15
17	17	17	18	P70	15	15	15	15
17	17	17	18	P65	15	15	15	15
17	17	17	18	P60	15	15	15	15
17	17	17	17	P55	14	15	15	15
17	16	17	17	P50	14	15	15	15
16	16	16	17	P45	14	15	15	15
16	16	16	17	P40	14	15	14	14
16	16	16	17	P35	14	14	14	14
16	16	16	17	P30	14	14	14	14
16	15	16	17	P25	14	14	14	14
15	15	15	16	P20	13	14	14	14
15	15	15	16	P15	13	13	14	13
15	15	15	16	P10	12	13	13	13
15	14	15	15	P5	12	13	13	12
14	13	15	15	P3	12	12	13	12
14	13	15	15	P2	11	12	13	12
14	13	14	15	P1	11	12	13	12

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Index finger breadth proximal - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Small bone caliper. The Rosscraft small bone caliper is 18 cm with pressure plates that are 10 mm diameter. Before measuring, the distance between the plates when touching should be verified as 0 cm to ensure it has been assembled correctly.

Source:

JIS Z 8500.

Definition:

The maximum distance between medial and lateral surfaces of the second finger in the region of the joint between middle and proximal phalanges. The participant holds the forearm horizontal with hand stretched out flat and fingers spread, palm up.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Participants are seated at a table. The right hand is placed palm down on a measurement board. The centre wrist and medial side of the forearm are flat on the table. Fingers are spread apart. The assessor stands next to the hand (facing the participant).

Procedure:

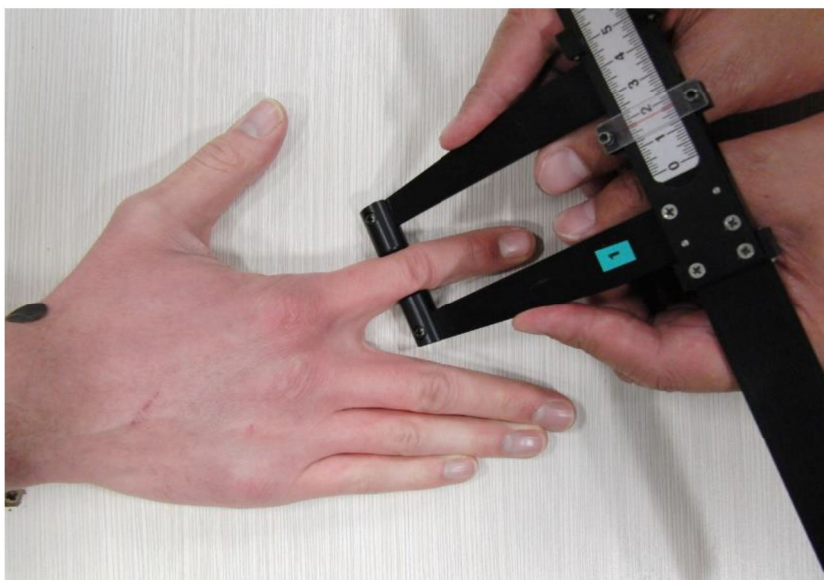
The plates of the small caliper are pressed firmly on the left and right side of the joint between the middle and proximal phalanges. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

JIS Z 8500 Ergonomics Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design (2002). Japanese Industrial Standard: Tokyo, Japan.

Notes:

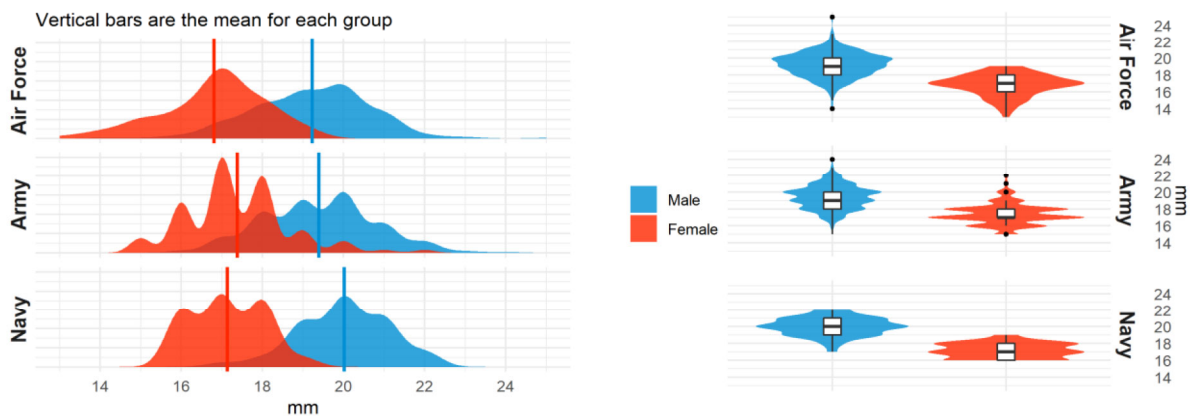
For greatest accuracy press firmly in this measure. Ensure that the palm and all fingers are pressed flat against the table.



Index finger breadth proximal summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
19	19	19	20	Mean	17	17	17	17
1	1	1	1	SD	1	1	1	1
14	14	15	17	Min	13	15	16	13
25	25	24	22	Max	19	22	19	22
23	23	23	22	P99	19	21	19	20
22	22	22	22	P98	19	20	19	20
22	22	22	22	P97	19	20	19	19
22	21	22	22	P95	19	20	18	19
21	21	21	21	P90	18	19	18	18
21	21	21	21	P85	18	18	18	18
21	20	20	21	P80	18	18	18	18
20	20	20	21	P75	18	18	18	18
20	20	20	21	P70	17	18	18	18
20	20	20	20	P65	17	18	18	18
20	20	20	20	P60	17	18	17	17
20	20	20	20	P55	17	17	17	17
20	19	19	20	P50	17	17	17	17
19	19	19	20	P45	17	17	17	17
19	19	19	20	P40	17	17	17	17
19	19	19	20	P35	17	17	17	17
19	19	19	19	P30	16	17	17	17
18	18	18	19	P25	16	17	16	16
18	18	18	19	P20	16	16	16	16
18	18	18	19	P15	15	16	16	16
18	17	18	19	P10	15	16	16	16
17	17	17	18	P5	15	16	16	15
17	17	17	18	P3	14	15	16	15
17	16	17	18	P2	14	15	16	15
16	16	16	17	P1	14	15	16	14

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Index finger reach - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Full-length anthropometer, ideally made of solid steel. The anthropometer typically comes in 4 separate sections. When combined, one end of the rod contains a stationary or fixed arm or prong, the other prong is free to move up and down while at a right angle to the rod. There are typically two scales on the rod that run opposite to each other.

Source:

CFAS.

Definition:

The horizontal distance between the vertical plane of the back and the tip of the right index finger.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands erect against a wall with both the left and right shoulder blades touching the wall. Their right arm is raised as straight as possible to the front at a 90 degree angle to the body with the index finger pointing medially to the opposite wall. Their arm must be in a relaxed and 'natural' position (i.e. do not ask them to fully reach forward or retract their shoulder/deltoid against the wall). The assessor stands to the right side of the participant in front of the elbow. This position enables the assessor to support the weight of the anthropometer evenly, and be in a position to see both prongs (the fixed end and the measurement end).

Procedure:

Place the outer edge of the fixed prong against the wall. Extend the opposite prong 50 mm beyond the fingertip. Slowly push the prong towards the hand until it touches the tip of the index finger. Check that both the arm and anthropometer are straight and horizontal then take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Keefe, A., H. Angel, and B. Mangan, 2012 Canadian Forces Anthropometric Survey (CFAS) – Final report. 2015, Defense Research and Development Canada: Toronto, Canada.

Notes:

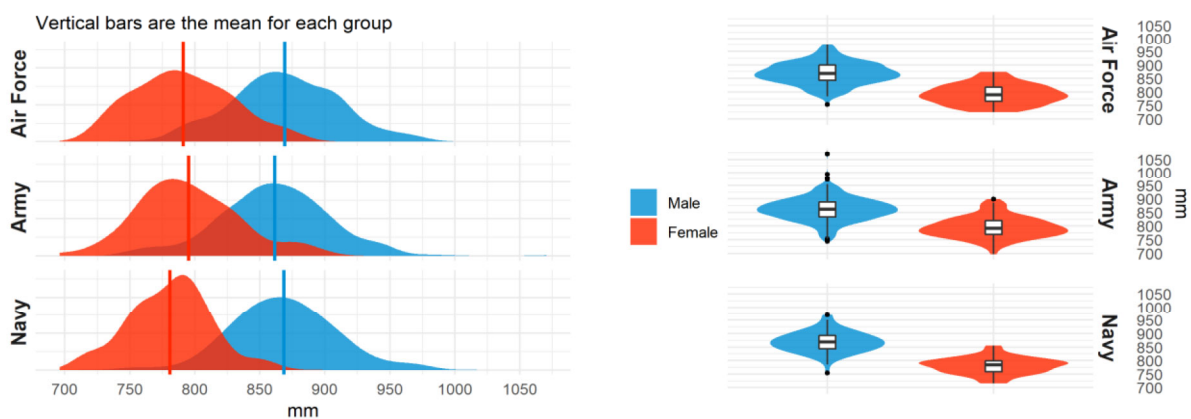
Lengthen or shorten the anthropometer (by adding or removing sections of the rod) to suit the arm length of the participant. Ensure that the prong is based securely, and square to the wall for stability. Be aware of handling the prong tip to avoid injuring the participant. Ask the scribe to observe and confirm whether the participant's arm is straight and horizontal to the floor immediately before taking the reading. The anthropometer and the centre of the arm should be at the same height.



Index finger reach summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
864	869	861	869	Mean	791	795	781	791
42	41	43	39	SD	37	39	31	37
744	754	744	754	Min	724	696	716	696
1070	976	1070	970	Max	874	898	855	898
967	966	953	970	P99	872	886	851	884
950	959	947	956	P98	870	885	847	874
945	949	942	945	P97	867	880	840	872
934	938	934	933	P95	857	873	822	857
915	916	912	916	P90	836	842	817	836
906	909	904	904	P85	831	834	809	828
898	906	894	900	P80	825	828	802	820
891	900	888	893	P75	818	820	798	815
884	890	883	885	P70	810	814	795	807
879	883	876	881	P65	802	805	794	801
874	878	871	878	P60	799	801	791	798
869	874	866	872	P55	795	796	789	794
864	869	862	868	P50	789	792	784	789
858	861	856	862	P45	782	788	781	784
854	857	850	857	P40	780	782	773	780
850	854	847	854	P35	776	777	769	774
844	849	842	849	P30	771	773	764	770
838	842	834	843	P25	766	770	759	766
830	835	828	838	P20	756	762	756	759
823	829	820	832	P15	749	759	749	753
812	814	810	825	P10	742	753	747	748
795	796	790	810	P5	735	734	724	733
784	794	771	806	P3	732	733	720	732
769	789	766	799	P2	732	731	719	723
757	784	755	781	P1	729	716	717	717

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Interpupillary breadth - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

A standard transparent ruler. The transparency enables the assessor to place the ruler close to the eyes without contact.

Source:

ANSUR, AWAS.

Definition:

The distance between the Centre of the Pupil R) and the Centre of the Pupil L.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands erect, with gaze focussed on a hypothetical position on the wall behind the assessor, with glasses removed. The assessor stands in front and slightly to the side of the participant.

Procedure:

Place the ruler directly in front of the nose with the zero point of the ruler in line with the centre of the left Pupil. For stability and safety, hold the ruler with the thumb and index finger and use the middle fingers to anchor the hands to the head. Take the reading at the centre of the right pupil. Movement of the eyes must be kept to a minimum. Measure to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

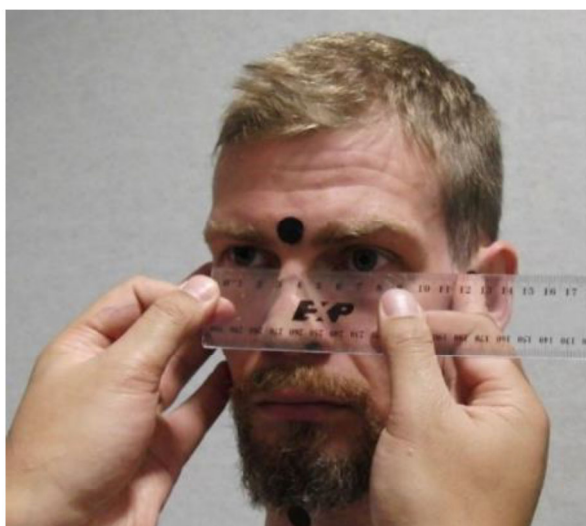
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

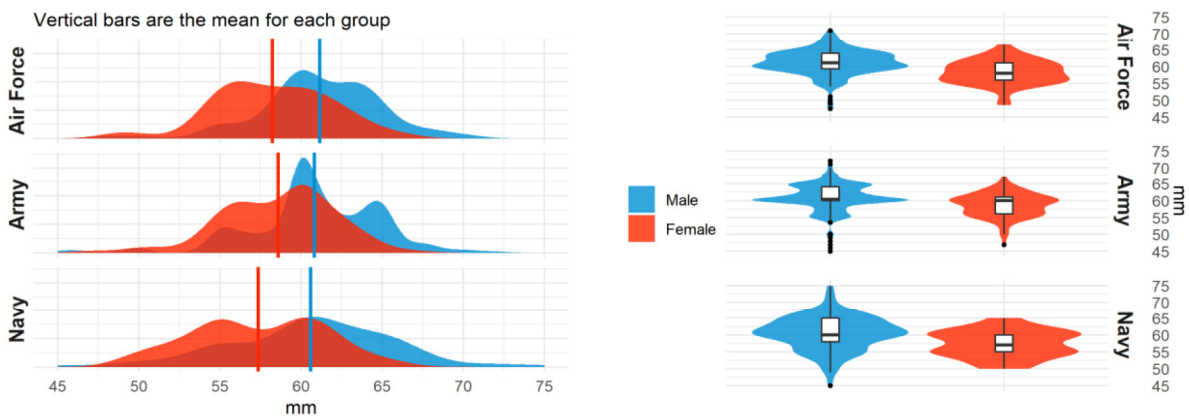
The position of the head has no influence on the measurement. Ensure that the jaw is still and the head is in the Frankfort plane.



Interpupillary breadth summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
61	61	61	61	Mean	58	59	57	58
4	4	4	5	SD	4	3	4	4
45	48	45	45	Min	48	47	50	47
75	71	72	75	Max	66	67	65	67
70	70	70	72	P99	65	65	65	65
69	69	68	71	P98	65	65	65	65
68	68	68	69	P97	65	64	64	65
67	67	67	67	P95	63	64	63	64
65	65	65	66	P90	63	63	62	63
65	64	65	65	P85	62	62	62	62
64	64	64	65	P80	61	61	61	61
64	64	64	65	P75	61	61	60	61
63	63	63	63	P70	60	60	60	60
62	63	62	62	P65	60	60	60	60
62	62	62	62	P60	59	60	60	60
61	62	61	61	P55	59	60	58	60
61	61	60	60	P50	58	60	57	59
60	61	60	60	P45	58	59	57	58
60	60	60	60	P40	57	58	55	57
60	60	60	60	P35	56	57	55	57
60	60	60	60	P30	56	57	55	56
60	59	60	58	P25	56	56	55	55
58	59	58	55	P20	55	56	55	55
57	58	57	55	P15	55	55	53	55
55	57	55	55	P10	55	55	52	54
55	55	55	52	P5	54	53	50	52
51	54	52	51	P3	50	51	50	50
50	52	50	50	P2	49	50	50	50
48	49	47	48	P1	49	50	50	49

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Knee circumference - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The circumference of the knee at the height of the digitally extracted Midpatella landmark.

Landmark required:

Midpatella landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

As per AWAS Section 7.2.28 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Alternatively, use CySize to draw an X-axis (a digital circumference) around the Midpatella (anterior point midway between the top and bottom of the right patella) landmark. Look for the stickered landmark (kneecap mid-point). If absent the midpoint may still be derived by placing the point marker in the centre of the knee, then use an X-axis loop. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

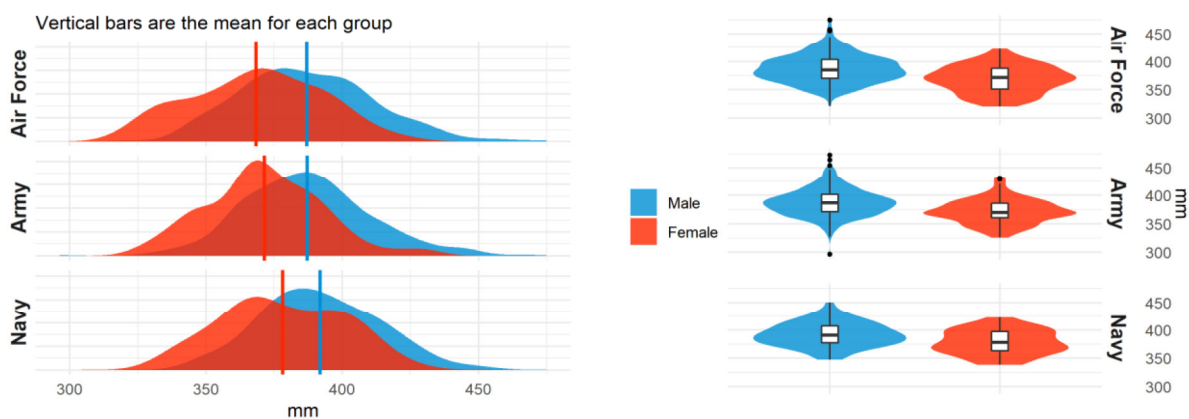
Ensure that there is no 'webbing' (a digital error that occurs when parts of the body are too close together and the software interprets this as one item) between the left and right knee. If so, then skip this measure.



Knee circumference summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
388	387	387	392	Mean	368	371	378	372
24	25	24	21	SD	24	21	22	22
296	321	296	348	Min	320	326	338	320
475	475	472	450	Max	422	432	423	432
447	454	447	441	P99	416	429	420	423
441	438	443	433	P98	412	422	416	420
435	433	438	430	P97	409	413	414	413
429	429	428	428	P95	405	403	409	408
418	419	417	419	P90	396	396	406	401
412	411	411	415	P85	395	391	402	396
406	406	405	410	P80	389	388	401	391
402	403	401	407	P75	388	386	397	388
399	400	397	402	P70	382	382	392	385
395	396	394	400	P65	377	378	389	380
392	393	392	395	P60	374	376	383	377
389	389	389	392	P55	372	372	381	372
387	385	386	391	P50	371	370	378	371
383	382	383	389	P45	367	368	370	368
381	379	380	384	P40	363	367	370	367
378	376	378	382	P35	360	365	368	364
374	372	374	379	P30	356	362	366	362
371	370	371	377	P25	351	360	363	356
368	367	367	375	P20	345	352	360	351
364	361	363	369	P15	340	348	355	347
360	357	360	367	P10	334	344	351	343
351	348	353	358	P5	331	339	341	334
346	346	345	353	P3	329	334	339	331
344	345	343	351	P2	327	332	339	330
339	344	335	349	P1	324	331	338	326

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Knee height - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

The vertical height of the front level of the knee girth height (codes 9520/9521) to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

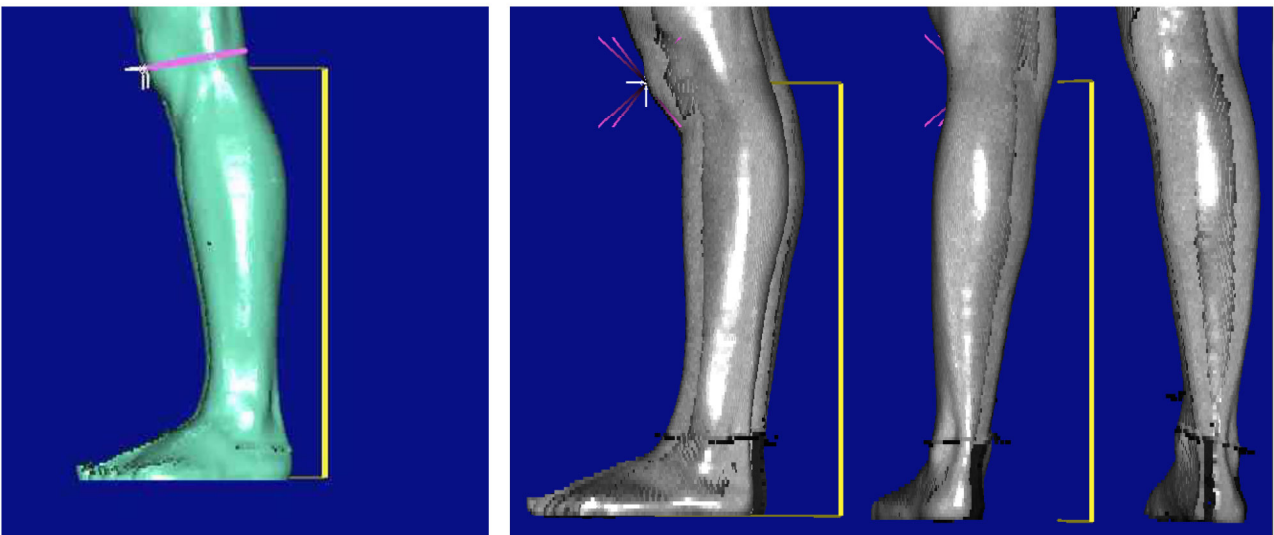
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

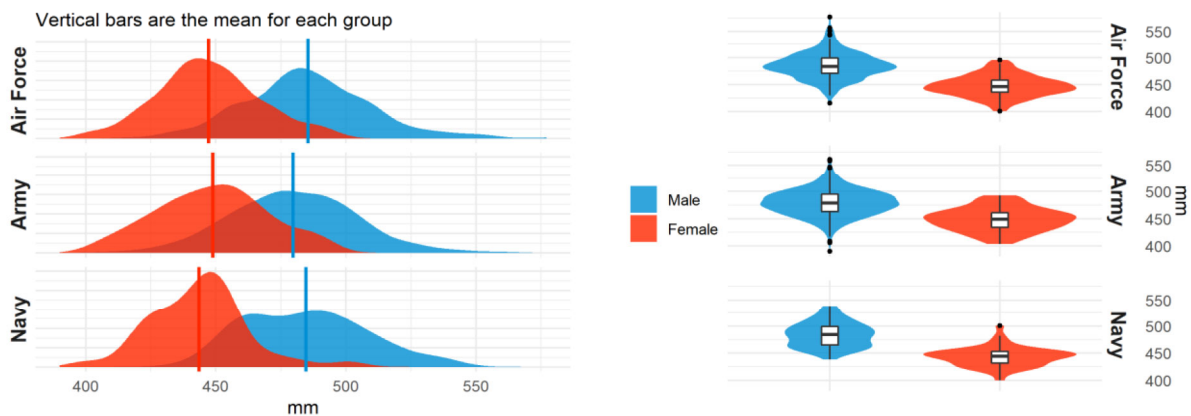
None.



Knee height summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
482	485	480	485	Mean	447	449	444	447
25	25	25	23	SD	20	21	18	20
390	416	390	438	Min	401	404	400	400
577	577	561	539	Max	495	493	501	501
545	552	541	537	P99	491	491	493	493
536	545	532	535	P98	489	490	485	490
532	536	526	534	P97	488	488	479	488
524	528	521	524	P95	483	487	472	485
512	514	510	515	P90	473	476	459	473
506	509	504	508	P85	470	471	457	468
501	506	500	504	P80	462	467	454	462
497	499	495	499	P75	458	461	453	459
494	496	492	497	P70	457	459	450	457
491	494	489	495	P65	454	457	450	454
488	490	486	489	P60	451	455	448	452
484	487	483	487	P55	448	452	447	450
482	484	479	484	P50	446	449	444	447
478	482	476	481	P45	445	445	443	445
476	480	474	479	P40	441	444	441	442
473	476	471	472	P35	440	440	439	440
469	474	467	466	P30	438	437	435	436
465	471	463	465	P25	436	434	432	434
461	464	459	462	P20	432	430	427	430
457	459	454	459	P15	427	426	424	425
452	454	449	456	P10	423	420	423	422
442	447	441	453	P5	417	414	418	415
436	439	435	451	P3	414	409	416	410
434	436	430	449	P2	409	407	413	407
424	432	423	444	P1	404	407	406	404

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Knee height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

CFAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a footrest surface and the Suprapatella landmark.

Landmark required:

Suprapatella landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the vertical axis) of the Suprapatella landmark in posture 3. Measurements are reported in mm.

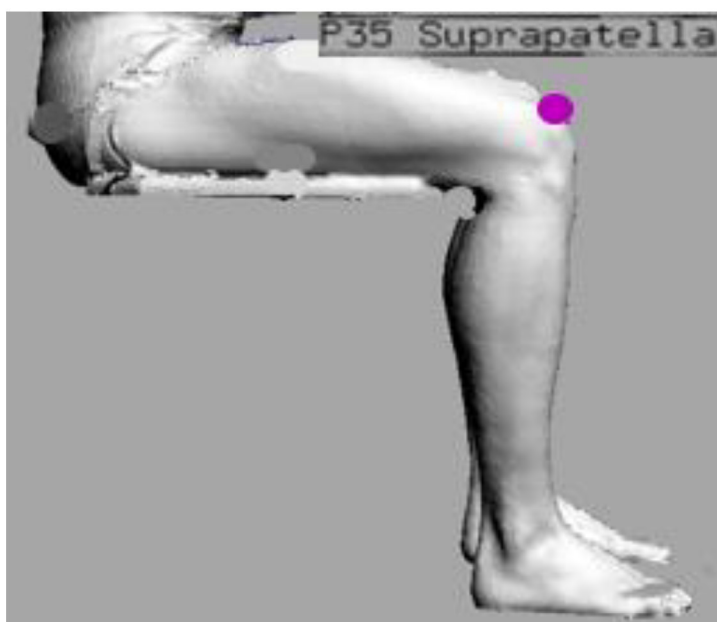
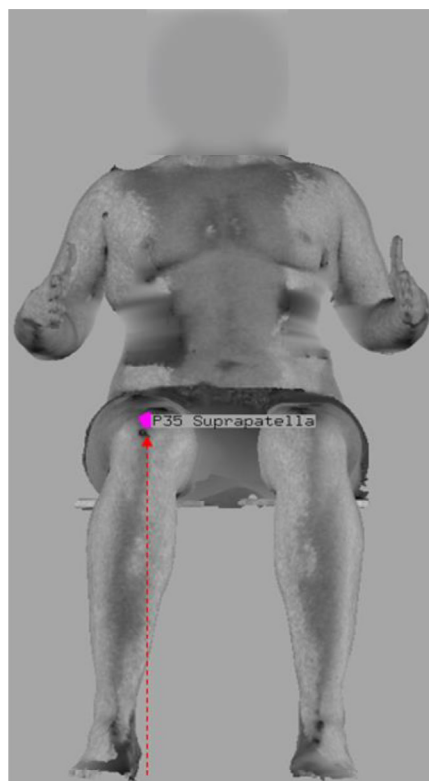
Reference:

Keefe, A., H. Angel, and B. Mangan, 2012 Canadian Forces Anthropometric Survey (CFAS) – Final report. 2015, Defense Research and Development Canada: Toronto, Canada.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

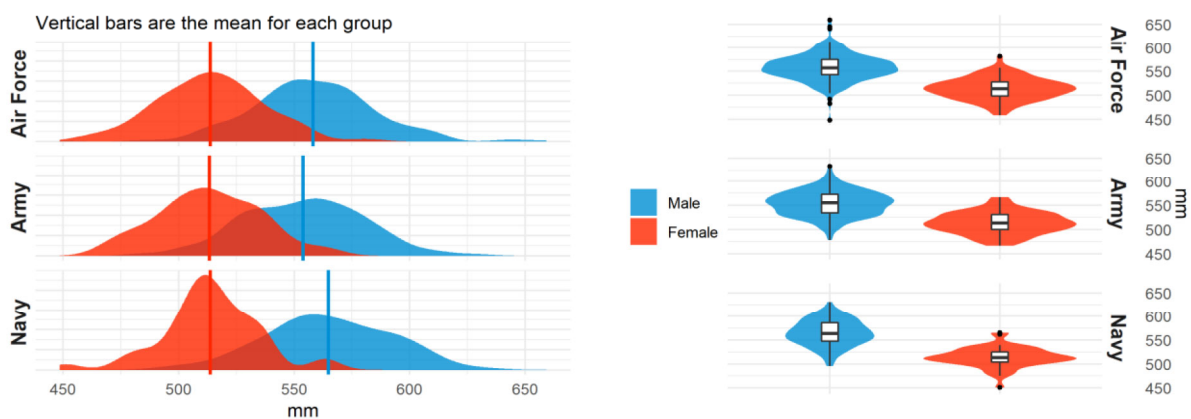
None



Knee height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
556	558	554	565	Mean	514	513	514	514
27	28	27	27	SD	23	22	21	22
448	448	478	496	Min	458	466	451	451
659	659	633	631	Max	581	567	565	581
617	637	615	618	P99	564	563	564	565
611	612	608	612	P98	556	561	562	562
608	610	604	610	P97	553	560	556	559
599	605	595	608	P95	550	549	539	550
591	592	587	599	P90	545	538	536	539
583	583	581	595	P85	534	536	534	536
578	578	577	590	P80	532	534	530	532
574	575	573	586	P75	528	531	525	528
570	571	569	580	P70	525	526	523	525
567	568	564	574	P65	521	522	520	522
563	565	561	572	P60	519	517	516	518
560	560	558	568	P55	517	516	514	516
557	557	555	563	P50	514	514	513	514
553	553	551	560	P45	510	510	512	510
549	551	547	557	P40	508	508	510	508
546	549	543	554	P35	508	504	509	506
542	545	538	550	P30	502	502	507	502
537	543	534	548	P25	498	500	504	500
533	537	531	545	P20	494	495	501	496
528	533	526	537	P15	491	490	498	491
523	524	522	530	P10	488	482	488	485
513	514	510	523	P5	477	477	481	476
506	511	504	517	P3	473	473	476	473
502	507	501	507	P2	468	471	471	470
492	494	491	504	P1	463	470	461	465

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Medial malleolus-hallux length - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

NZDFAS.

Definition:

The distance between the centre of the Medial Malleolus and the tip of the Hallux (big toe).

Landmark required:

Medial Malleolus and Hallux landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is the point to point distance between the Medial Malleolus (inner ankle) and Hallux (most anterior point of the big toe) landmarks. For the Medial Malleolus place point on medial surface of inner ankle. Use Y loop to identify the most medial protruding point of the malleolus. For the Hallux place point on anterior surface of Hallux. Use X loop to identify this. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

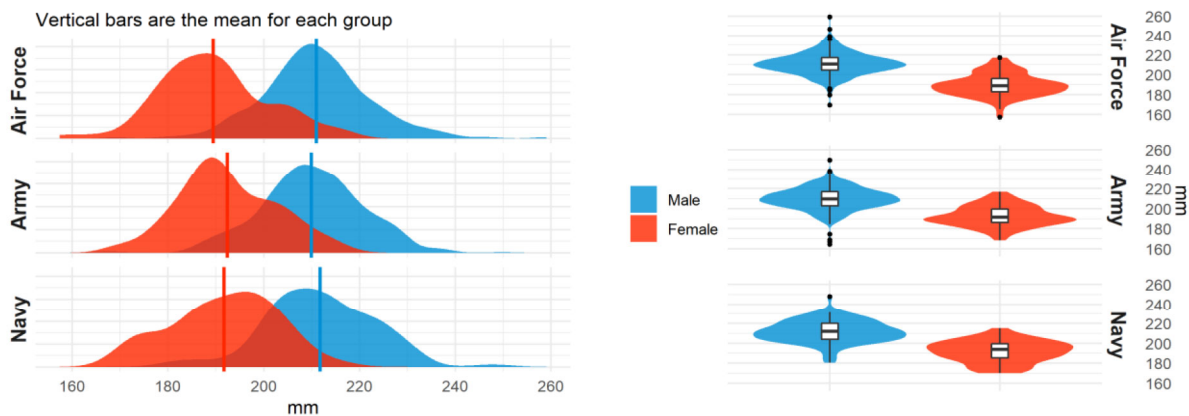
The scan quality is often poor for feet and hands. If the Hallux is not visible, then skip this measure. The Malleolus can be identified visually but for accuracy, place a point in the centre and identify the most lateral aspect using the Y section tool. The Y section tool identifies the 'peak' or the widest point of the media Malleolus.



Medial malleolus-hallax length summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
210	211	210	212	Mean	189	192	192	191
11	12	11	11	SD	11	10	11	11
164	169	164	180	Min	157	169	170	157
259	259	250	248	Max	217	217	215	217
237	239	236	233	P99	215	214	212	215
233	236	230	231	P98	214	213	209	214
230	234	229	230	P97	213	212	208	213
229	229	227	230	P95	208	211	208	208
224	224	224	225	P90	204	206	204	205
222	222	221	224	P85	204	204	203	204
219	219	219	222	P80	198	202	201	201
217	217	217	220	P75	196	200	199	199
216	216	215	217	P70	193	198	199	197
214	214	214	215	P65	192	196	197	194
213	213	213	214	P60	191	193	195	193
212	212	211	213	P55	190	192	194	192
210	210	210	212	P50	189	191	194	191
209	209	209	210	P45	188	191	190	189
208	208	207	208	P40	186	189	190	188
207	207	206	207	P35	185	188	187	187
205	206	205	205	P30	183	187	186	186
204	204	203	204	P25	183	186	185	184
202	203	202	203	P20	181	185	183	183
200	201	200	202	P15	179	183	179	181
197	197	196	200	P10	177	180	175	178
193	193	192	194	P5	174	178	174	174
189	192	189	190	P3	172	175	173	172
187	189	188	185	P2	168	172	172	171
184	185	185	183	P1	163	171	171	169

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Neck girth base - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

Circumference measurement at the level of the base of the neck, just on the transition between the torso and neck.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

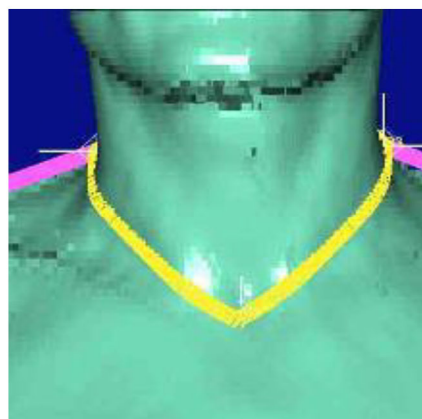
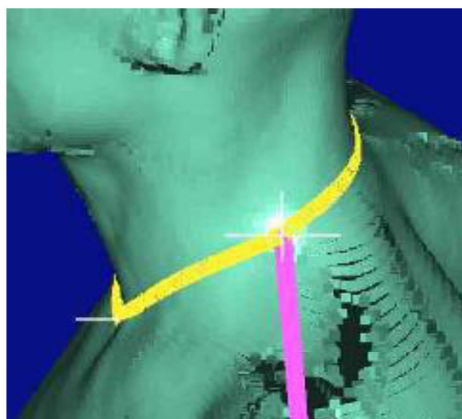
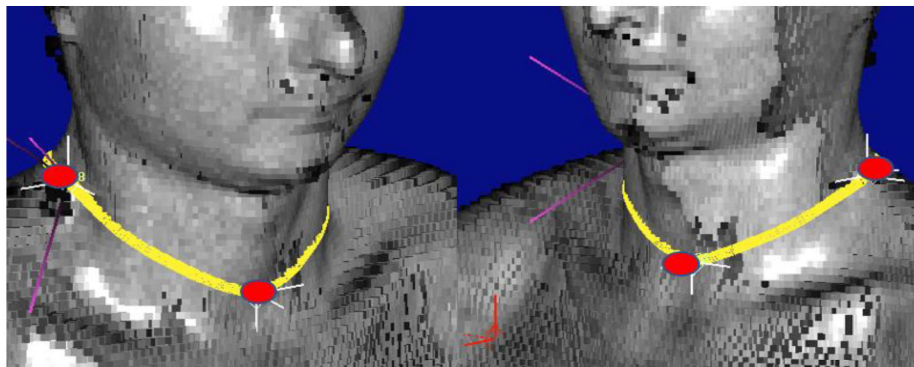
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

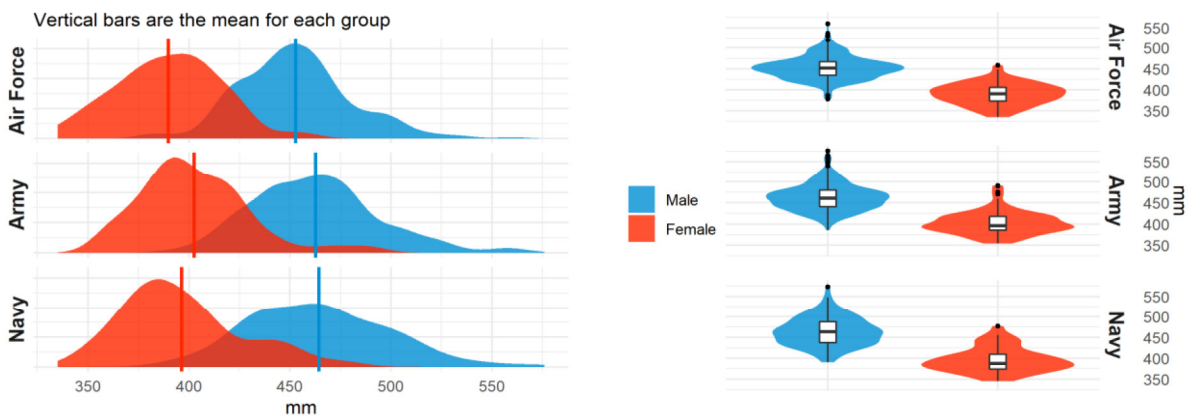
This measure often requires slight adjustment as sometimes the software produces a sharp 'edge' at the base of the throat (it does not behave like a standard tape). To adjust, place the cursor on the tape (depicted as red dots), left mouse click and hold, then manually move the tape to create a more round profile. The tape can also be adjusted using points on the left and right side of the neck (to conform around the neck circumference).



Neck girth base summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
460	453	463	464	Mean	390	403	396	397
32	28	32	35	SD	26	27	30	28
378	378	385	391	Min	335	354	346	335
576	560	576	573	Max	458	490	477	490
557	529	559	551	P99	452	489	468	477
536	518	541	541	P98	441	476	459	468
526	508	526	531	P97	430	471	454	457
518	502	522	519	P95	426	446	449	443
502	492	504	509	P90	421	431	441	429
491	480	495	501	P85	418	425	430	422
484	473	486	495	P80	410	422	416	418
478	467	480	487	P75	405	418	409	414
473	464	476	480	P70	404	415	405	408
469	461	473	474	P65	402	409	403	405
465	457	469	468	P60	400	406	399	402
462	454	464	466	P55	393	402	396	398
458	452	461	463	P50	390	396	388	395
455	449	458	460	P45	387	395	387	391
450	445	454	455	P40	384	394	385	388
446	443	448	448	P35	381	391	384	385
443	438	444	441	P30	376	389	383	383
438	435	441	438	P25	372	385	374	378
434	428	436	433	P20	368	382	372	375
428	424	429	431	P15	362	377	369	370
422	420	423	426	P10	355	371	366	364
415	414	416	417	P5	350	364	355	355
409	409	412	405	P3	343	361	353	352
404	400	405	402	P2	340	359	352	349
397	387	403	398	P1	337	359	349	342

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Palm length - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Segmometer.

Source:

ISO 7250.

Definition:

Distance from a line drawn between the styloid processes mid-stylian landmark to the proximal finger crease of the middle finger on the palm of the hand.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant places the lateral surface of the right forearm and the back of the right-hand flat against the table surface. The palm is open and facing up. Fingers and thumb are together. The assessor stands in a position that is perpendicular to the hand.

Procedure:

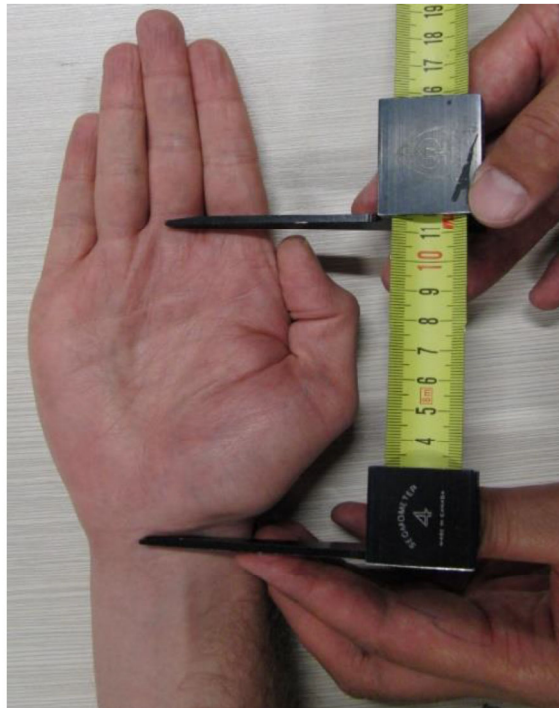
Measurement is taken on the palmar surface of the hand between the mid-stylian landmark and the proximal crease of the middle finger. The fixed end of the segmometer is placed on the centre wrist landmark, the sliding end is on the crease. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

ISO 7250-1. Basic Human Body Measurements for Technological Design. 2008, International Organization for Standardization: Geneva.

Notes:

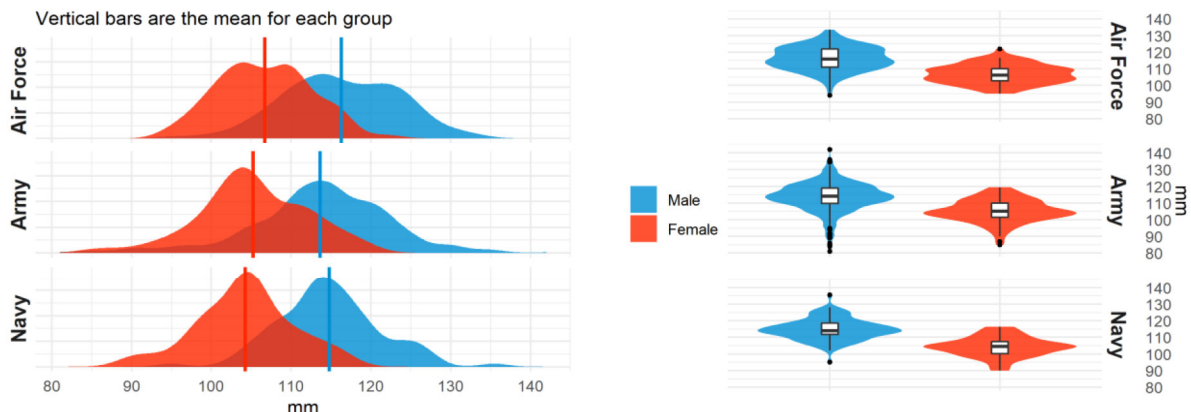
Ensure that the palm and all fingers are together and rigid (no cupping of the hands).
Ensure the back of the hand and fingers are flat against the table surface.



Palm length summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
114	116	114	115	Mean	107	105	104	106
8	7	9	7	SD	6	7	6	6
81	94	81	95	Min	95	85	90	85
142	134	142	136	Max	122	119	116	122
133	132	135	129	P99	118	119	116	119
130	130	130	127	P98	116	119	116	117
130	130	130	127	P97	116	117	115	116
126	127	126	126	P95	116	116	114	116
124	125	123	124	P90	114	114	112	114
122	124	122	121	P85	113	112	111	112
121	123	120	119	P80	111	111	109	111
120	122	119	118	P75	110	110	108	110
119	120	118	117	P70	110	109	106	109
117	120	117	116	P65	110	107	105	108
116	118	116	116	P60	109	106	105	106
115	117	115	115	P55	108	105	105	106
115	116	114	114	P50	106	105	104	105
114	115	113	114	P45	105	104	104	104
113	114	112	113	P40	105	104	104	104
112	114	112	112	P35	104	103	103	103
111	112	110	112	P30	103	102	102	103
110	111	110	112	P25	103	102	100	102
109	110	108	109	P20	102	101	99	101
107	109	106	109	P15	101	99	99	100
105	107	103	107	P10	100	97	98	98
100	105	97	105	P5	98	93	94	96
96	103	93	104	P3	97	93	92	93
94	101	91	103	P2	96	90	91	91
90	100	89	101	P1	95	87	90	90

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Popliteal height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance from a footrest surface to the back of the right knee (the popliteal fossa at the dorsal juncture of the calf and thigh).

Landmark required:

Popliteal landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

The Popliteal is the crease between the bottom of the thigh and top of the calf on right leg when in seated position. With "Colour" mode off, this point is best accessed when viewed from inferior e.g. looking up to the knee crease as if viewed from the participants heel. The marker should be placed in the middle of the crease. The measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the vertical axis) of the Popliteal landmark in posture 3. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

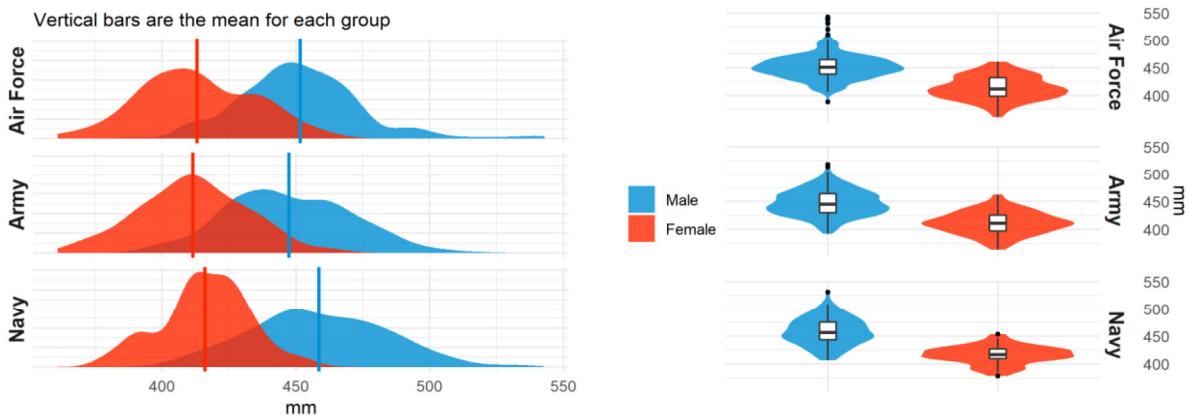
Ensure that the popliteal landmark is placed in the centre (underneath) the thigh and not on the lateral side (near the tibiale laterale). Use different views (e.g. wire view) to increase visibility. If not visible remove this measure.



Popliteal height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
450	452	447	459	Mean	413	412	416	413
24	23	23	25	SD	21	20	16	20
388	388	392	406	Min	361	364	379	361
543	543	518	531	Max	460	463	454	463
509	530	503	512	P99	458	460	450	459
502	508	495	508	P98	455	448	447	453
496	498	491	505	P97	451	446	444	448
490	492	486	500	P95	447	443	440	445
480	476	478	490	P90	438	436	435	437
474	470	472	485	P85	437	434	431	435
469	468	468	481	P80	435	428	427	431
465	464	464	475	P75	431	425	427	427
462	461	461	473	P70	424	422	426	423
459	459	458	469	P65	418	418	423	419
455	455	453	466	P60	416	415	422	417
451	452	449	461	P55	414	413	419	414
448	450	445	456	P50	411	411	416	412
445	448	442	452	P45	410	409	414	411
442	445	440	450	P40	407	408	412	409
440	443	437	448	P35	401	405	411	406
437	440	434	446	P30	400	402	410	402
432	438	430	444	P25	398	397	409	399
429	432	427	437	P20	395	394	405	395
426	429	424	432	P15	394	392	398	393
422	426	420	426	P10	389	386	392	388
413	414	412	417	P5	380	377	388	380
409	411	404	413	P3	378	373	386	375
404	411	402	412	P2	373	372	384	373
398	408	397	411	P1	367	371	381	370

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Radiale-styilion length - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ISAK, AWAS.

Definition:

The point-to-point distance between the digitally extracted Radiale and Stylion landmarks. Note that despite the appearance of a contour distance in the figure, CySize extracts this measurement as a point-to-point distance.

Landmark required:

Radiale right and Stylion right landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Stand with feet together, arms straight at the sides with the palms facing in towards the thigh. Fingers together and extended with the thumb facing forward. Stand with back erect and head in the Frankfort plane.

Procedure:

Identify and select the digital Radiale right and Stylion (most distal point on the lateral margin of the styloid process of the radius) right landmarks. Look for the stickered landmark and skip if absent. Measurements are reported in mm.

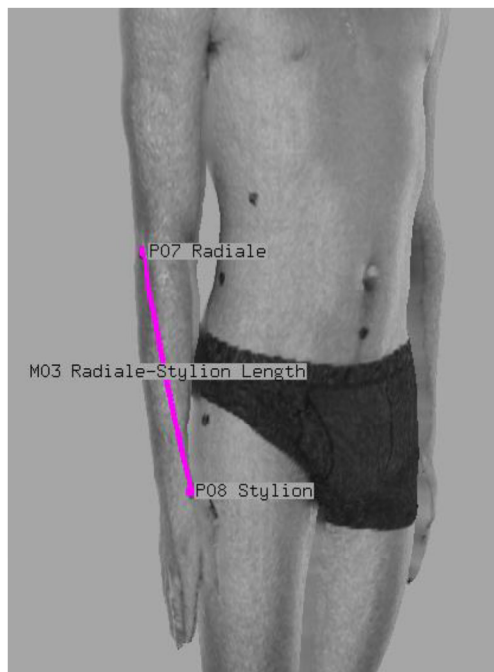
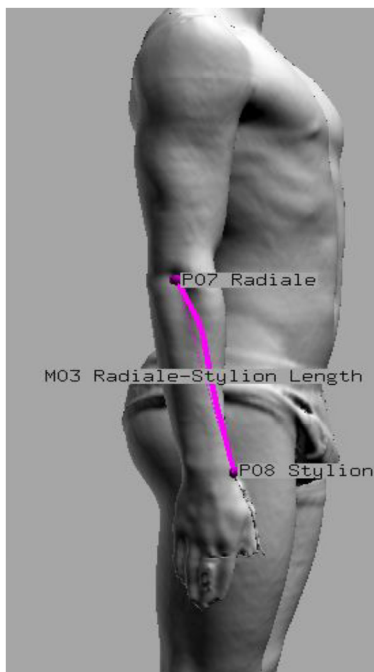
Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

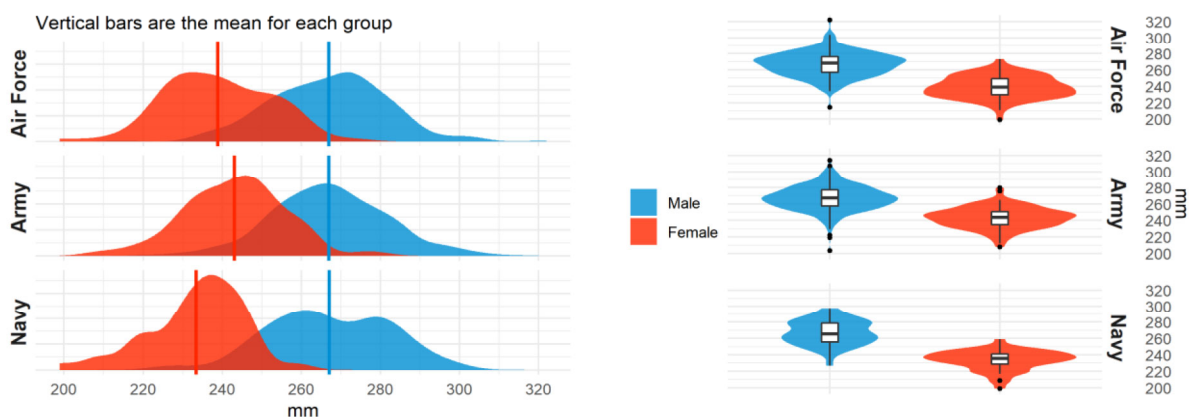
Ignore the curved line produced by CySize. The export function will correct this to the point to point distance.



Radiale-stylyon length summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
267	267	267	267	Mean	239	243	233	240
15	15	15	15	SD	14	13	12	13
204	215	204	227	Min	199	208	199	199
322	322	314	298	Max	273	279	259	279
303	303	302	297	P99	266	276	255	272
298	300	299	296	P98	262	266	251	263
296	295	296	294	P97	259	262	249	261
291	289	292	289	P95	259	261	247	260
285	284	285	286	P90	256	260	246	257
283	282	283	283	P85	255	255	245	254
279	279	279	281	P80	251	252	244	251
277	276	277	279	P75	249	251	241	249
275	275	274	278	P70	247	250	241	247
273	273	272	276	P65	244	248	239	245
270	272	270	272	P60	240	247	237	243
269	270	268	267	P55	240	245	236	241
267	268	267	266	P50	239	244	236	240
265	265	265	264	P45	237	242	235	238
263	264	263	262	P40	234	241	233	236
261	261	261	261	P35	232	238	230	235
259	259	259	259	P30	230	236	230	233
257	257	257	256	P25	229	235	229	230
255	254	255	254	P20	228	233	223	229
252	252	253	251	P15	226	230	220	227
249	249	250	248	P10	224	229	218	223
243	243	242	245	P5	220	222	210	218
239	238	239	242	P3	218	219	209	214
236	237	236	237	P2	214	217	207	209
230	236	230	228	P1	208	212	203	208

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Seated height - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Stadiometer and anthropometry box. Only the bottom half of the stadiometer is required unless the participant has a sitting height in excess of 1300 mm. The stadiometer sits on the anthropometry box on its long axis.

Source:

ISAK.

Definition:

The height from the sitting platform to the Vertex® when the head is held in the Frankfort plane. The technique uses stretched stature methods to avoid repeated measures having to be taken as near as possible to the same time of day as the original measurement.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant is seated on a measuring box or level platform. Their arms and hands are by relaxed by their side. The assessor stands in front of the participant and observes at eye level the head in the Frankfort plane. The scale end of the caliper is near the participants head.

Procedure:

The participant is instructed to take and hold a deep breath, and while keeping the head in the Frankfort plane, the assessor applies gentle upward lift through the mastoid processes. Both thumbs of the assessor are below each Orbitale, and the index fingers are placed below the base of the skull. The recorder places the headboard firmly down on the Vertex®, crushing the hair as much as possible. Care must be taken to ensure the participant does not contract the gluteal muscles nor push with the legs. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Notes:

If the anthropometry box is too short consider using another object such as a sturdy desk or table.

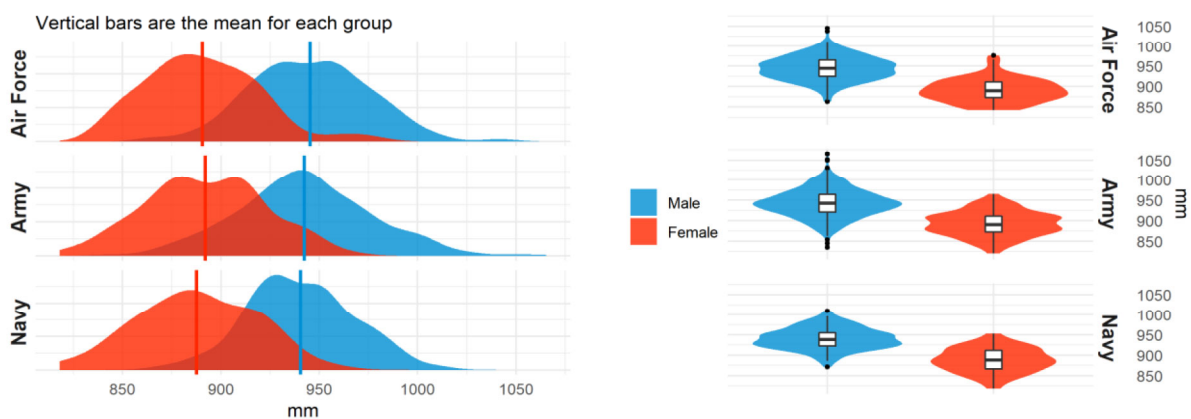
Their knees should be at a right angle. If the seat surface does not enable this angle, then ask the participant to sit straight with their back straight and against the Stadiometer (without leaning on it). The posterior-inferior end of the buttocks must be pushed back against the base of the ruler (as far as their body allows). Care must be taken to ensure the participant does not contract the gluteal muscles nor push with the legs.



Seated height summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
943	945	942	940	Mean	891	892	888	891
33	30	35	27	SD	29	30	30	30
836	863	836	871	Min	842	820	818	818
1066	1045	1066	1010	Max	976	965	952	976
1026	1011	1026	998	P99	969	951	945	964
1010	1007	1012	990	P98	962	950	938	952
1005	998	1007	988	P97	953	948	934	949
998	994	1002	985	P95	932	941	929	940
986	984	988	976	P90	924	935	925	927
976	976	978	972	P85	918	920	921	919
970	972	970	963	P80	915	916	914	915
964	965	964	955	P75	911	911	912	911
959	961	958	953	P70	902	910	909	909
954	957	953	951	P65	901	907	895	904
950	954	950	949	P60	896	904	894	899
945	951	944	945	P55	892	899	892	893
942	945	942	938	P50	890	890	888	889
938	941	939	932	P45	885	885	886	885
933	936	933	931	P40	879	883	880	880
931	932	930	929	P35	877	879	875	878
926	928	926	927	P30	875	874	874	874
922	925	921	922	P25	872	873	866	872
916	920	915	919	P20	866	867	862	865
910	914	908	915	P15	859	861	856	859
902	909	900	911	P10	855	852	849	851
890	898	886	899	P5	848	844	845	845
883	890	878	890	P3	845	840	836	842
875	886	874	889	P2	844	834	831	836
868	872	868	884	P1	843	827	824	828

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Shoulder-elbow length - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The distance between the right acromion landmark and the right olecranon bottom landmark.

Landmark required:

Acromiale Right and Olecranon bottom (right) landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is the point to point distance between the Acromiale Right and Olecranon bottom (right) landmark. Measurements are reported in mm.

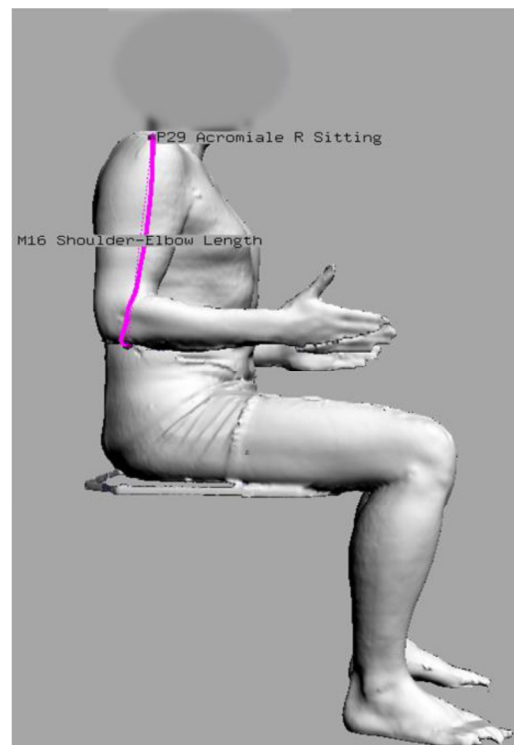
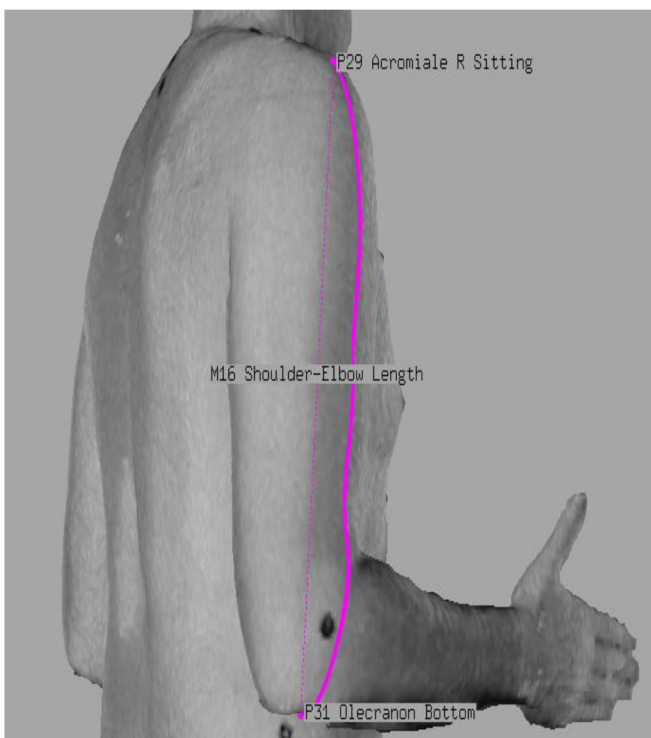
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

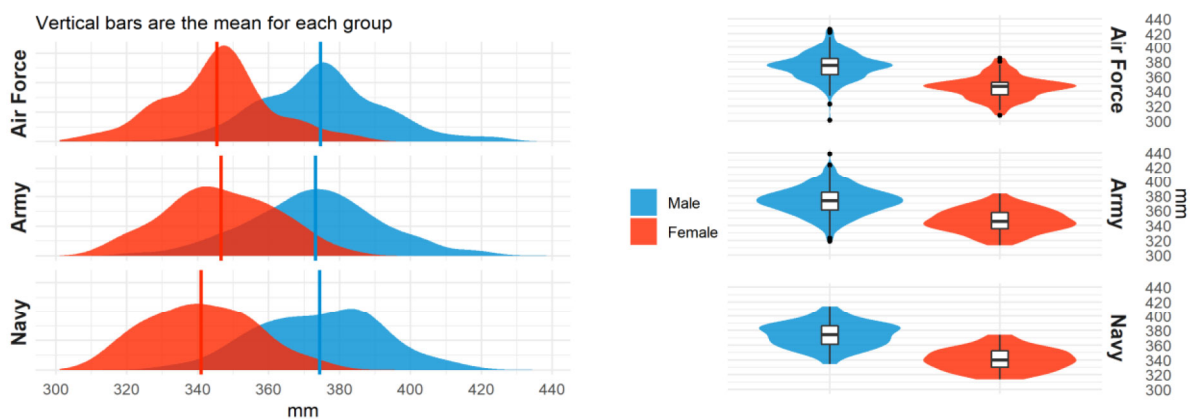
None.



Shoulder-elbow length summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
374	375	373	374	Mean	345	347	341	345
19	18	19	17	SD	15	15	15	15
301	301	319	334	Min	307	313	314	307
438	426	438	414	Max	385	383	374	385
419	423	419	411	P99	382	380	372	380
414	415	415	408	P98	379	376	371	376
409	411	408	405	P97	375	374	369	374
404	403	404	403	P95	370	370	365	370
397	397	398	394	P90	367	368	358	367
392	393	392	390	P85	358	363	356	361
388	389	388	388	P80	356	361	353	357
385	385	385	386	P75	352	357	352	355
382	382	382	385	P70	351	356	351	353
380	379	380	382	P65	350	353	347	351
378	378	378	381	P60	349	350	344	349
376	376	376	377	P55	347	348	342	347
374	375	373	374	P50	347	346	340	345
372	373	371	374	P45	345	344	339	343
370	372	369	369	P40	343	342	337	341
368	370	367	367	P35	342	340	336	339
365	367	365	365	P30	341	339	331	337
361	362	361	361	P25	335	336	330	334
358	360	358	358	P20	334	334	327	331
355	357	354	357	P15	329	331	325	329
350	353	348	353	P10	327	326	322	325
344	346	342	348	P5	322	321	320	320
338	342	337	346	P3	316	319	317	317
335	341	335	341	P2	315	318	315	315
328	334	327	335	P1	312	315	314	314

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Sitting elbow rest height sitting - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument: CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a sitting surface and the olecranon, bottom landmark on the flexed right elbow.

Landmark required:

Olecranon bottom and Seat pan height landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Olecranon bottom landmark minus the Y coordinate of the Seat pan height landmark in posture 3. Measurements are reported in mm.

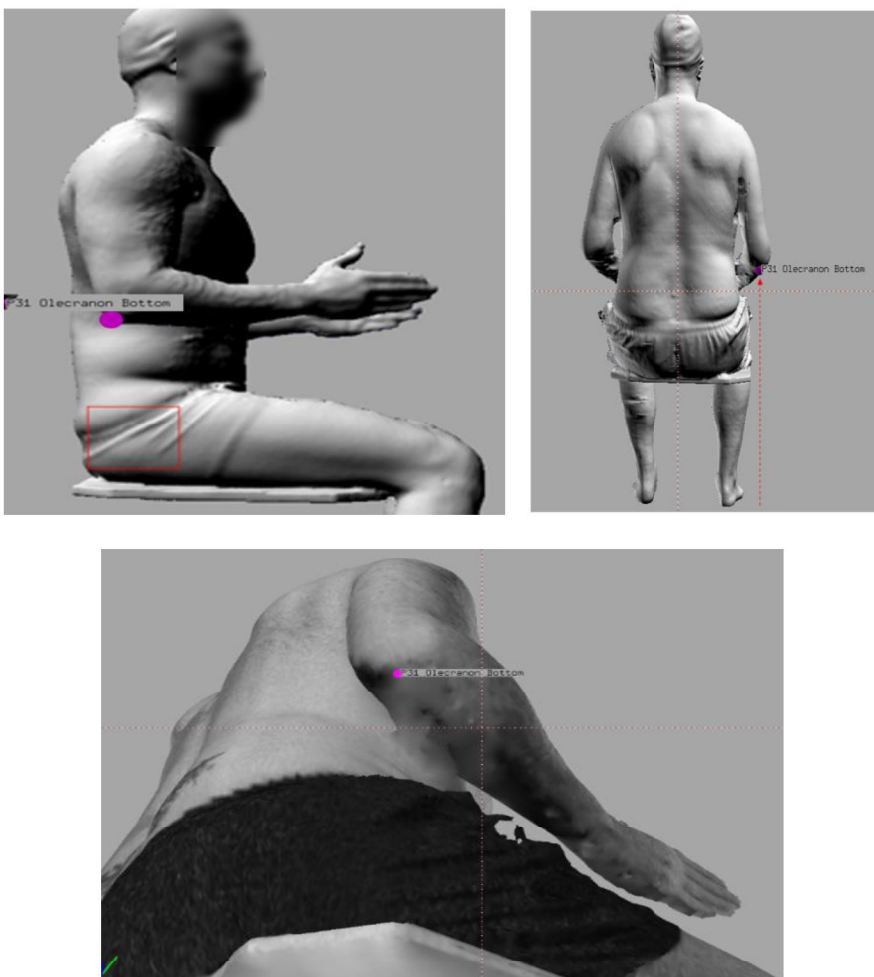
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

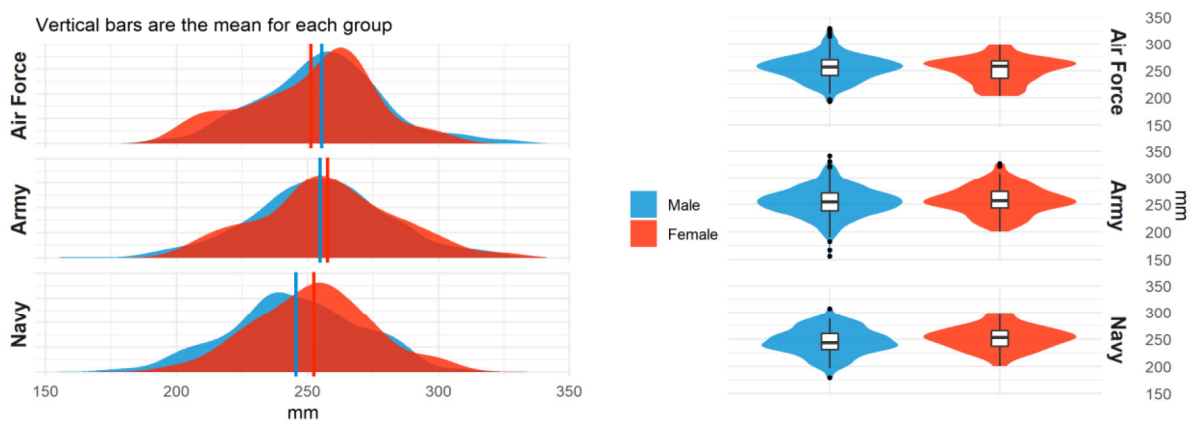
Ensure that the forearm is horizontal and parallel with the ground.



Sitting elbow rest height sitting summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
254	256	255	246	Mean	251	258	252	254
26	24	27	25	SD	24	26	22	25
155	193	155	179	Min	204	201	201	201
341	330	341	308	Max	300	327	300	327
320	319	321	291	P99	300	322	299	308
311	309	315	287	P98	297	309	299	302
308	308	309	287	P97	294	304	297	300
298	297	299	285	P95	289	302	291	298
287	282	288	280	P90	274	290	277	286
279	277	283	272	P85	269	286	273	277
275	273	276	268	P80	268	279	270	273
270	270	271	260	P75	267	274	265	268
266	266	267	258	P70	266	269	262	267
264	264	264	254	P65	263	265	259	263
260	261	261	252	P60	261	263	258	261
257	258	257	250	P55	259	260	255	258
254	257	255	243	P50	258	257	253	256
252	253	252	241	P45	256	253	252	253
248	251	249	239	P40	249	251	248	251
244	248	245	236	P35	247	250	245	248
241	244	242	234	P30	238	247	243	244
237	241	238	231	P25	236	243	237	237
233	235	235	229	P20	232	234	235	233
228	232	228	219	P15	222	230	230	226
220	223	221	213	P10	215	222	224	220
209	217	209	204	P5	208	215	219	211
204	212	203	200	P3	207	210	215	209
198	208	198	197	P2	205	210	212	207
193	198	192	195	P1	204	209	207	204

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Sleeve outseam - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR, AWAS.

Definition:

The contour (surface) distance between the digitally extracted Acromion Right and Centre Wrist marker landmarks, passing over the Radiale landmark.

Landmark required:

Digitally extracted Acromiale R and Centre Wrist and Radiale landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

Identify and select the digital Acromiale R, Centre Wrist (centre point of the right wrist) and Radiale landmarks. Measurements are reported in mm. For the Centre Wrist add 'Z-loop' around the Stylium landmark. Visually identify the mid-point at the top of the wrist (when viewed straight on from the side). Look for the stickered landmark and skip if absent. This landmark is reliant on the presence of the Stylium.

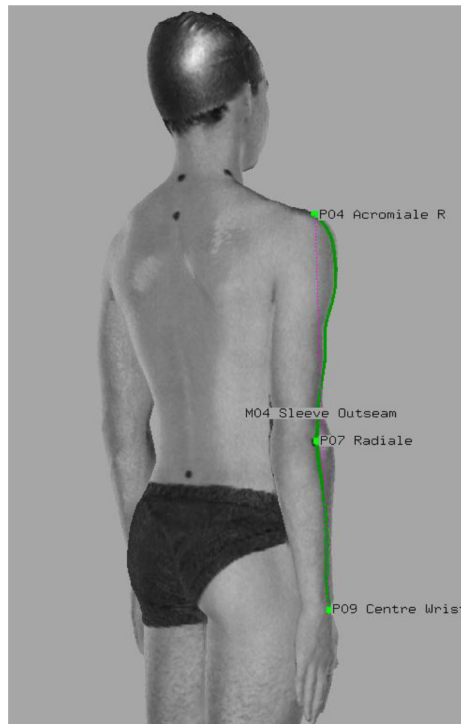
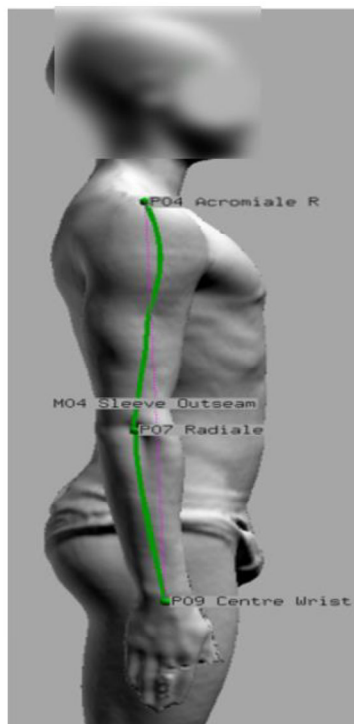
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

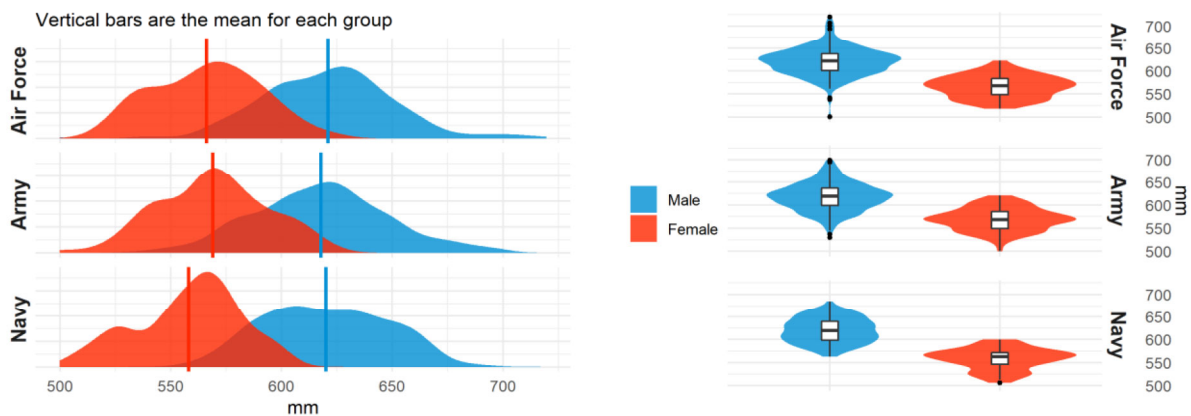
None.



Sleeve outseam summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
619	621	618	620	Mean	566	569	558	566
30	30	30	27	SD	24	25	23	24
501	501	530	563	Min	518	500	506	500
720	720	699	685	Max	623	621	600	623
695	706	692	667	P99	617	619	598	618
685	693	684	664	P98	611	614	597	613
678	681	679	663	P97	606	612	596	608
669	668	671	662	P95	604	608	595	606
657	657	655	660	P90	596	605	585	597
649	648	649	651	P85	591	597	580	591
644	644	643	648	P80	587	590	577	587
637	638	637	640	P75	583	586	572	582
634	636	632	635	P70	580	582	571	578
630	631	629	634	P65	576	577	570	575
626	629	624	628	P60	574	575	566	571
623	626	622	626	P55	569	571	563	569
620	622	619	619	P50	568	568	563	567
615	618	614	612	P45	565	566	561	565
612	615	611	610	P40	562	565	556	563
607	610	606	608	P35	558	563	551	558
603	603	603	604	P30	552	558	549	552
599	601	599	599	P25	548	550	547	548
594	598	593	593	P20	540	545	535	544
587	592	585	589	P15	537	543	528	538
581	584	578	586	P10	534	538	525	533
573	574	571	581	P5	530	531	517	526
566	570	562	575	P3	526	529	514	524
560	567	557	572	P2	525	525	512	517
548	545	548	569	P1	522	517	509	514

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Suprasternale height - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

The vertical height of the nape landmark to the standing surface.

Landmark required.

None.

Procedure:

See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Posture required:

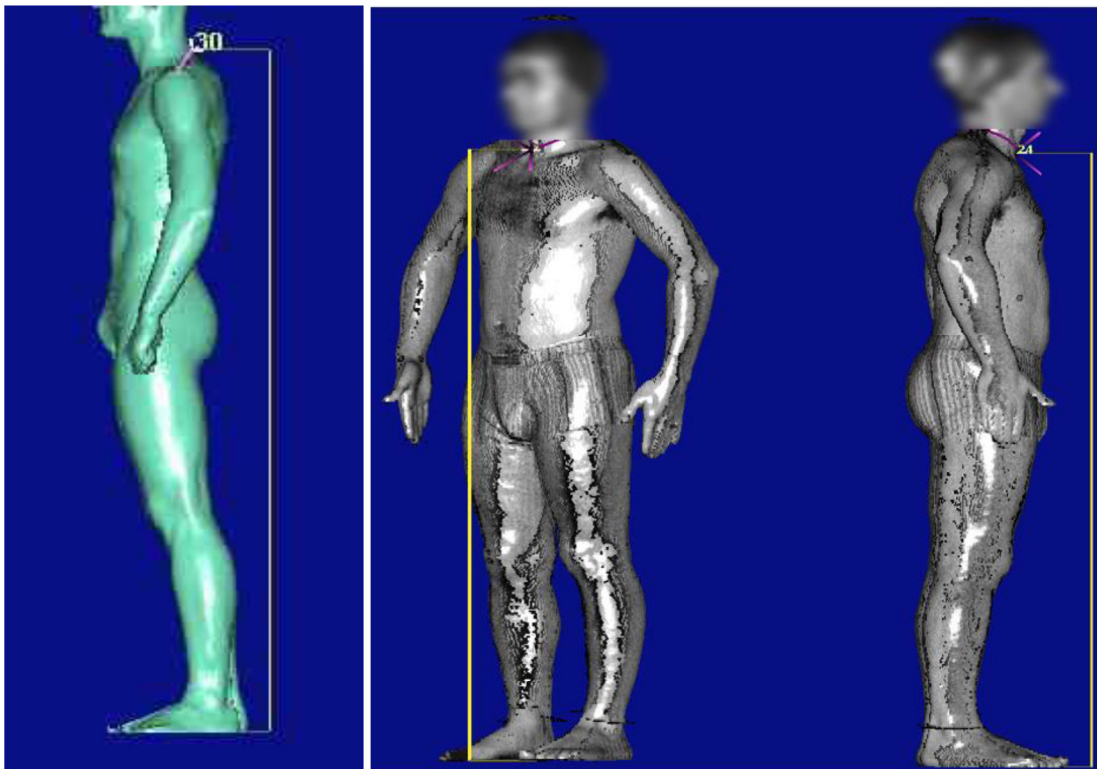
Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

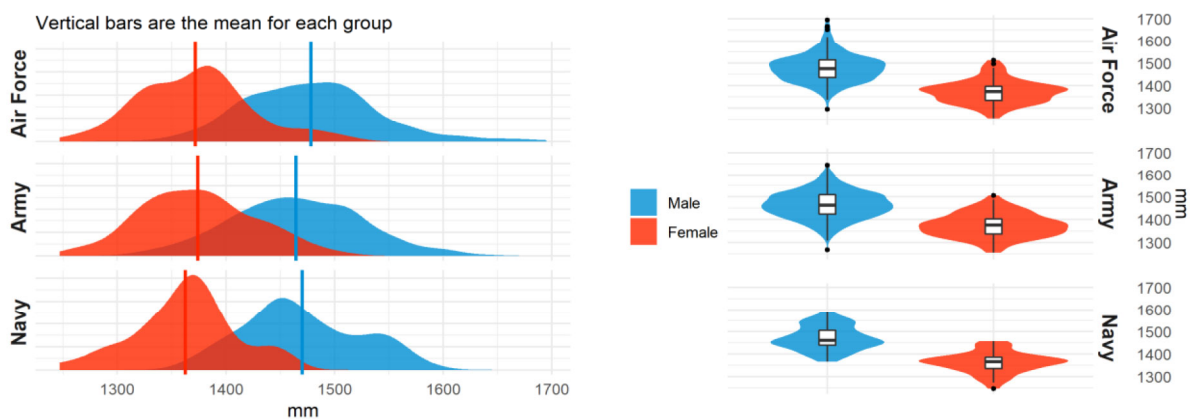
Ensure the participant stands straight (ideally in Frankfort position).



Suprasternale height summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1469	1478	1465	1470	Mean	1372	1374	1363	1371
61	62	61	53	SD	52	52	47	51
1268	1294	1268	1366	Min	1254	1254	1247	1247
1695	1695	1644	1587	Max	1511	1506	1457	1511
1616	1661	1604	1577	P99	1500	1489	1454	1495
1602	1619	1596	1571	P98	1488	1479	1450	1478
1588	1616	1583	1560	P97	1478	1468	1448	1474
1567	1579	1562	1554	P95	1472	1464	1445	1461
1547	1560	1542	1551	P90	1435	1442	1424	1438
1528	1529	1522	1543	P85	1416	1433	1404	1428
1517	1522	1514	1526	P80	1405	1424	1390	1409
1511	1514	1509	1505	P75	1396	1402	1386	1400
1502	1507	1500	1497	P70	1392	1400	1381	1392
1493	1500	1488	1486	P65	1388	1390	1378	1388
1482	1495	1479	1478	P60	1384	1384	1373	1381
1475	1485	1473	1471	P55	1377	1377	1370	1377
1467	1475	1464	1460	P50	1373	1375	1366	1373
1459	1470	1456	1457	P45	1370	1364	1363	1366
1452	1460	1448	1450	P40	1356	1356	1359	1358
1445	1452	1441	1446	P35	1347	1351	1356	1351
1438	1446	1432	1442	P30	1344	1343	1341	1342
1427	1435	1424	1439	P25	1333	1337	1336	1336
1417	1423	1413	1422	P20	1326	1328	1330	1326
1409	1416	1403	1413	P15	1319	1319	1321	1319
1395	1410	1388	1405	P10	1316	1313	1299	1311
1373	1383	1366	1392	P5	1296	1295	1284	1291
1362	1375	1352	1383	P3	1281	1284	1276	1277
1352	1366	1342	1374	P2	1277	1269	1269	1270
1334	1353	1332	1373	P1	1269	1267	1258	1256

Distribution plots for each service and gender



T2 height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

Standing surface to T2 landmark. Identified as the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the T2 landmark.

Landmark required:

Second thoracic vertebra T2 landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

Use the second highest landmark on the upper back. See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

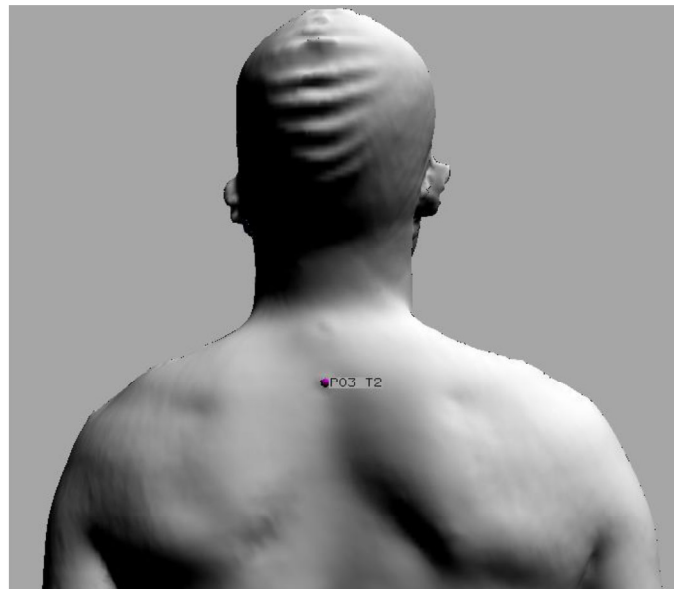
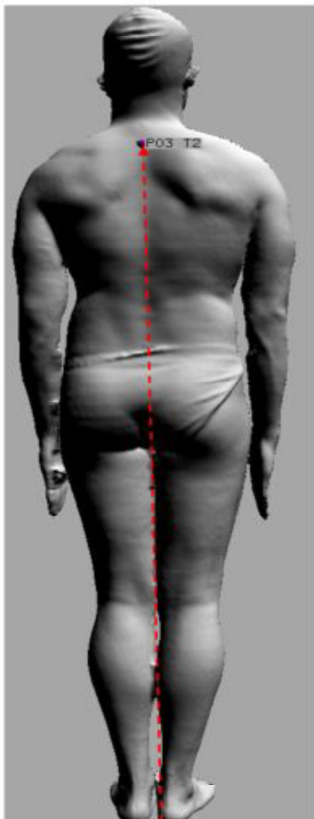
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

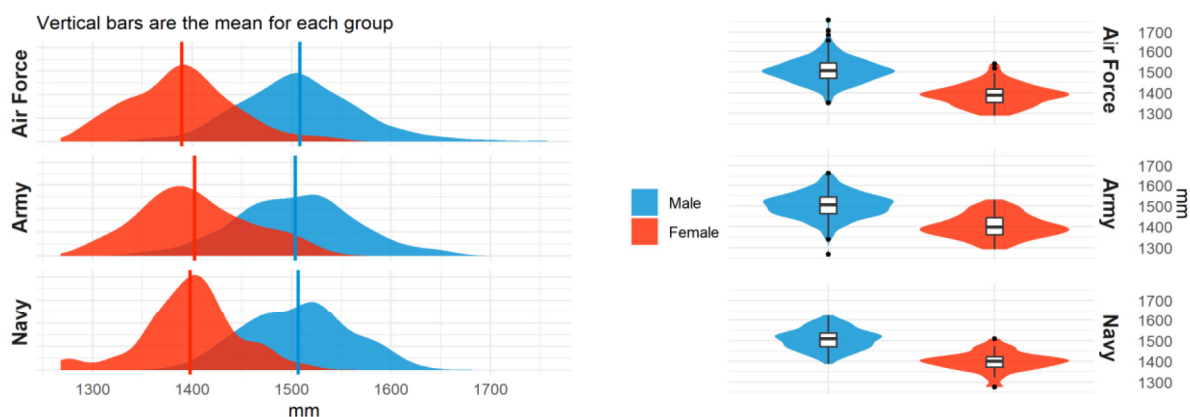
None.



T2 height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1505	1509	1504	1507	Mean	1390	1403	1398	1397
60	62	61	51	SD	52	55	48	53
1268	1352	1268	1386	Min	1289	1292	1275	1275
1757	1757	1664	1624	Max	1539	1532	1509	1539
1652	1681	1645	1606	P99	1524	1511	1495	1517
1642	1652	1637	1600	P98	1508	1510	1480	1509
1623	1634	1624	1598	P97	1493	1509	1474	1507
1604	1613	1602	1588	P95	1474	1502	1474	1493
1580	1582	1580	1577	P90	1450	1480	1461	1472
1565	1567	1563	1561	P85	1439	1466	1438	1452
1553	1555	1553	1549	P80	1429	1451	1426	1439
1542	1543	1542	1536	P75	1417	1443	1421	1428
1534	1535	1534	1533	P70	1410	1428	1419	1419
1526	1525	1528	1526	P65	1406	1416	1411	1410
1520	1517	1521	1523	P60	1399	1408	1407	1406
1512	1510	1514	1518	P55	1396	1403	1404	1401
1506	1506	1506	1509	P50	1388	1399	1400	1396
1499	1502	1496	1504	P45	1382	1391	1400	1389
1490	1494	1488	1494	P40	1379	1385	1392	1383
1482	1485	1480	1480	P35	1377	1378	1385	1378
1474	1476	1471	1476	P30	1364	1372	1382	1372
1466	1469	1463	1470	P25	1354	1362	1371	1362
1457	1458	1455	1466	P20	1339	1359	1366	1357
1445	1446	1443	1446	P15	1333	1351	1358	1344
1431	1436	1427	1442	P10	1328	1335	1355	1330
1409	1415	1405	1422	P5	1304	1319	1322	1306
1397	1406	1388	1417	P3	1302	1305	1288	1302
1381	1389	1376	1416	P2	1301	1303	1276	1301
1361	1371	1358	1410	P1	1297	1301	1276	1289

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Tenth rib height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The standing surface to the 10th rib landmark vertical distance.

Landmark required:

Tenth rib landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the tenth rib landmark in posture 1. Measurements are reported in mm.

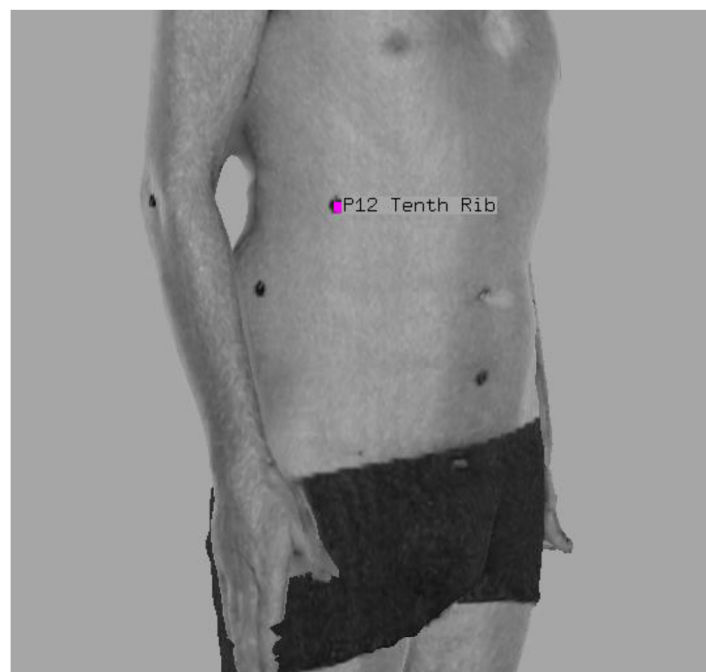
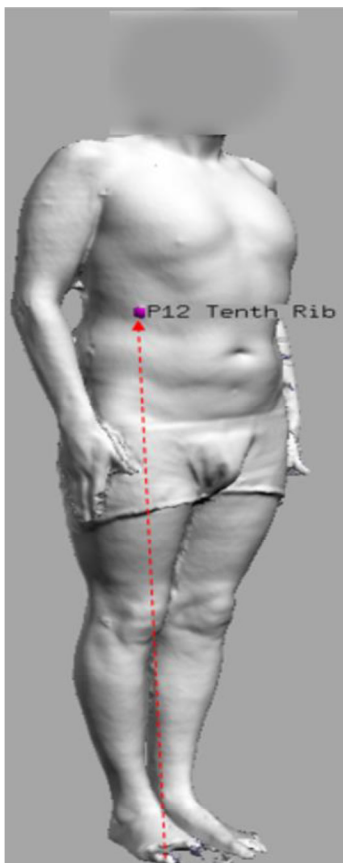
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

If the landmark is not present, then skip this measure. Ensure that the landmark is not confused with the Iliocristale landmark.



Thigh clearance - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a horizontal sitting surface and the Thigh Point Top landmark.

Landmark required:

Thigh Point Top and Seat Pan Height landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 3. Ensure that the participant is sitting with their knee bent at a 90° angle. This can be done by moving the body scanner seat up or down. This can also be facilitated by aligning the popliteal fossa (vertically) in line with Pternion (back of the foot).

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Thigh Point Top (most superior point of the middle surface of the right thigh) landmark minus the Y coordinate of the Seat Pan Height landmark in posture 3. This calculation is performed in an Excel spreadsheet. Ensure that the seat height is positioned so that the legs are at a 90 degree angle and that the popliteal is not contacting the front edge of the seat. Measurements are reported in mm.

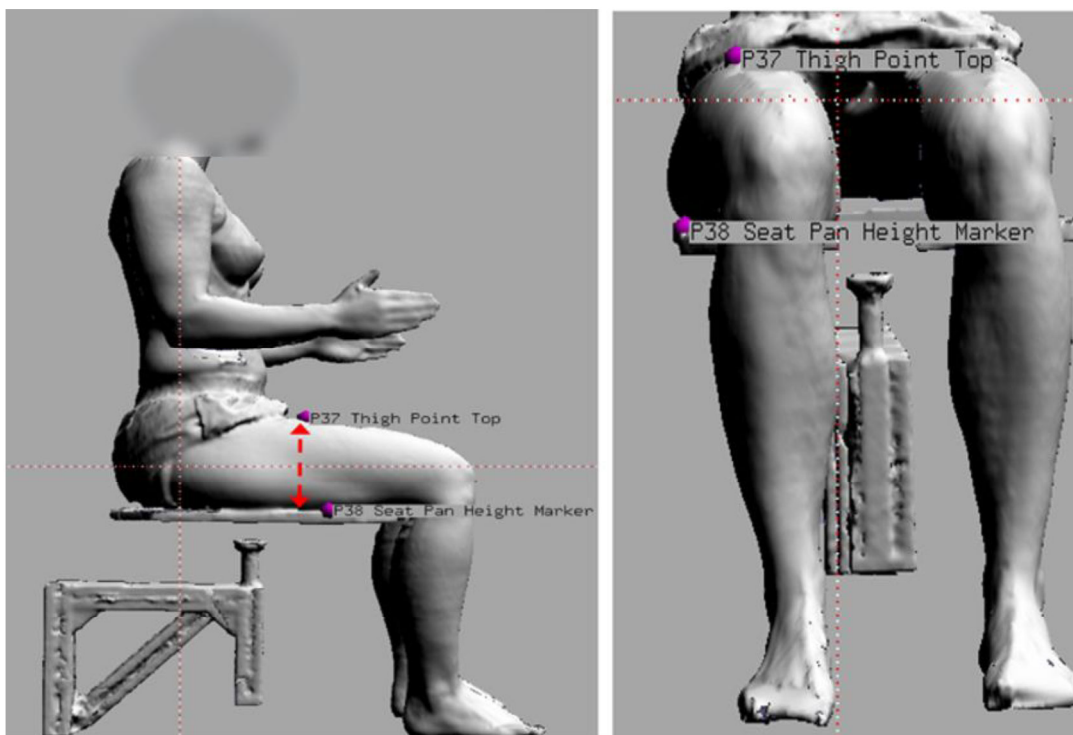
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

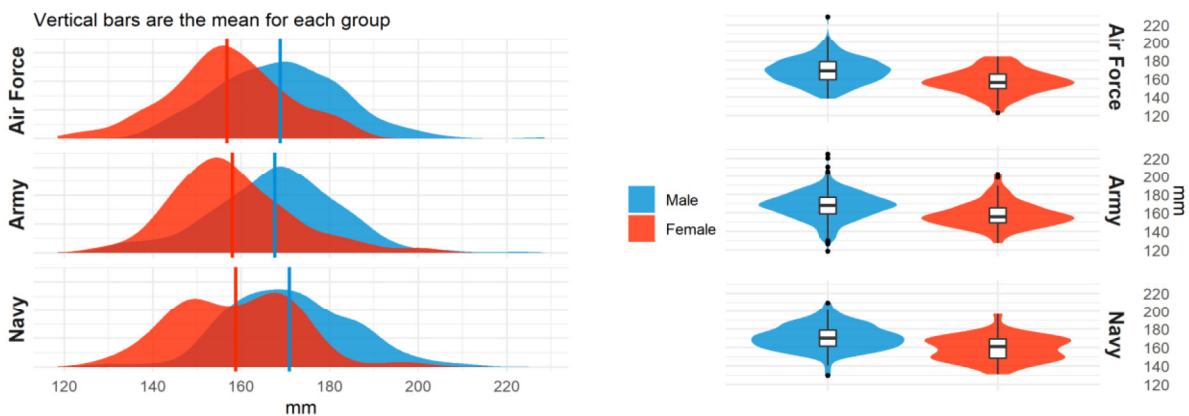
It is important that the participant is seated with their legs at right angles. Before the scan, raise or lower the seat until the bottom of the right thigh is horizontal and parallel to the floor. Next, ensure that the popliteal fold is in vertical line with the back of the heel. Ensure both feet are facing forward.



Thigh clearance summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
168	169	168	171	Mean	157	158	159	158
15	14	15	14	SD	13	14	13	13
118	138	118	130	Min	123	127	131	123
228	228	225	209	Max	184	203	197	203
204	201	204	202	P99	183	199	190	196
198	198	196	199	P98	182	190	183	187
195	196	193	197	P97	182	188	179	183
191	191	189	193	P95	179	182	175	181
186	186	185	187	P90	173	176	172	174
183	182	182	186	P85	170	171	171	171
180	181	180	185	P80	167	168	170	169
178	179	177	179	P75	165	166	169	166
175	175	175	176	P70	162	163	169	164
174	173	173	175	P65	161	161	165	162
172	172	171	174	P60	160	159	163	160
170	171	170	172	P55	158	157	162	158
168	168	168	170	P50	156	156	161	156
167	168	167	168	P45	155	155	155	155
165	165	166	167	P40	154	153	154	154
163	163	163	165	P35	154	153	151	153
161	161	161	163	P30	151	151	150	150
159	159	159	161	P25	149	149	148	149
157	156	156	160	P20	146	147	147	147
154	154	153	157	P15	145	146	146	146
150	151	149	155	P10	139	143	143	142
144	146	141	153	P5	136	140	138	137
139	144	136	151	P3	133	137	137	136
136	143	133	148	P2	130	136	136	132
132	142	132	139	P1	126	131	133	128

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Thigh girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Anthroscan.

Definition:

Maximum horizontal circumference measurement around the left leg beneath crotch. The circumference is measured parallel to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

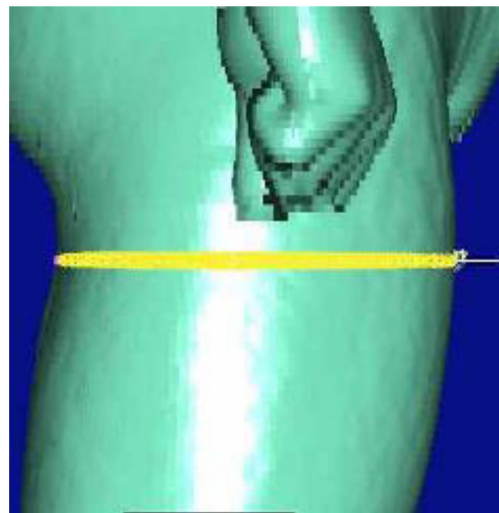
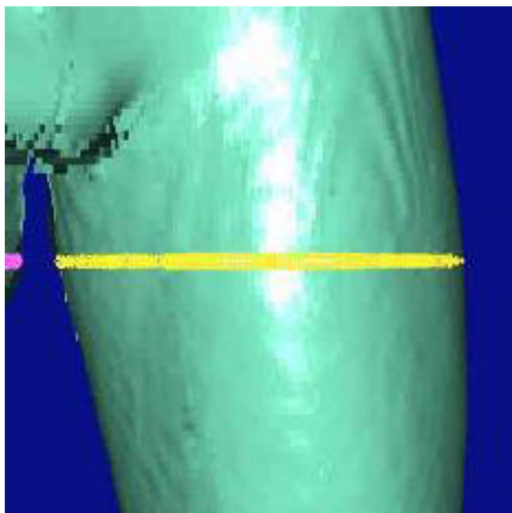
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

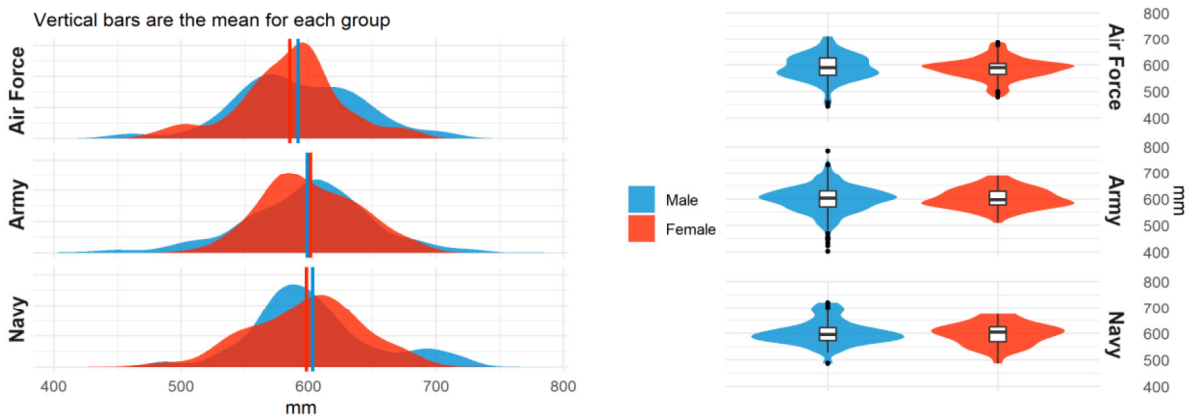
Check that the digital tape (yellow line below) is horizontal. Sometimes the software will draw the girth around both legs if they are too close together. Check that the tape follows the curvature of the thigh. Sometimes the tape can be 'bent' (picture far right) possibly due to drawing around an unknown object of the artefact. The tape should be below the gluteal fold when viewed from the side. If not, adjust accordingly.



Thigh girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
597	592	599	603	Mean	585	602	598	595
51	49	52	48	SD	40	37	42	40
403	444	403	486	Min	478	510	487	478
785	713	785	720	Max	685	687	675	687
717	707	722	720	P99	678	686	674	684
707	698	707	717	P98	672	680	673	675
696	691	693	709	P97	666	673	672	673
683	667	682	696	P95	649	665	669	665
658	652	657	680	P90	635	652	649	645
644	641	644	653	P85	617	642	636	637
635	635	636	632	P80	610	637	630	629
628	626	630	622	P75	605	628	625	621
622	619	624	616	P70	602	622	620	613
615	612	617	610	P65	599	614	617	609
610	605	611	603	P60	597	610	610	603
604	596	606	599	P55	593	603	607	599
599	589	602	596	P50	590	597	605	596
593	581	598	592	P45	584	592	597	590
587	575	592	589	P40	580	587	595	585
579	571	585	582	P35	575	583	586	582
572	567	578	577	P30	570	580	581	576
568	560	569	574	P25	563	576	568	571
560	554	561	570	P20	559	572	563	564
549	546	549	567	P15	551	565	549	558
540	539	538	550	P10	538	557	540	545
512	518	508	537	P5	506	544	537	533
499	504	496	528	P3	500	538	531	514
483	470	483	517	P2	496	533	522	505
456	459	450	488	P1	489	532	505	494

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Thumb tip reach - Physical measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Full-length anthropometer, ideally made of solid steel. The anthropometer typically comes in 4 separate sections. When combined, one end of the rod contains a stationary or fixed arm or prong, the other prong is free to move up and down while at a right angle to the rod. There are typically two scales on the rod that run opposite to each other.

Source:

ANSUR.

Definition:

The horizontal distance from a back wall to the tip of the right thumb.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

The participant stands erect against a wall with both the left and right shoulder blades touching the wall. Their right arm is raised as straight as possible to the front at a 90 degree angle to the body. Their arm must be in a relaxed and 'natural' position (i.e. do not ask them to fully reach forward or retract their shoulder/deltoid against the wall). They form a relaxed but extended 'pinch' position with the tips of their thumb gently touching the index finger with the palm facing down (index finger superior to thumb). The assessor stands to the right side of the participant in front of the elbow. This position enables the assessor to support the weight of the anthropometer evenly and be in a position to see both prongs (the fixed end and the measurement end).

Procedure:

Place the outer edge of the fixed prong against the wall. Extend the opposite prong 5 cm beyond the fingertip. Slowly push the prong towards the hand until it touches the tip of the thumb (excluding the fingernail). Check that both the arm and anthropometer are straight and horizontal then take the reading to the nearest 0.1 cm. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Notes:

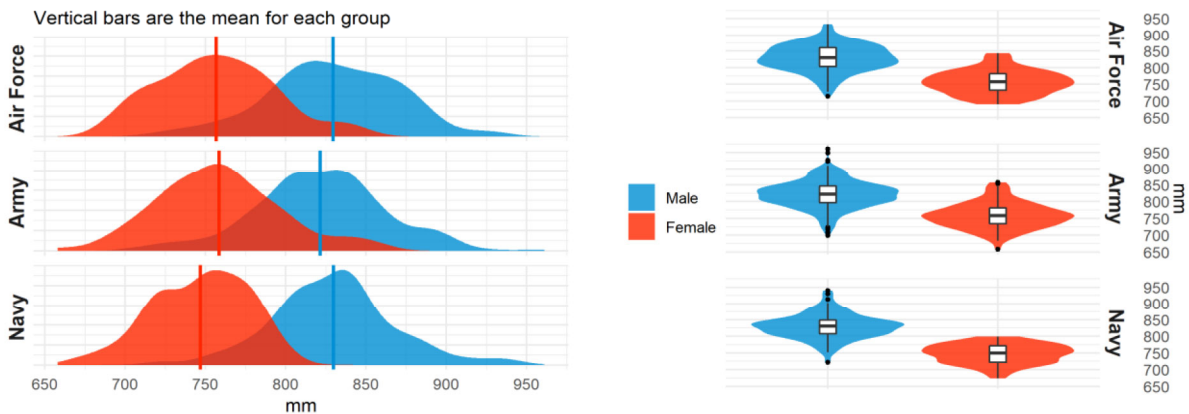
Lengthen or shorten the anthropometer (by adding or removing sections of the rod) to suit the arm length of the participant. Ensure the prong is based securely, and square to the wall for stability. Be aware of handling the prong tip to avoid injuring the participant. Ask the scribe to observe and confirm whether the participant's arm is straight and horizontal to the floor immediately before taking the reading. The anthropometer and arm centre should be at the same height. Ensure that the data spreadsheet has the appropriate correction factor for the length of the anthropometer.



Thumb tip reach summary statistics - Physical measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
825	830	822	830	Mean	757	759	747	756
41	41	41	38	SD	36	39	29	36
700	714	700	722	Min	690	658	674	658
961	934	961	940	Max	842	857	798	857
924	926	910	932	P99	841	854	795	847
905	910	904	918	P98	837	848	792	839
899	899	899	907	P97	833	839	790	836
891	888	892	890	P95	825	836	787	820
878	879	873	878	P90	796	803	781	798
866	870	861	864	P85	792	797	776	791
858	866	852	854	P80	787	787	774	782
850	860	846	849	P75	782	781	771	779
844	853	842	842	P70	776	778	768	772
839	846	837	840	P65	768	767	759	768
835	840	832	838	P60	765	763	754	763
830	835	826	836	P55	762	761	753	760
825	829	823	830	P50	757	758	750	755
820	822	817	827	P45	748	755	748	750
814	818	811	820	P40	746	750	745	747
810	814	806	814	P35	744	740	737	741
804	810	802	811	P30	736	737	724	736
800	803	798	807	P25	732	734	722	731
794	798	788	801	P20	723	727	721	723
786	791	782	798	P15	713	722	721	718
774	779	772	785	P10	711	712	714	711
755	761	752	773	P5	703	702	695	700
742	745	738	759	P3	697	694	693	694
731	742	727	753	P2	696	690	690	691
723	729	721	749	P1	694	683	682	685

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Tibiale laterale height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ISAK, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a standing surface and the Tibiale laterale landmark.

Landmark required:

Tibiale laterale.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Tibiale laterale (most superior point on the lateral border of the head of the tibia) landmark in posture 1. Look for the stickered landmark (side of knee) and skip if absent. Measurements are reported in mm.

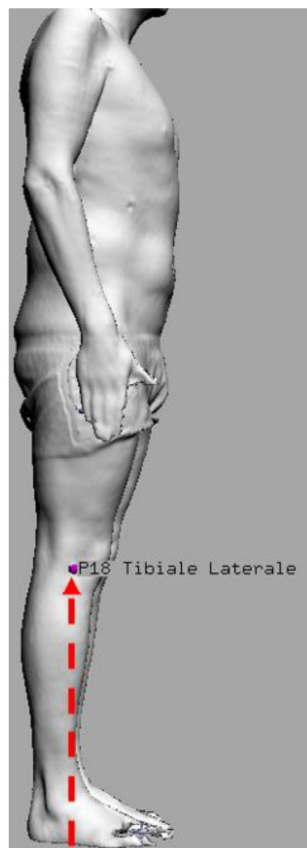
Reference:

Marfell-Jones, M.J., A.D. Stewart, and J.H. De Ridder, International Standards for Anthropometric Assessment. 2012.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

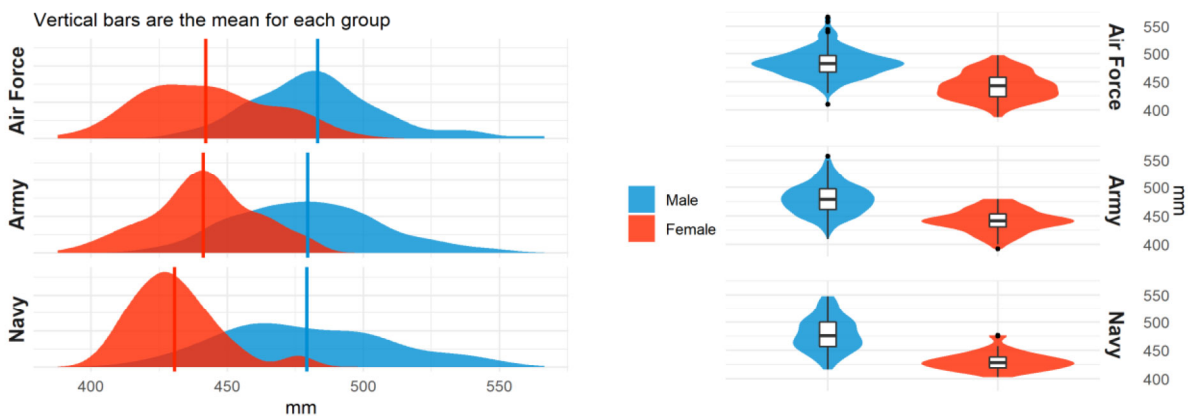
None.



Tibiale laterale height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
481	483	480	479	Mean	442	441	431	439
27	25	27	30	SD	24	19	16	21
409	410	409	416	Min	388	392	403	388
566	566	557	548	Max	497	479	477	497
549	556	549	547	P99	489	479	476	483
541	544	539	542	P98	485	479	476	479
538	541	533	540	P97	483	479	471	479
530	532	527	533	P95	480	475	457	477
515	514	514	525	P90	474	466	448	470
507	506	506	509	P85	472	463	445	463
501	500	502	506	P80	466	456	440	457
498	496	498	500	P75	458	454	438	451
493	492	493	497	P70	454	449	438	448
490	489	490	493	P65	449	447	434	446
486	486	486	486	P60	447	445	432	444
482	484	482	478	P55	444	443	430	441
480	482	479	476	P50	443	442	429	438
476	479	475	473	P45	436	439	427	436
473	477	471	467	P40	433	438	426	433
469	474	468	464	P35	430	436	424	431
465	471	464	460	P30	428	433	421	428
462	467	461	457	P25	424	431	419	425
457	462	456	453	P20	420	427	418	421
452	459	451	449	P15	419	421	416	418
447	455	446	443	P10	414	416	413	414
439	446	439	435	P5	407	409	410	409
435	442	434	431	P3	404	404	409	404
431	436	429	425	P2	404	401	408	403
424	433	424	423	P1	399	400	405	400

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Trochanterion height - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

ANSUR, AWAS, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between a standing surface and the Trochanterion landmark.

Landmark required:

Trochanterion.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

This measure is represented by the Y coordinate (mm on the Y or vertical axis) of the Trochanterion (most superior point on the greater trochanter of the femur) landmark in posture 1. Look for the stickered landmark (right hip close to pant line) and skip if absent. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

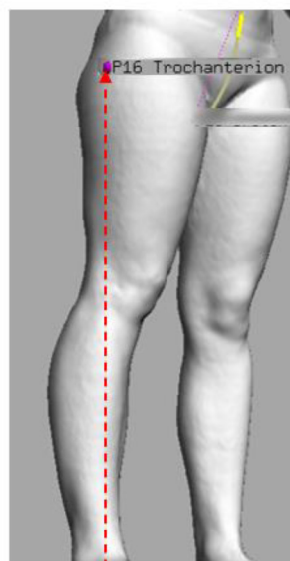
Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

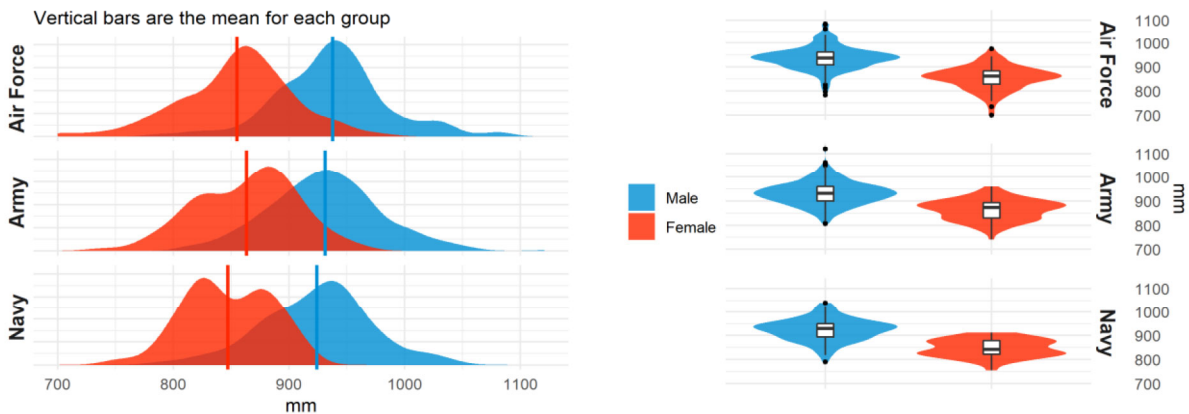
This requires the participant to be scanned with feet together and cannot be measured when a participant is scanned in a wide stance.



Trochanterion height summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
932	938	931	924	Mean	855	863	847	857
48	49	48	47	SD	49	43	37	44
783	783	805	791	Min	700	740	755	700
1121	1084	1121	1039	Max	975	959	912	975
1049	1078	1045	1026	P99	952	954	909	953
1038	1039	1034	1021	P98	943	940	907	942
1030	1037	1027	1018	P97	942	937	905	936
1016	1029	1013	1000	P95	933	932	903	931
993	995	993	977	P90	908	915	897	907
976	981	977	972	P85	899	905	881	900
966	966	968	956	P80	892	899	879	894
960	962	960	950	P75	884	893	878	886
954	957	954	947	P70	877	887	876	881
948	951	948	944	P65	871	883	870	878
942	946	941	937	P60	865	879	862	874
937	941	935	933	P55	863	876	855	866
932	938	931	929	P50	861	873	842	862
928	934	925	921	P45	857	862	835	857
922	930	920	918	P40	851	856	829	849
916	923	913	910	P35	846	846	829	841
909	920	908	901	P30	841	835	827	831
901	908	900	894	P25	828	830	822	827
894	900	892	886	P20	812	824	817	820
883	894	882	876	P15	808	817	812	811
873	883	870	869	P10	799	809	800	801
852	864	852	843	P5	775	791	794	782
840	841	842	832	P3	760	781	792	776
830	827	831	820	P2	745	779	785	761
816	814	819	816	P1	725	773	770	742

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Vertical trunk circumference - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The circumference of the trunk on a plane passing through the Crotch landmark and over Bust point (females)/Thelion (males), Midshoulder, and Buttock Point, Posterior landmarks.

Landmark required:

Crotch, Thelion (males)/Bust point (females), Midshoulder and Buttock Point posterior landmarks.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

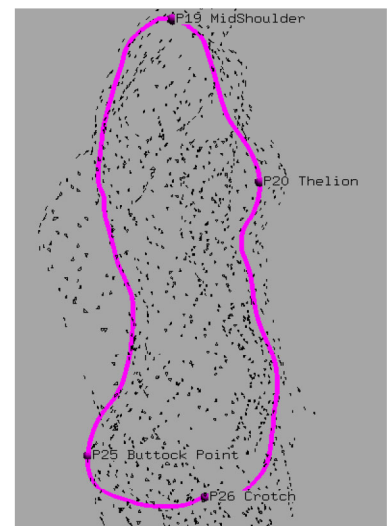
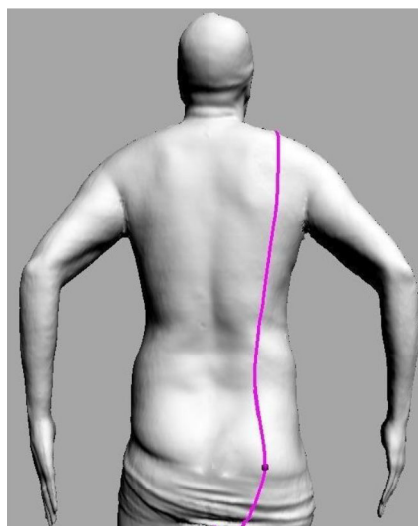
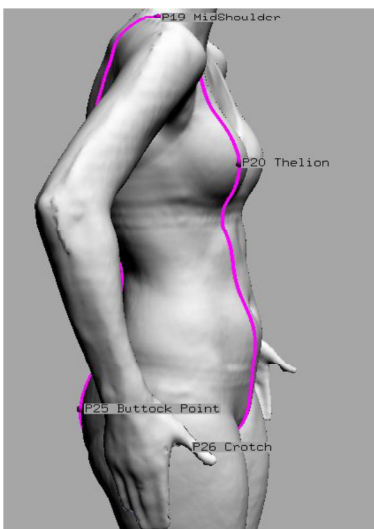
The Midshoulder is the top of the right shoulder midway between Trapezius Point and Acromiale right landmarks. Look for the stickered landmark (midpoint on right shoulder) and if the landmark is missing place a landmark on the midway point between the neck/trap crease and acromion. The Buttock Point is the most posterior point of the right buttock. View from the side. Place the point marker on the most posterior-protruding region of the right buttock. Add X-loop around the point to refine the point. Skip if the participant is wearing baggy shorts. If there is no clear protrusion or sign of curvature change to rear view (view from the back). Place a point marker in the centre of the right buttock then use a X-loop to refine the point. As per AWAS Section 7.2.13 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

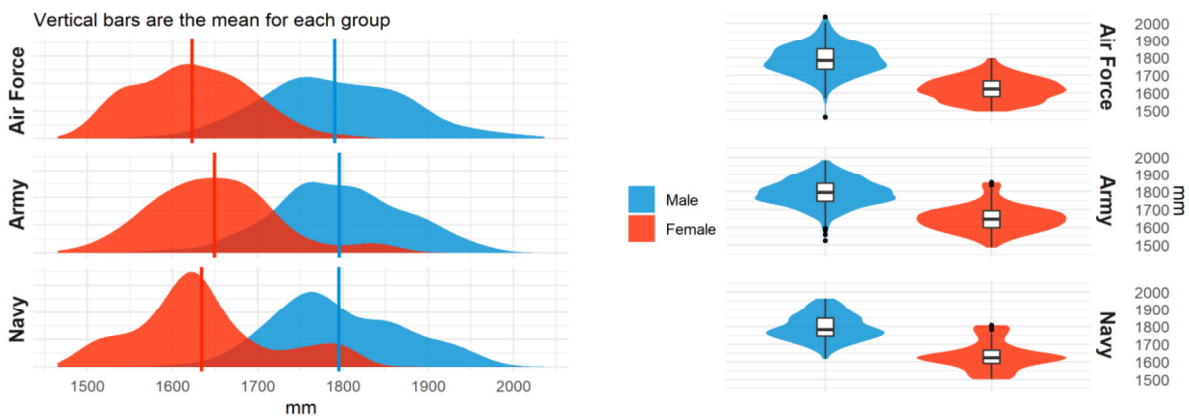
If crotch cannot be identified, then this measure will not be possible.



Vertical trunk circumference summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1794	1790	1796	1795	Mean	1623	1649	1634	1637
79	86	77	74	SD	65	73	79	72
1465	1465	1524	1616	Min	1497	1487	1503	1487
2036	2036	1984	1963	Max	1798	1852	1806	1852
1968	1999	1967	1952	P99	1769	1851	1803	1834
1950	1967	1944	1940	P98	1747	1836	1799	1811
1940	1957	1937	1934	P97	1734	1825	1797	1798
1929	1934	1926	1930	P95	1730	1778	1795	1765
1898	1893	1899	1908	P90	1702	1726	1758	1728
1879	1878	1881	1873	P85	1692	1710	1724	1703
1862	1861	1864	1860	P80	1678	1700	1686	1693
1849	1851	1848	1848	P75	1669	1692	1665	1681
1836	1838	1836	1840	P70	1661	1681	1644	1671
1825	1826	1824	1827	P65	1649	1673	1639	1661
1813	1813	1814	1801	P60	1641	1665	1636	1647
1802	1798	1804	1792	P55	1624	1658	1631	1640
1790	1785	1794	1780	P50	1623	1644	1623	1631
1779	1774	1783	1771	P45	1612	1636	1620	1623
1769	1764	1772	1769	P40	1604	1627	1618	1618
1759	1751	1763	1759	P35	1596	1618	1606	1610
1752	1745	1755	1757	P30	1588	1612	1599	1598
1742	1734	1746	1744	P25	1581	1598	1590	1589
1732	1726	1735	1732	P20	1552	1584	1579	1580
1718	1708	1721	1720	P15	1549	1579	1553	1561
1694	1687	1699	1713	P10	1536	1564	1543	1544
1672	1657	1673	1689	P5	1530	1539	1513	1530
1651	1637	1656	1675	P3	1522	1532	1506	1518
1632	1629	1640	1671	P2	1520	1526	1503	1513
1605	1586	1604	1659	P1	1512	1516	1503	1503

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Waist breadth - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

ANSUR, NZDFAS.

Definition:

The maximum horizontal breadth of the waist in a transverse plane at the level of Omphalion.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

Using the caliper tool highlight across the omphalion as close to the omphalion as possible. Best viewed from the front. Use the Y axis caliper (to create a 'digital' circumference) to identify and record the measurement. Beware of hand webbing. If present, skip both breadth markers. Use only if the Omphalion is visible. Omphalion is not a landmark in this posture as it is located visually. Measurements are reported in mm.

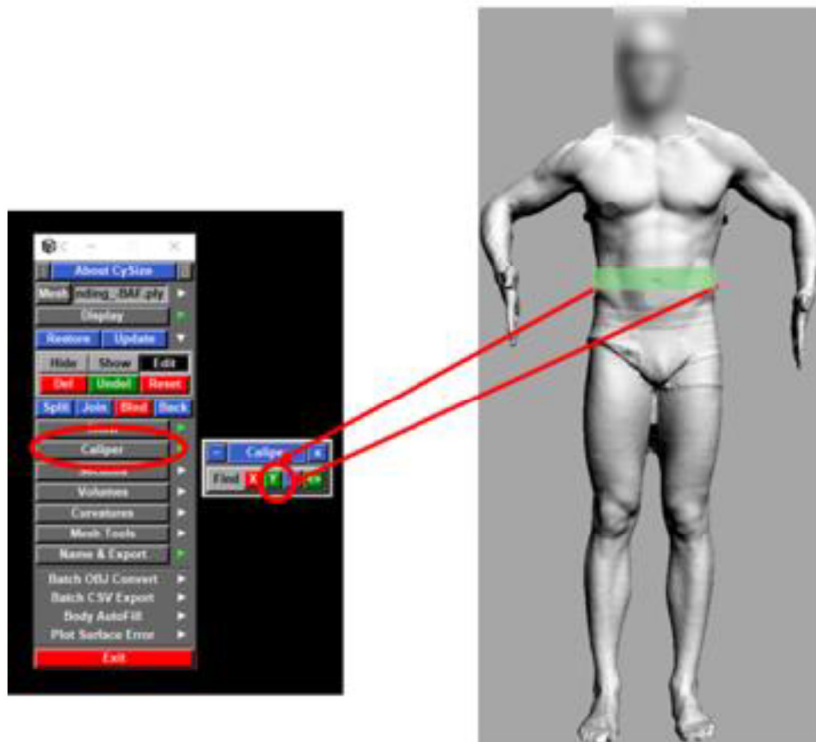
Reference:

Gordon, C.C., Blackwell, C.L., Bradtmiller, B., Parham, J.L., Barrientos, P., Paquette, S.P., Corner, B., Carson, J.M., Venezia, J.C., Rockwell, B.M., Mucher, M., Kristensen, S., 2014. 2012 Anthropometric survey of U.S. army personnel: Methods and summary statistics., Natick Soldier Research, Development of Engineering Center, Yellow Springs, Ohio, U.S.

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

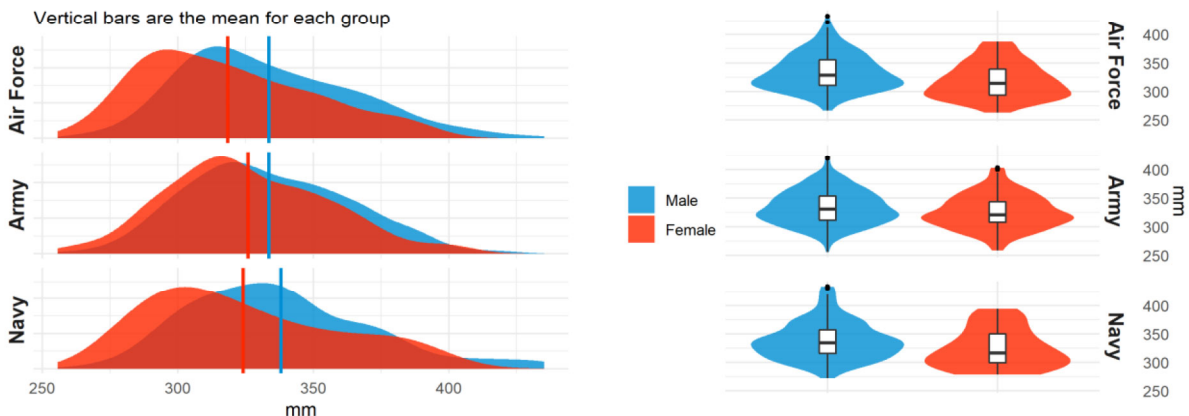
None.



Waist breadth summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
334	334	334	338	Mean	318	326	324	323
31	32	30	34	SD	31	30	34	31
256	266	256	272	Min	263	259	279	259
435	434	422	435	Max	387	403	394	403
414	413	405	432	P99	387	400	392	394
404	405	394	423	P98	386	395	390	389
394	401	391	416	P97	384	384	389	387
386	392	385	402	P95	378	375	388	380
376	378	373	380	P90	357	363	378	367
368	369	366	371	P85	354	359	366	357
361	361	361	369	P80	350	352	357	353
355	355	354	357	P75	339	344	350	344
350	348	350	348	P70	333	342	338	339
344	343	345	343	P65	328	339	330	332
340	338	340	342	P60	322	330	326	327
335	333	335	338	P55	316	324	323	322
331	328	331	334	P50	314	321	316	318
326	324	326	332	P45	311	319	311	315
322	320	323	324	P40	305	317	307	311
319	317	320	322	P35	299	311	301	308
316	313	316	318	P30	296	310	300	301
311	310	311	316	P25	293	308	300	299
307	306	307	308	P20	289	300	298	295
303	303	303	304	P15	287	297	288	291
297	298	297	300	P10	285	291	284	286
291	291	290	295	P5	280	285	281	281
285	288	284	291	P3	276	280	279	279
282	283	282	288	P2	273	271	279	272
273	274	274	283	P1	269	267	279	268

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Waist circumference preferred - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The horizontal circumference of the torso at the height of the Waist Preferred Posterior landmark.

Landmark required:

Waist circumference posterior preferred.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

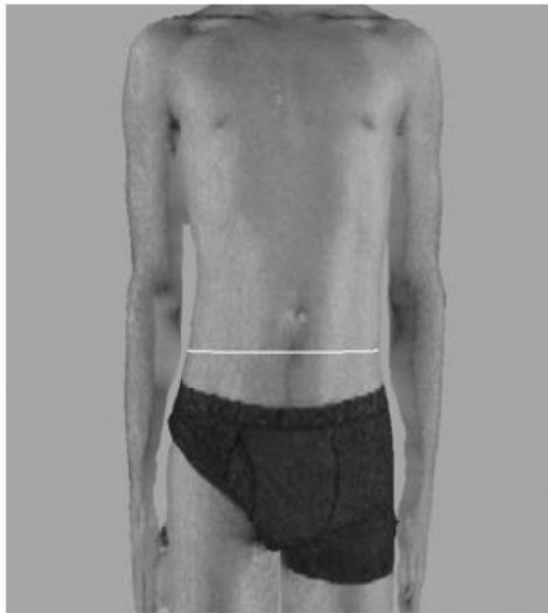
Use CySize to create an X section loop (a 'digital' circumference) around the Waist Preferred Posterior landmark (preferred waist location for belts/trousers on posterior). Look for the stickered landmark (lower back) and skip if absent as there is no way to determine this feature. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

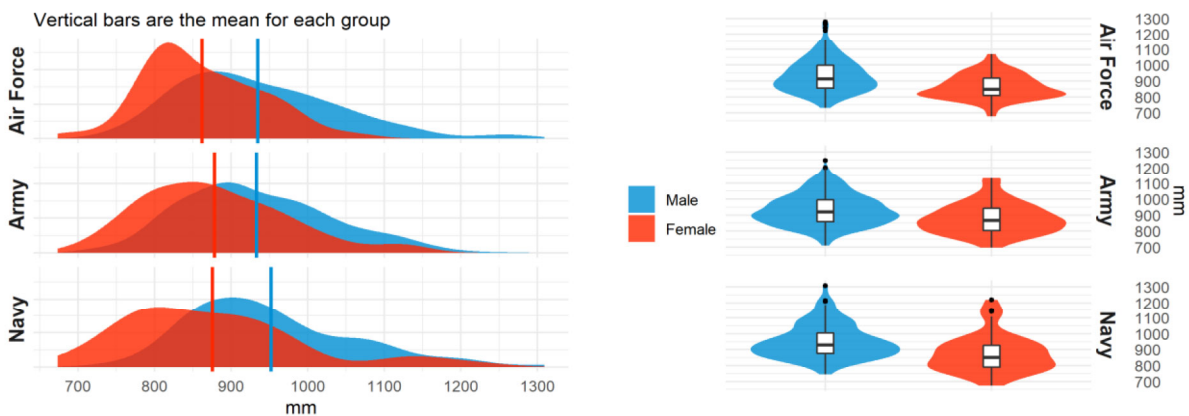
Use the Crosshair tool to align the participant in the correct X, Y, and Z plane. This measurement will be repeated if the participant is not standing vertical, due to postural sway.



Waist circumference preferred summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
935	935	933	952	Mean	862	878	875	872
102	106	98	109	SD	76	95	120	95
709	732	709	746	Min	677	696	673	673
1309	1280	1248	1309	Max	1070	1133	1219	1219
1211	1262	1169	1227	P99	1045	1131	1191	1140
1164	1205	1149	1211	P98	1021	1123	1162	1129
1144	1150	1127	1195	P97	1002	1109	1149	1108
1121	1131	1113	1160	P95	987	1039	1138	1033
1077	1076	1072	1095	P90	965	1002	992	985
1044	1044	1040	1071	P85	949	969	970	965
1019	1025	1015	1049	P80	927	953	956	947
998	998	996	1004	P75	917	942	927	928
982	985	980	985	P70	892	923	921	912
966	963	967	972	P65	886	904	905	897
951	949	951	954	P60	877	892	894	885
934	933	933	940	P55	855	873	881	873
920	912	919	928	P50	846	867	850	855
908	906	908	922	P45	833	855	843	847
897	892	897	912	P40	828	849	826	834
887	882	888	895	P35	822	835	811	823
874	868	874	880	P30	815	817	795	814
860	856	860	875	P25	808	804	790	804
847	842	846	863	P20	803	794	777	793
834	830	831	846	P15	793	787	766	785
816	816	813	841	P10	786	770	759	771
794	800	792	819	P5	768	745	720	747
775	773	773	803	P3	752	732	717	725
767	768	765	789	P2	725	730	710	716
747	762	741	780	P1	698	721	691	698

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Waist depth standing - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize

Source:

NZDFAS.

Definition:

The maximum depth of the waist area located between the iliocristale and tenth rib. Measurement taken at the point of 'end-tidal' expiration.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

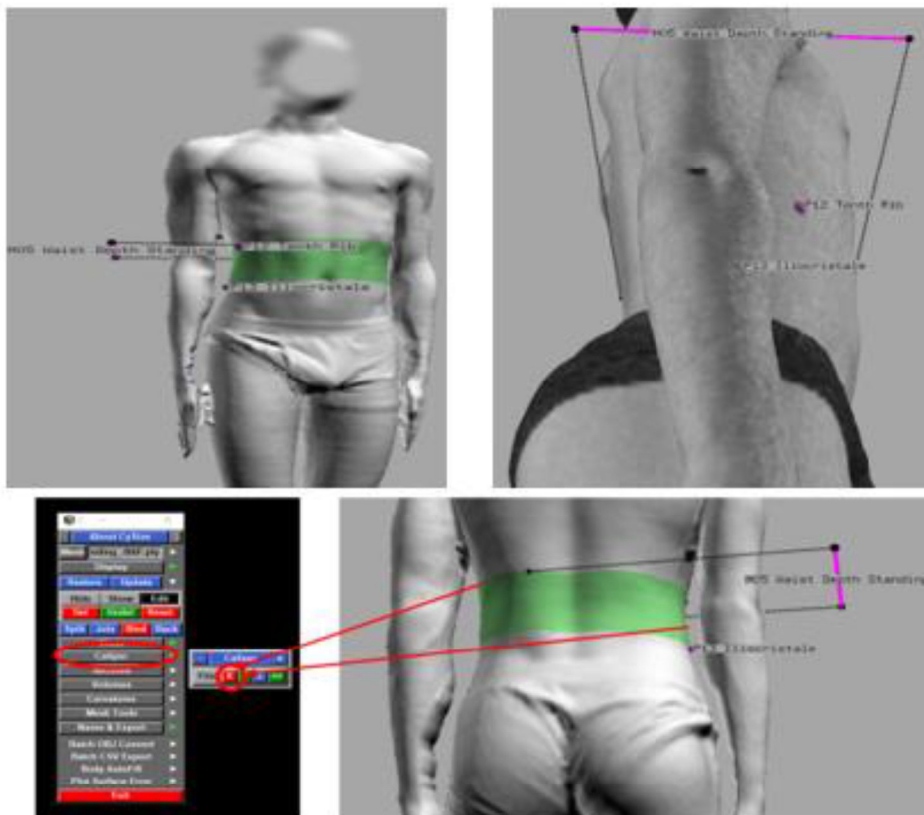
Use the CySize caliper tool to highlight waist area between iliocristale and the tenth rib. Select the X function (to create a coronal plan) to record the depth measure. Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Notes:

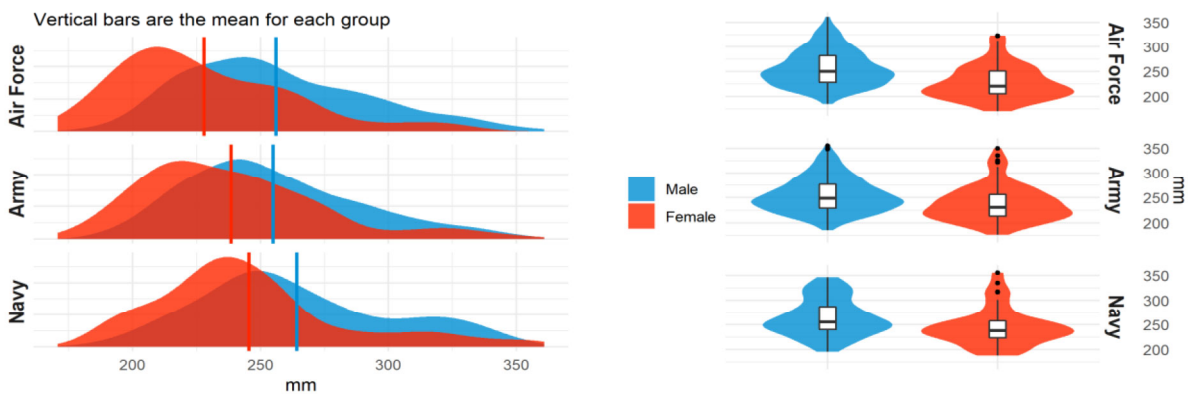
If the tenth rib and/or iliocristale landmark is missing, the measure can be determined by identifying the distance between the Omphalion and Omphalion projected to the back.



Waist depth standing summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
256	256	255	264	Mean	228	239	246	236
35	36	34	37	SD	34	35	38	36
184	184	185	195	Min	171	176	188	171
361	361	356	346	Max	323	350	355	355
345	345	342	344	P99	323	337	346	336
336	332	335	338	P98	318	327	338	326
331	330	331	334	P97	311	324	330	323
326	326	320	330	P95	294	315	317	315
307	304	305	321	P90	265	278	299	278
294	295	291	313	P85	261	272	277	268
286	285	285	301	P80	258	265	261	261
278	282	277	287	P75	251	256	258	255
272	273	269	279	P70	241	250	254	250
265	264	264	273	P65	236	247	251	246
260	260	259	266	P60	230	242	247	240
255	253	254	261	P55	222	240	239	236
250	250	249	256	P50	221	230	238	230
247	247	245	252	P45	217	227	236	226
242	242	242	247	P40	211	225	235	222
239	238	239	247	P35	210	219	232	219
236	235	234	243	P30	207	215	226	214
230	228	229	240	P25	205	214	224	210
225	223	225	237	P20	201	211	218	206
221	220	221	227	P15	196	206	211	201
214	216	214	220	P10	191	198	201	196
209	209	208	212	P5	188	196	196	190
203	205	202	207	P3	184	189	194	188
200	201	198	203	P2	179	187	192	185
195	196	194	199	P1	175	184	190	177

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Waist girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Human Solutions.

Definition:

The circumference of the waist is measured at the height of the natural waist (maximum indentation when viewed from the front). The circumference is measured parallel to the standing surface.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

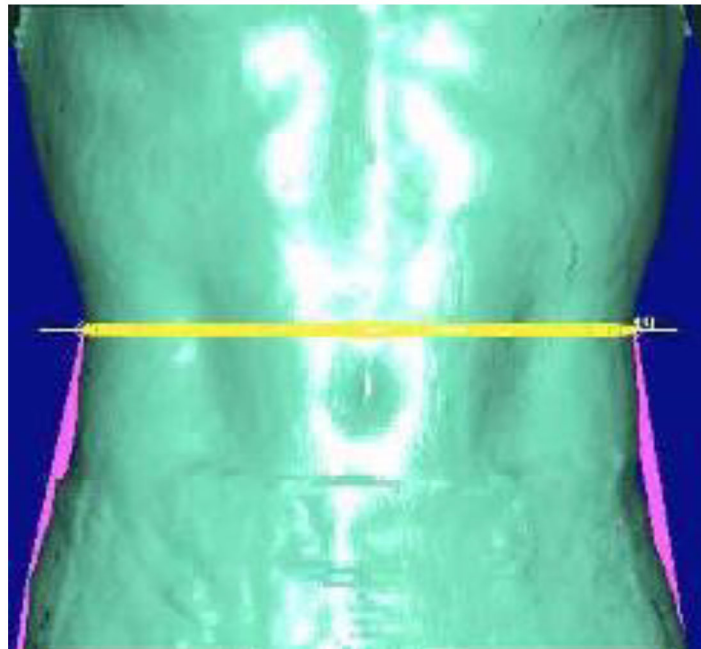
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

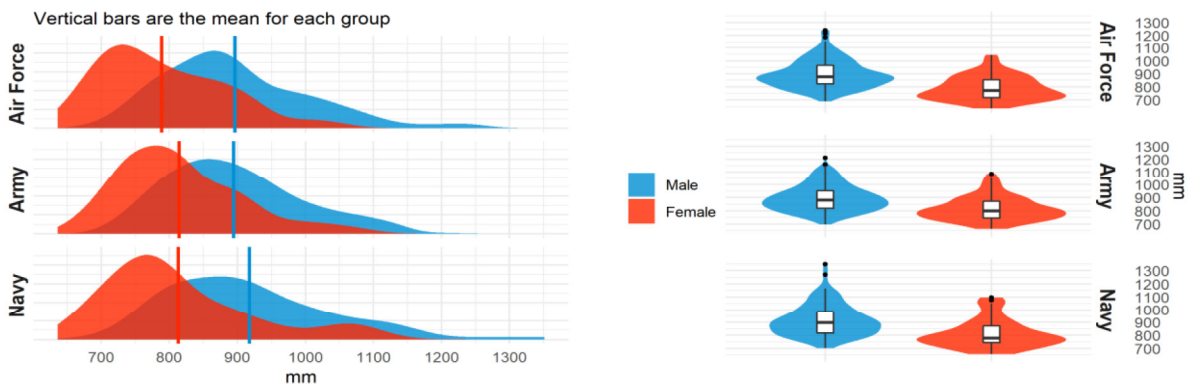
Visually check that the digital tape (yellow line below) is horizontal. If there is no natural indentation (most narrow point of the waist) then consider A) removing this measurement or B) drag the yellow line so that it is positioned above the iliac crest and below the 10th rib (or bottom of the rib cage if it is visible).



Waist girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy	N	Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
898	897	895	917	Mean	789	815	813	806
105	108	100	122	SD	91	90	110	95
689	689	696	701	Min	636	662	656	636
1351	1241	1210	1351	Max	1044	1086	1096	1096
1168	1233	1134	1281	P99	1021	1054	1088	1073
1134	1176	1123	1193	P98	1006	1048	1079	1050
1122	1134	1111	1150	P97	990	1013	1069	1046
1093	1092	1086	1127	P95	932	1002	1050	1003
1046	1042	1042	1092	P90	910	921	973	927
1013	1012	1004	1035	P85	888	908	917	904
982	980	977	1015	P80	871	885	889	882
959	966	953	986	P75	854	872	872	869
940	931	938	960	P70	837	843	829	839
921	911	921	936	P65	816	825	818	823
907	902	907	916	P60	799	820	803	814
896	890	896	908	P55	786	812	794	799
884	876	882	898	P50	772	799	778	792
870	870	869	889	P45	757	793	776	777
858	858	855	869	P40	744	778	768	767
846	846	844	852	P35	738	768	758	757
836	836	835	839	P30	731	760	752	744
820	822	820	819	P25	719	745	744	738
805	804	805	810	P20	708	738	730	727
790	787	792	796	P15	699	733	712	710
775	771	775	786	P10	690	715	701	701
754	751	752	770	P5	671	702	685	682
742	742	742	763	P3	661	680	676	672
729	736	729	761	P2	661	675	670	662
718	713	721	747	P1	654	671	663	661

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Waist height preferred - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

CySize.

Source:

AWAS.

Definition:

The vertical distance between the standing surface and the digitally extracted Waist Preferred, Anterior landmark.

Landmark required:

Waist height preferred anterior landmark.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 1. Kolose, S., Hume, P.A., Tomkinson, G.R., Stewart, A., Stewart, T., Legg, S.J. (2021). Three-dimensional physique assessment in the military: New Zealand Defence Force Anthropometry Survey protocols and summary statistics., SPRINZ: Auckland, New Zealand.

Procedure:

As measured in AWAS Section 7.1.19 of the Procedures Manual (Tomkinson et al., 2012). Measurements are reported in mm.

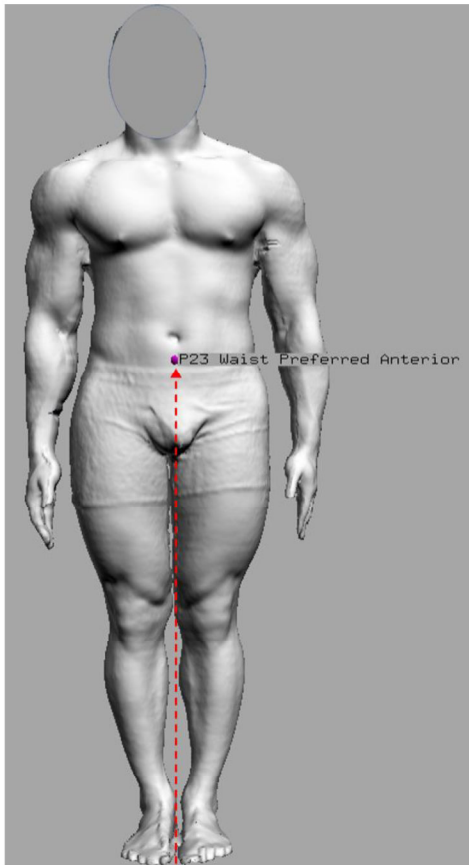
Reference:

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012a). Australian Warfighter Anthropometry Survey (AWAS): Landmarking and measurement manual. Adelaide, Australia: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Tomkinson, G. R., Daniell, N., Dale, M., & Bowler, T. (2012b). Australian Warfighters Anthropometry Survey (AWAS). Procedures Manual. Adelaide, Australia.: Health and Use of Time Group, Sansom Institute for Health Research, University of South Australia.

Notes:

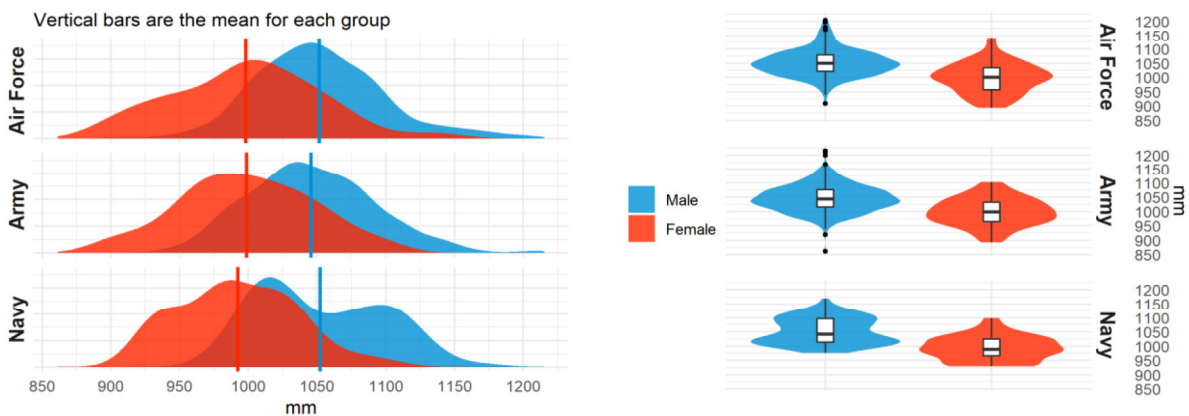
None.



Waist height preferred summary statistics - Post-processed measurement (mm)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
1048	1052	1046	1052	Mean	998	999	992	997
47	47	47	46	SD	54	48	42	49
861	909	861	975	Min	893	892	929	892
1215	1204	1215	1170	Max	1141	1103	1098	1141
1170	1178	1155	1143	P99	1133	1101	1089	1103
1152	1167	1144	1135	P98	1113	1099	1081	1098
1141	1158	1138	1133	P97	1089	1089	1072	1089
1129	1139	1124	1126	P95	1078	1077	1056	1077
1109	1108	1106	1112	P90	1061	1060	1037	1058
1096	1094	1091	1107	P85	1052	1051	1032	1050
1086	1086	1082	1101	P80	1040	1041	1029	1037
1079	1080	1076	1097	P75	1034	1032	1024	1030
1072	1073	1068	1081	P70	1025	1027	1019	1024
1063	1063	1062	1075	P65	1017	1019	1012	1016
1058	1058	1057	1067	P60	1009	1010	1000	1008
1051	1053	1049	1056	P55	1007	1002	996	1002
1045	1049	1043	1042	P50	1000	999	988	997
1038	1043	1037	1034	P45	994	992	983	991
1034	1037	1033	1029	P40	992	983	983	984
1029	1033	1026	1021	P35	983	976	978	979
1021	1027	1020	1018	P30	971	972	972	972
1015	1021	1015	1013	P25	957	965	965	964
1008	1013	1005	1006	P20	949	961	947	953
1001	1007	997	1005	P15	940	952	938	942
991	998	987	1001	P10	920	938	934	932
978	988	976	990	P5	912	918	930	918
972	972	968	985	P3	906	905	930	907
963	964	959	982	P2	899	901	930	902
954	956	951	976	P1	894	898	930	895

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Weight body mass - Automatic measurement (kg)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Human Solutions.

Definition:

Body mass as assessed by standing weight in kilograms acquired using load cell integrated into the scanner platform.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

From time to time the SECA scales underneath the platform can fail to record the weight value. Prior to scanning

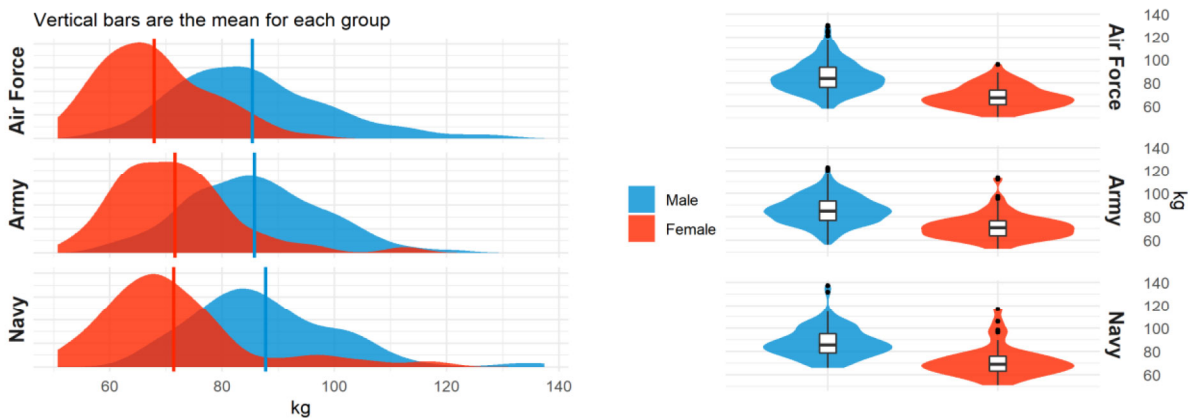
- Ensure that the scale is plugged into the wall and the wall switch is activated.
- Prior to performing the calibration (at the start of each data collection day), weigh the orange calibration pole by placing it in the middle of the black platform. The SECA scale LCD unit should read 6.6 kg every time. Values above or below this may indicate a hardware or software issue thus manual laser realignment is required.
- If the 'weight.raw' file is not created by Anthroscan (see participants scan folder) after a scan, try the following remedies (in no order)
 - Remove and re-plug all connections which include the following:
 - Power cable entry into the black scale platform.
 - Network cable port in the black scale platform.
 - Serial port cable from the serial port of the PC and the serial adapter (black square box that resides underneath the platform).
 - Press and hold the 'TARE' button for 3 seconds then release.
 - Re-start the body scanner power unit and scanner PC.
 - If weight recording errors persist, record the weight from the SECA scale LCD. These can be entered manually into Anthroscan later. **It is important to constantly check the participant folder after each scan to make sure the weights.raw file is created.**



Weight body mass summary statistics - Automatic measurement (kg)

Male					Female			
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
86	85	86	88	Mean	68	72	71	70
13	14	12	13	SD	10	11	14	11
56	58	56	66	Min	51	53	51	51
137	130	123	137	Max	96	113	117	117
121	125	115	133	P99	91	112	112	111
114	120	112	119	P98	88	99	108	98
112	114	109	112	P97	87	96	104	96
108	112	106	107	P95	85	90	98	89
102	103	102	104	P90	82	85	88	83
99	99	99	102	P85	78	80	79	80
96	97	96	99	P80	77	78	77	77
94	93	93	95	P75	74	77	76	76
91	90	91	92	P70	72	76	74	74
90	88	90	91	P65	70	74	72	73
88	87	88	88	P60	69	73	71	71
86	85	87	87	P55	68	71	69	70
85	84	85	85	P50	67	71	69	69
83	82	84	85	P45	65	69	68	68
82	81	82	83	P40	65	68	68	66
80	79	81	82	P35	63	66	65	65
78	77	79	80	P30	62	65	64	64
76	76	77	79	P25	61	64	63	63
75	74	75	78	P20	59	63	62	62
73	71	73	76	P15	58	62	60	60
71	70	71	72	P10	57	60	59	58
67	67	66	69	P5	55	58	55	56
64	64	64	69	P3	53	56	53	54
62	61	62	68	P2	52	54	53	53
60	60	60	67	P1	51	54	52	51

Distribution plots for each service and gender



Wrist girth - Automatic measurement (mm)

Measuring instrument:

Anthroscan software.

Source:

Human Solutions.

Definition:

Circumference of wrist at the level of the styloid processes of the radius and ulna, with the hand outstretched, and straight with fingers closed.

Landmark required:

None.

Posture required:

Scan position posture 2. Stand with feet shoulder width apart, trunk and head are erect with eyes looking forward. The upper arms are abducted away from the body with the forearms hanging vertically. All fingers are together and extended with the palm facing (medially) the thigh and the thumb facing forward.

Procedure:

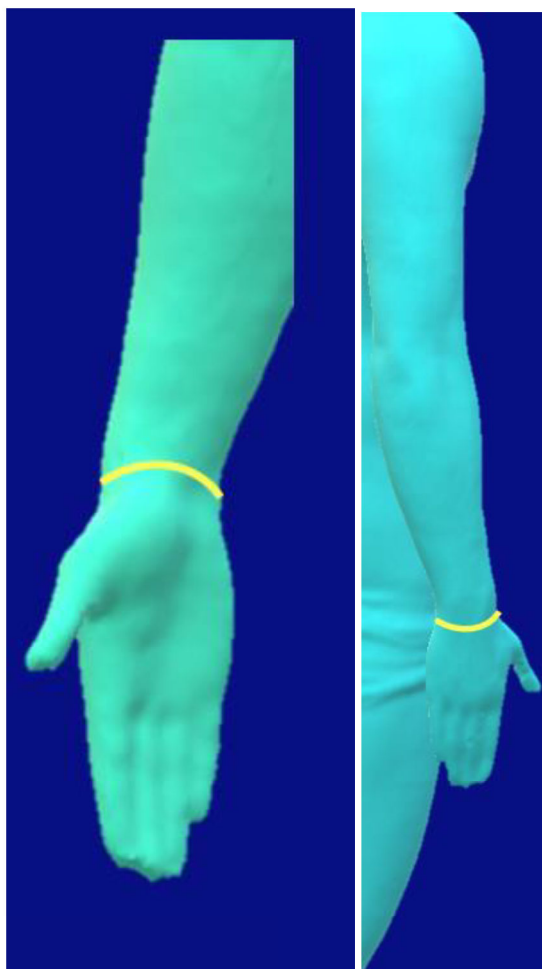
See Section 6 of Human Solutions (2015). Measurements are reported in mm.

Reference:

Human Solutions, 2015. Anthroscan user guide version 3. Human Solutions GmbH, Kaiserslautern, Germany.

Notes:

Ensure the yellow line is perpendicular to the long axis of the forearm.



Wrist girth summary statistics - Automatic measurement (mm)

Male				Female				
All	Air Force	Army	Navy		Air Force	Army	Navy	All
790	216	486	88	N	72	97	43	212
181	180	181	183	Mean	160	163	163	162
11	10	11	10	SD	8	10	11	10
148	155	148	159	Min	147	141	143	141
217	217	216	213	Max	189	193	189	193
213	206	213	207	P99	188	190	189	189
205	205	205	205	P98	183	184	188	188
204	203	204	204	P97	176	183	187	185
201	200	201	201	P95	172	181	186	181
195	193	197	195	P90	170	178	175	173
192	189	193	194	P85	167	172	170	170
190	187	190	191	P80	166	170	170	169
188	185	188	190	P75	163	168	168	167
186	184	186	189	P70	163	166	166	165
184	183	184	188	P65	163	165	165	164
183	182	183	187	P60	161	164	164	163
182	181	182	186	P55	160	163	164	163
180	180	180	184	P50	159	163	163	161
179	179	179	182	P45	158	162	161	161
178	177	178	181	P40	158	161	160	159
177	176	177	179	P35	156	160	159	158
176	175	176	178	P30	156	159	158	157
174	173	175	176	P25	154	157	156	156
172	171	173	173	P20	153	155	153	154
170	170	170	172	P15	152	153	150	153
168	167	168	170	P10	152	152	148	151
165	164	165	167	P5	150	148	147	148
162	161	162	165	P3	149	146	147	147
159	159	159	165	P2	148	146	146	146
158	158	157	163	P1	147	144	145	144

Distribution plots for each service and gender

