

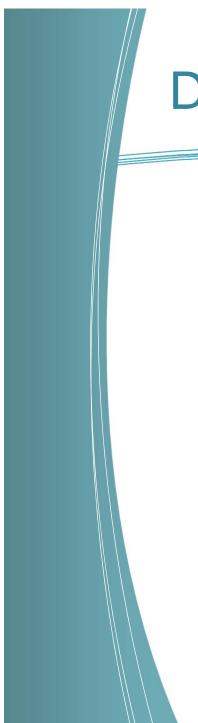
CULTURE, DISCOURSE & COMMUNICATION





World Internet Project New Zealand

Philippa Smith Executive director, WIPNZ Nethui, 9-11 July, 2014



Digital immigrant





Digital native



Wayan Vota The Modern Toddler iPad experience Creative Commons attribution-NonCommercial-ShareAlike 2.0 Generic licence https://creativecommons.org/licenses/by-nc-sa/2.0/

World Internet Project – Background

International collaborative project involving 40+ countries

- Social, political & economic impact of the internet and new technologies
- WIPNZ surveys 2007, 2009, 2011, 2013
- Shared questions allow international comparisons
 - Also questions designed specifically for NZ



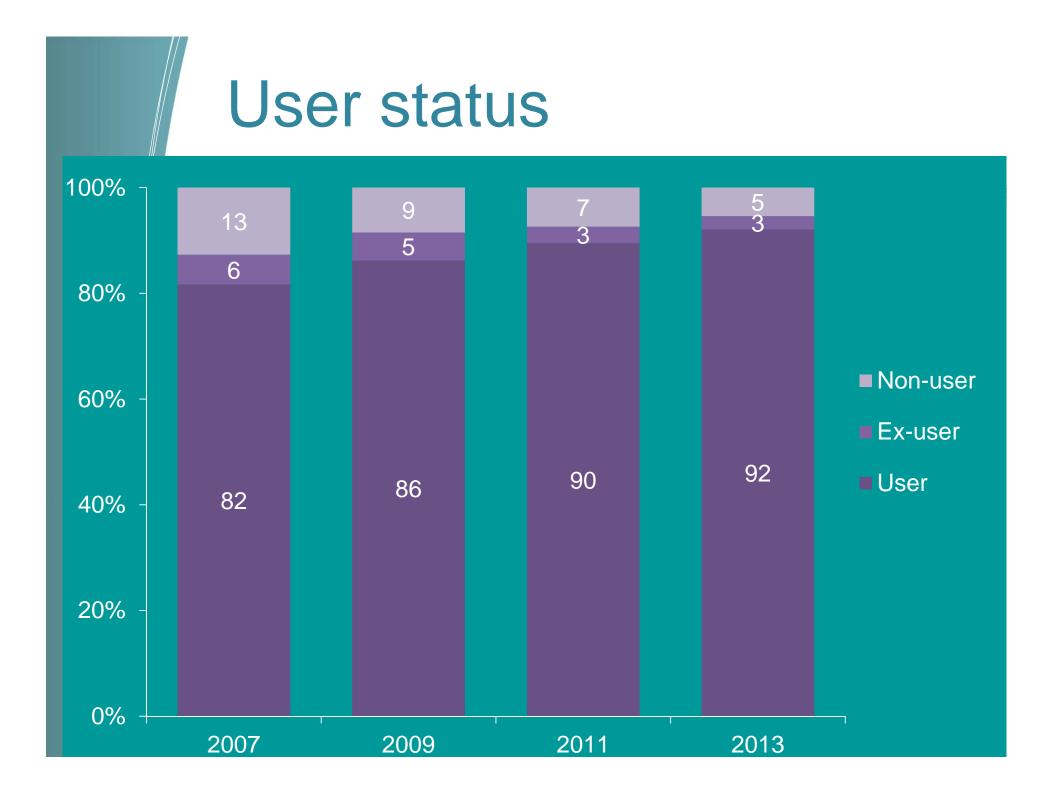
- 2007–2011 were telephone only surveys, 2013 included additional online component
- Variables: gender, age, ethnicity, geographic location, household income
- Exclusions: internet non-users without landlines; non-English speakers; those refusing
- 95% confidence intervals:
 - ~ $\pm 2.3\%$ on full sample; ~ $\pm 2.5\%$ on internet users

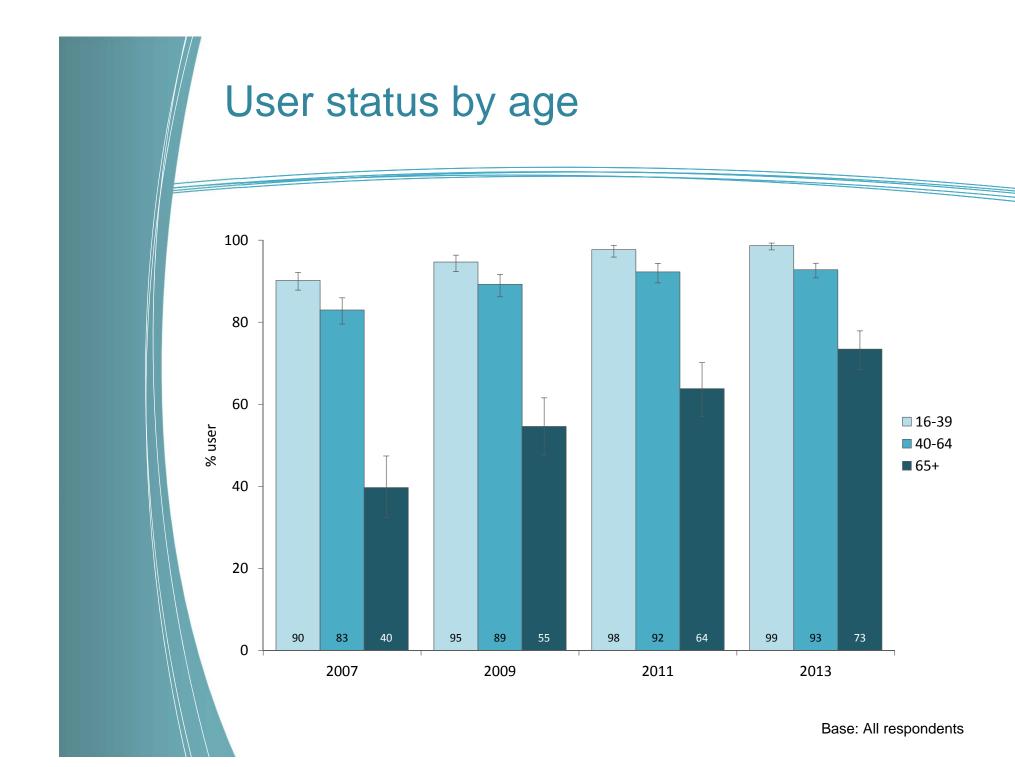




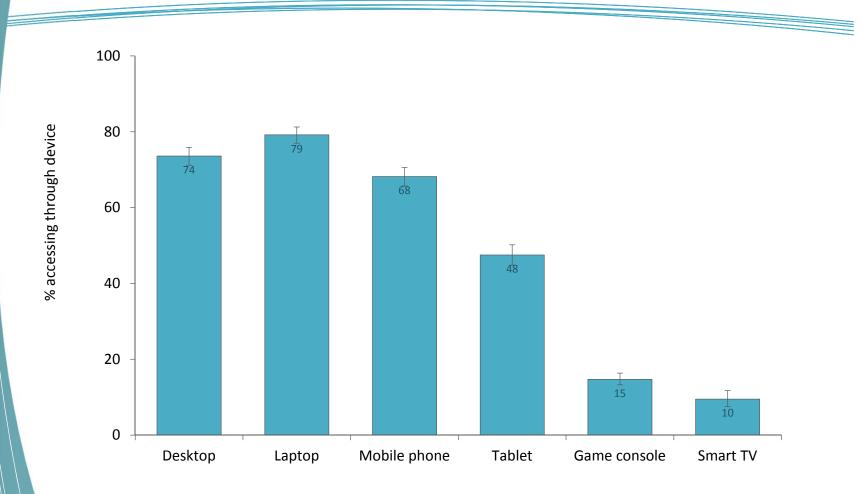
Internet Trends in New Zealand 2007–2013

WORLD INTERNET PROJECT NEW ZEALAND Charles Crothers Andy Gibson Melissa Miller Philippa Smith Allan Bell

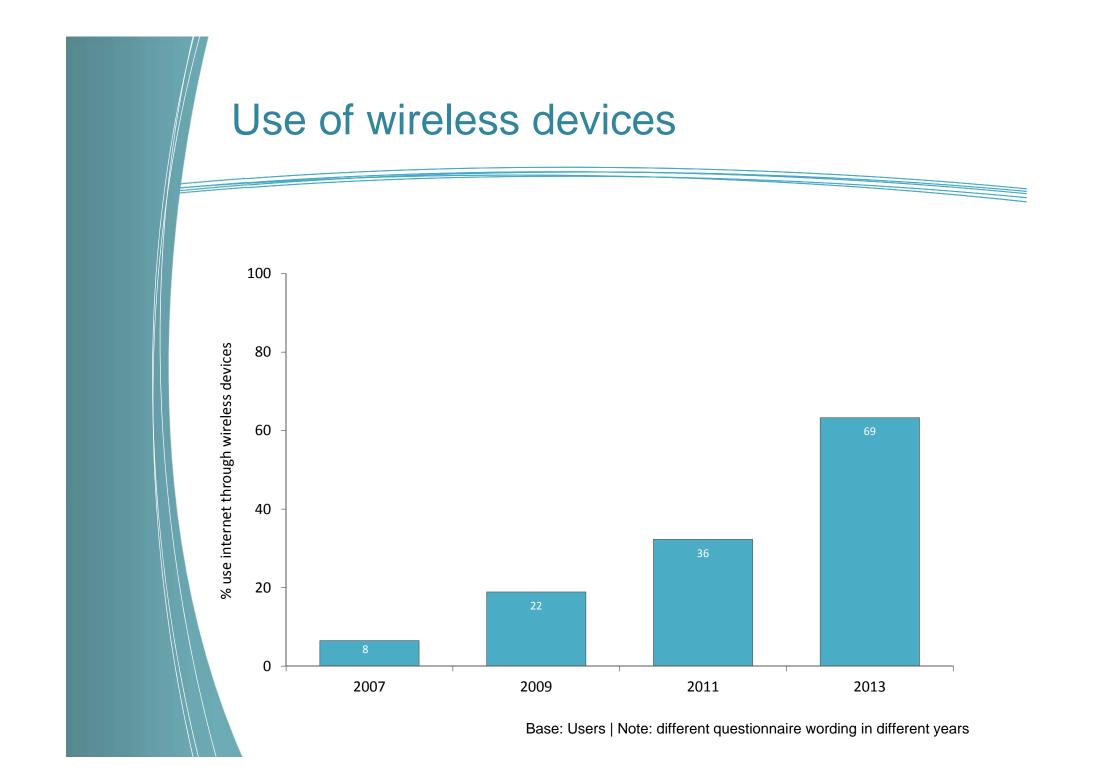




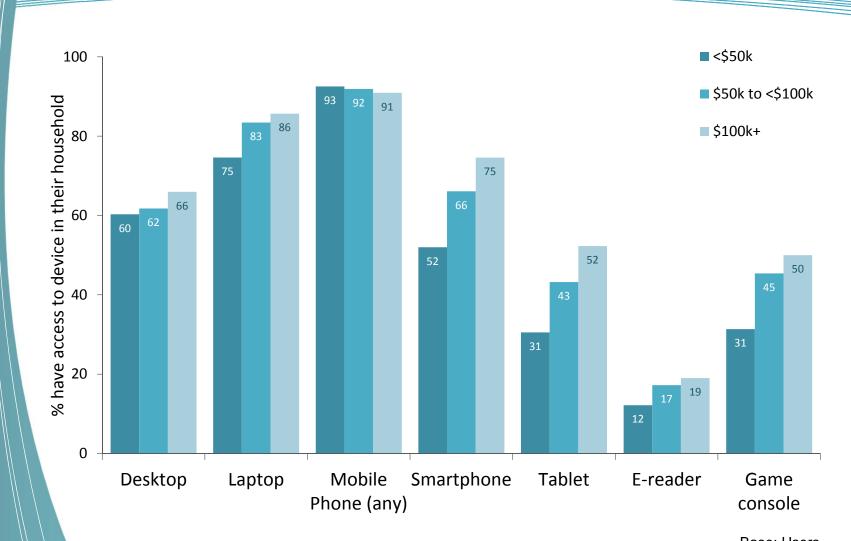
Internet access through various devices



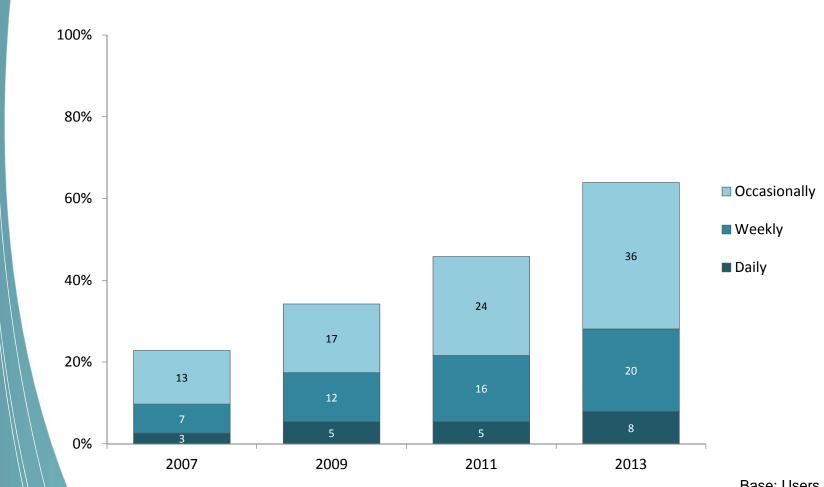
Base: Internet users (n=1847) | Graphs with no year labels refer only to 2013 data



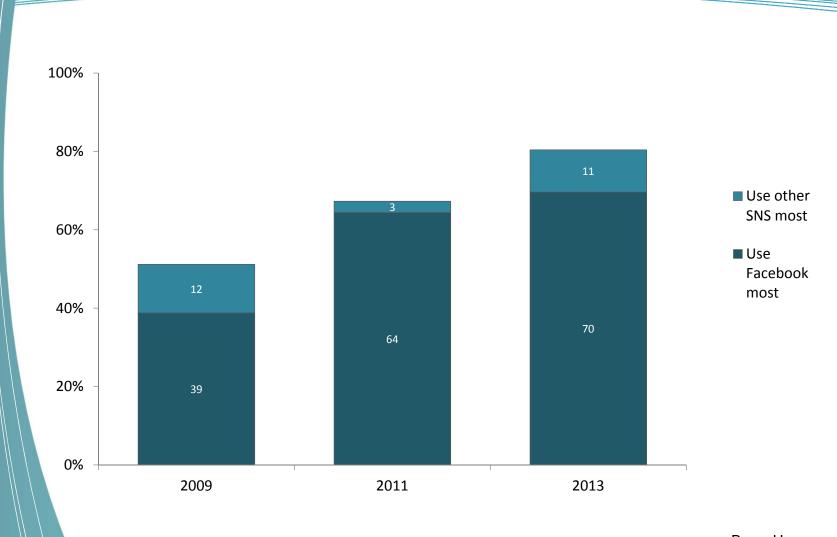
Device in household by income



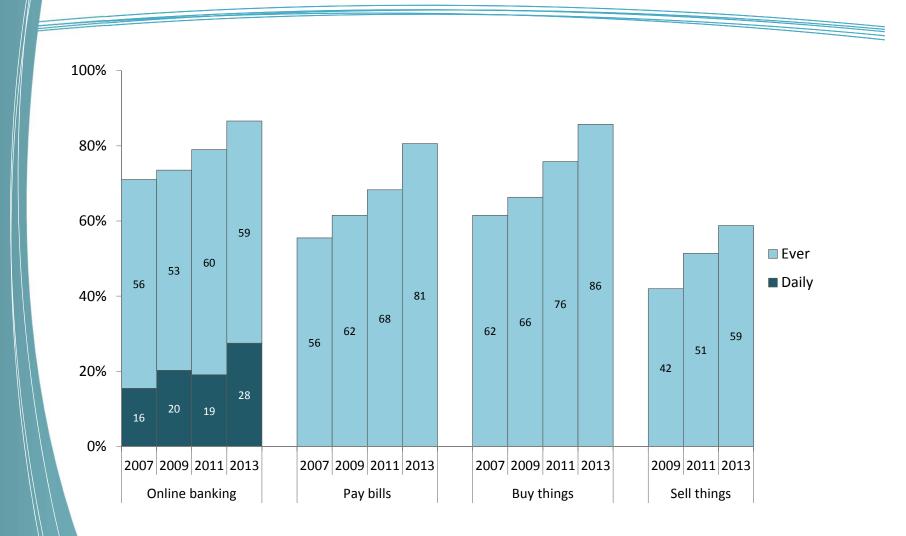
Phone calls over the internet (including video calls)



Social networking site membership



Online consumer activities

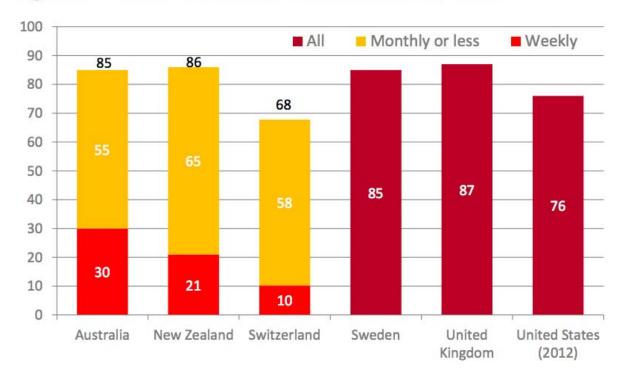


NZ a leader in online purchasing

arc centre of excellence for creative industries and innovation

Figure 1

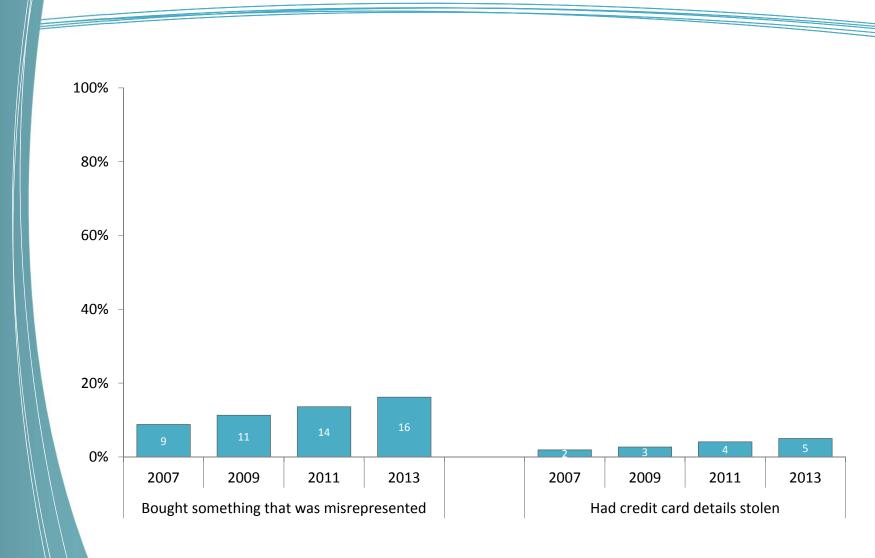
Purchase online, selected countries, 2013*



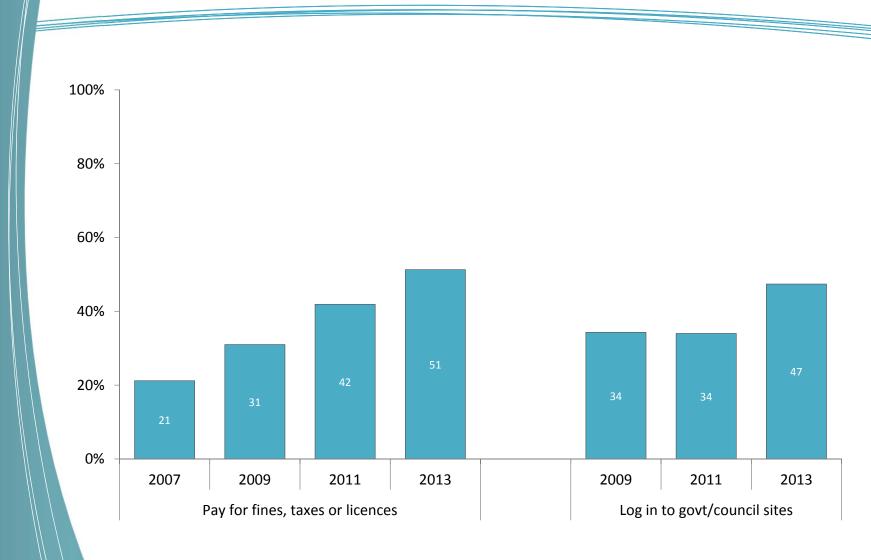
Source: CCi World Internet Project data

* US data is 2012

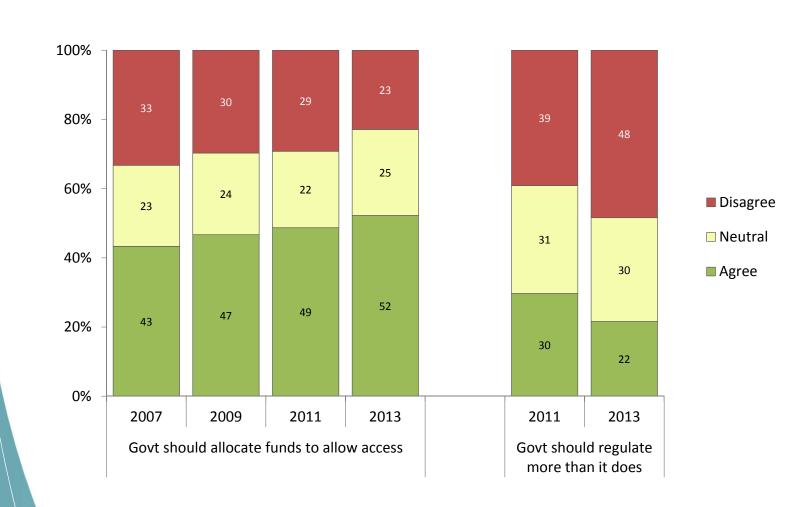
Internet security issues



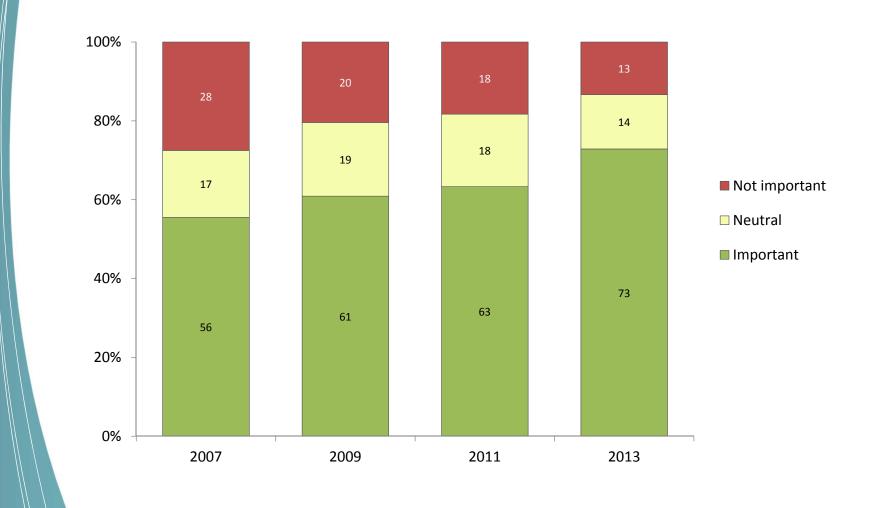
Government/Council services online



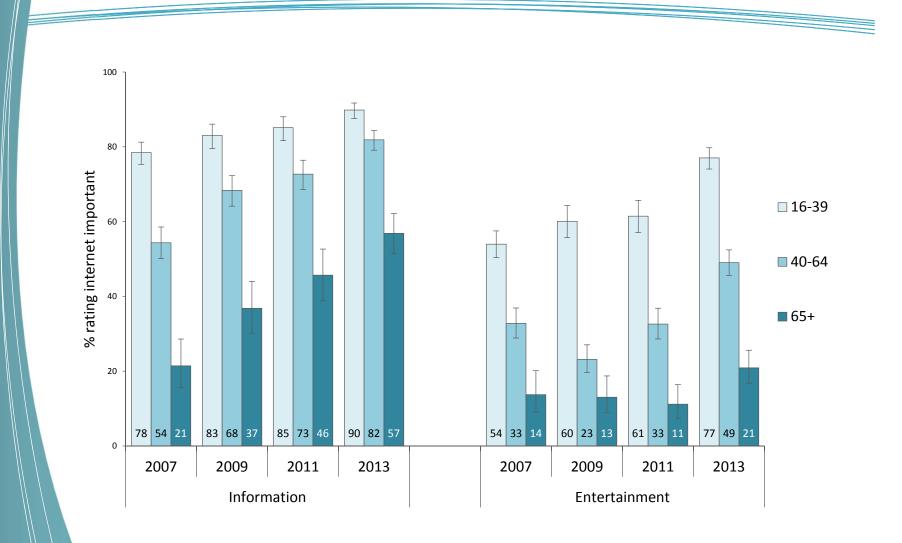
Opinions about internet governance



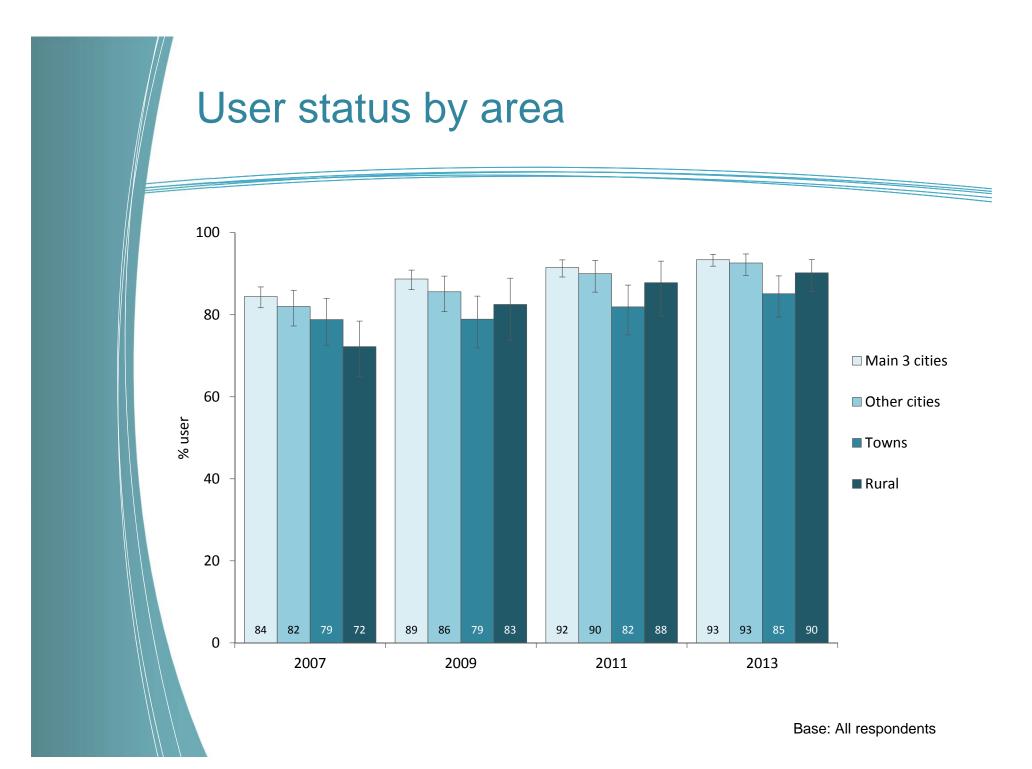
Importance of the internet to everyday life



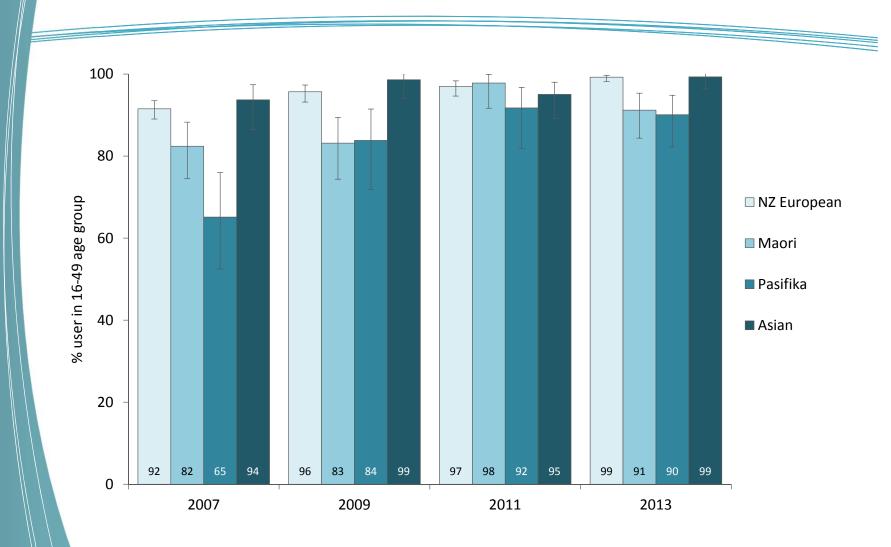
Importance of internet as a source of information and entertainment, by age



Base: All respondents



User status by ethnicity for those aged 16–49



Base: All respondents aged 16-49, and excluding other ethnicities than the four groups shown Note: Shows only under 50 due to very different age profile of NZ European compared to other ethnicities

Betty: Non-user to user

- mid 70's, high school educated, low income, living in an urban centre
- 2007 non-user, said she was 'not likely' to start using the Internet
- Radio was primary source of information and entertainment
- 2009 started browsing the net for health information, playing games online, and checking emails daily
- Felt the internet decreased her contact with local community
- 2013 the Internet was 'very important' to her daily life

Crystal: Confident user

- Asian ethnicity, In her 30s, Broadband Internet connection
- Online activities include email, Facebook, browsing, games, looking for work, chat rooms
- Began paying bills online
- Used non-English websites
- High level of confidence in reliability of information accessed online

Molly: Family rules

- intermediate school
- Satisfied with broadband connection at home
- Uses Internet in her bedroom
- 2009 playing games online, listening to music, watching shows and movies
- 2011 joined Facebook, keeps a blog
- Uses the Internet to support learning
- House rules include not to visit some sites, not to give out personal information online, not to chat with strangers, not to meet up with someone met online

Richard: Alienation

- In his 60s, from non-user to user, and back again
- In 2007, did not have a computer and had asked several people to do things online for him
- 2009 started using Internet at work, listening to the radio online, streaming music and instant messaging, felt the Internet increased time with family
- 2011 stopped browsing the web, felt the Internet decreased time spent with family
- After 3 years of Internet use, said it was too difficult and stopped using Internet

Discussion Points

- New Zealanders as online consumers,
- 'digital natives' increasingly become drivers of new online business models
- "anytime-anywhere" internet
- Internet is valued for:
 - Consumer transactions buying, paying bills
 - Online telecommunications
 - Social networking
 - Source of Information

Discussion Points: Issues

Divides:

- Availability and accessibility
- Impact of new technology
- Ethnic groups
- Geographic divides

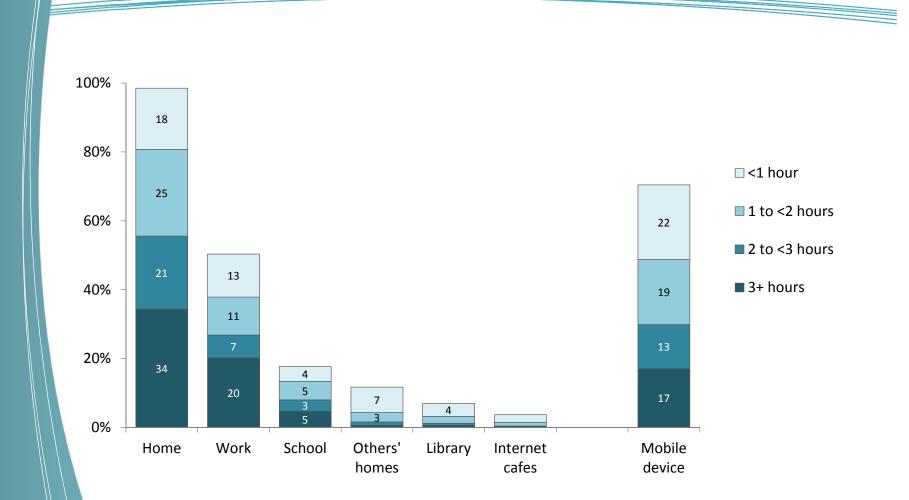




Anne: Non-user

- 60s, NZ European lives in a small town
- Non-user in all 4 surveys
- No computer at home and does not want one
- TV is source of entertainment and information
- 2009 began texting family
- 2007 & 2009 had not asked for anyone's help to do something on the Internet
- 2011 & 2013 needed someone's help with internet related tasks
- (Even staunch non-users have increasing need to access Internet)





Moana: Internet success story

- 50s, Maori, tertiary qualification, lives in main city
- 2007 avid TV watcher, checked email daily, played online games weekly, but Internet not important source of information
- 2013 reading online news every day, joined Facebook, started watching videos online every day
- Also began posting audio material and online banking
- Had made friends online
- Said the Internet had greatly increased her contact with friends and local community
- Whanau remained important source of information

Joan: Newspapers to online news

- mid 50's, married, upper income, urban, broadband in home office
- has been using the Internet since 1998
- 2007 Internet not important as source of information and entertainment
- 2007 Newspapers 'very important
- 2009 began downloading music, watching TV on demand, SNS, navigation sites
- 2013 began commenting on people's blogs, using an e-reader, playing games online
- 2013 Newspapers 'not important'

Sane: Social networks

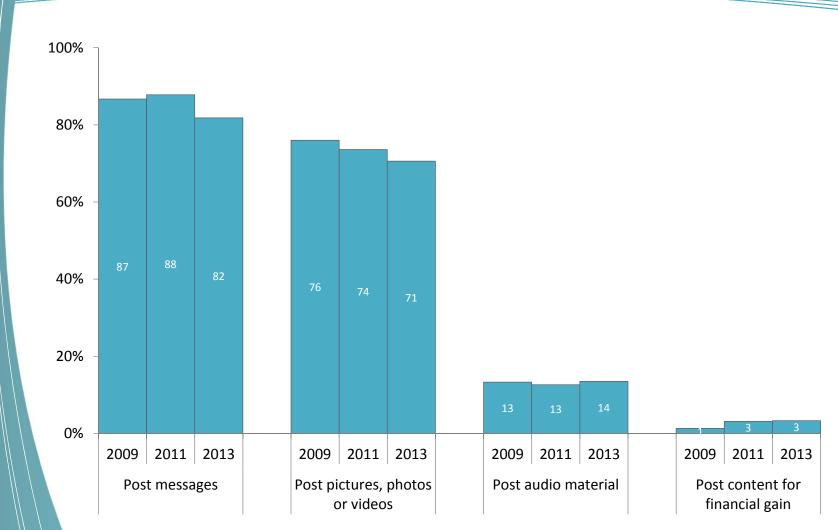
- 60s, Maori, high school qualification, low income
- 2007 confused by the Internet, unlikely to use it
- TV and radio for entertainment and information
- 2011 and 2013, watched less TV, online games,
- local news online, downloads music, reads blogs
- Family, friends and community consistently
- valued as source of information
- Now uses Twitter and Facebook,
 - made friends online and met them in person
- Emails and texts friends and family
- Wary of Internet security and has never done banking online
- Feels the Internet increases his sense of ethnic and national identity
 - and is now an important part of his life

Stanley: Buying and selling online

- mid '70s, married, living on low income
- 2007 had dial-up connection,
- never played games online
- 2009 changed to broadband,
- began playing games every day
- 2013 communicated with friend on SNS,
- occasionally posted content
- Also began buying and selling items online



Uploading/sharing content on social networking sites



Base: Users who are members of a SNS

Hours online (average day)

